


```

PPPPPPPP      AAAAAA      SSSSSSSS      GGGGGGGG      000000      TTTTTTTTTT      000000
PPPPPPPP      AAAAAA      SSSSSSSS      GGGGGGGG      000000      TTTTTTTTTT      000000
PP      PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PPPPPPPP      AA      AA      SSSSSS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PPPPPPPP      AA      AA      SSSSSS      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      AAAAAAAAAA      SS      GG      GGGGGG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      AAAAAAAAAA      SS      GG      GGGGGG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      AA      AA      SS      GG      GG      00      00      TT      00      00
PP      AA      AA      SSSSSSSS      GGGGGG      000000      TT      000000
PP      AA      AA      SSSSSSSS      GGGGGG      000000      TT      000000

```

```

LL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SSSSSS
LL      II      SSSSSS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS

```

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 JU
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 UN
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 \$A
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 --
 In
 Co
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 9

(2)	48
(3)	85
(6)	257
(8)	376

DECLARATIONS
PASSGOTO - Perform up-level GOTO
PASSGOTO HANDLER - Established by PASSHANDLER
PASSUNWIND_GOTO - Unwind to destination FP and PC

PA
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48
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```
0000 1      .TITLE  PASSGOTO - Perform up-level GOTO
0000 2      .IDENT /2-001/                ; File: PASGOTO.MAR Edit: SBL2001
0000 3
0000 4
0000 5 :*****
0000 6 :*
0000 7 :*  COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY
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0000 23 :*  SOFTWARE ON EQUIPMENT WHICH IS NOT SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL.
0000 24 :*
0000 25 :*
0000 26 :*****
0000 27 :
0000 28
0000 29 :++
0000 30 : FACILITY: VAX-11 PASCAL Language Support
0000 31
0000 32 : ABSTRACT:
0000 33
0000 34 :     This module contains PASSGOTO, which performs an up-level GOTO
0000 35 :     for Pascal routines.
0000 36
0000 37 : ENVIRONMENT: User mode, AST Reentrant
0000 38
0000 39 : AUTHOR: Steven B. Lionel, CREATION DATE: 28-Jan-1983
0000 40 :     Special thanks to Bevin Brett.
0000 41
0000 42 : MODIFIED BY:
0000 43
0000 44 : 2-001 - Complete rewrite of orginal BLISS version which did not work
0000 45 : when called from condition handlers. SBL 28-Jan-1983
0000 46 :--
```



```
0000 48      .SBTTL  DECLARATIONS
0000 49      :
0000 50      : LIBRARY MACRO CALLS:
0000 51      :
0000 52      :
0000 53      $CHFDEF      ; Condition Handling symbols
0000 54      $$$DEF      ; $$$_ symbols
0000 55      :
0000 56      :
0000 57      : EXTERNAL DECLARATIONS:
0000 58      :
0000 59      :
0000 60      .DSABL  GBL      ; Force all external symbols to be declared
0000 61      .EXTRN  LIB$STOP ; Signal non-continuable exception
0000 62      .EXTRN  PASS_GOTO ; Up-level GOTO
0000 63      .EXTRN  PASS_GOTOFAILED ; Up-level GOTO failed
0000 64      .EXTRN  SY$$ONWIND ; $UNWIND system service
0000 65      :
0000 66      :
0000 67      : MACROS:
0000 68      :
0000 69      : NONE
0000 70      :
0000 71      : EQUATED SYMBOLS:
0000 72      :
0000 73      : NONE
0000 74      :
0000 75      : OWN STORAGE:
0000 76      :
0000 77      : NONE
0000 78      :
0000 79      : PSECT DECLARATIONS:
0000 80      :
00000000 81      .PSECT _PASS$CODE PIC, USR, CON, REL, LCL, SHR, -
0000 82      EXE, RD, NOWRT, LONG
0000 83
```

```
0000 85      .SBTTL PAS$GOTO - Perform up-level GOTO
0000 86      :++
0000 87      : FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
0000 88      :
0000 89      : This procedure is called by PASCAL compiled code to perform
0000 90      : an up-level GOTO. Functionally, it performs a $UNWIND to
0000 91      : the specified frame and PC. The actual implementation is
0000 92      : described in detail below.
0000 93      :
0000 94      : CALLING SEQUENCE:
0000 95      :
0000 96      : CALL PAS$GOTO (dest_FP.ra.v, dest_PC.jzi.r)
0000 97      :
0000 98      : FORMAL PARAMETERS:
0000 99      :
00000004 0000 100      dest_FP = 4      ; The FP of the destination frame
0000 101      ; If the signal is PAS$ GOTO, it has two
0000 102      ; 'FAO arguments', the destination FP and PC.
00000008 0000 103      ;
0000 104      dest_PC = 8      ; The PC of the destination instruction
0000 105      ;
0000 106      :
0000 107      : IMPLICIT INPUTS:
0000 108      :
0000 109      : NONE
0000 110      :
0000 111      : IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
0000 112      :
0000 113      : NONE
0000 114      :
0000 115      : COMPLETION STATUS:
0000 116      :
0000 117      : NONE
0000 118      :
0000 119      : SIDE EFFECTS:
0000 120      :
0000 121      : Functionally performs a $UNWIND to the specified FP and PC.
0000 122      :
0000 123      :--
```


0000 125 :+
0000 126 :
0000 127 :
0000 128 :
0000 129 :
0000 130 :
0000 131 :
0000 132 :
0000 133 :
0000 134 :
0000 135 :
0000 136 :
0000 137 :
0000 138 :
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0000 179 :
0000 180 :
0000 181 :

Implementation notes:

An "up-level" GOTO is a GOTO where the destination is not in the same stack frame (procedure incarnation) as the origination. Ideally, what one wants to do is unwind the stack frames back to the desired frame, and then begin executing at the destination labelled instruction. The unwind is necessary to restore saved registers; one can't simply JMP to the instruction since the stack frame and register contents would be inconsistent.

There is, of course, the system service \$UNWIND that seems to do exactly what we want. You specify to \$UNWIND the number of frames to remove and the desired PC, and off it goes. The first problem with this is that you can only unwind while in a condition handler (or in a procedure called from a condition handler). This is not much of a problem, one can simply signal a special exception and intercept it in a handler, which then does the \$UNWIND. The second problem is that, while \$UNWIND wants a number of frames to remove, we don't know how many frames distant we are from the destination; we do know the FP value of the destination frame. So, the initial implementation searched through the stack frame chain, counting until it found the desired FP. It then signalled PASS_GOTO with arguments of the count and PC, and its own handler did the unwind. This worked well in normal cases, but failed spectacularly if it was called from a condition handler.

The problem was simply that when \$UNWIND counts stack frames, and it comes across a condition handler, it "skips" to the establisher's frame without counting intervening frames. This is correct according to the handler search algorithm. Because PASSGOTO wasn't taking this into account, the number of frames to unwind that it specified was wrong.

It is difficult, though possible, to have PASSGOTO count frames in the same manner as \$UNWIND. If this is done, one finds another problem; this time due to a design flaw in \$UNWIND. Basically, if one specifies a non-zero number of frames to unwind, with the intention of unwinding to an establisher's frame, \$UNWIND removes one stack frame too many. If you decrease the count by one, you unwind only to the handler. Thus, it is impossible to unwind exactly to an establisher frame if that signal is not the current one. Since being able to GOTO elsewhere in the establisher's frame is a desirable feature, this is unacceptable.

An intermediate implementation was tried which simply establishes a handler in the destination frame, signals PASS_GOTO, and lets that handler unwind to its establisher. This doesn't work when there is already a signal in progress since the special GOTO handler is skipped.

The successful solution is somewhat complicated, and is actually two solutions in one. There are two interesting cases of an up-level GOTO:

1. There is no signal currently in progress
2. There are one or more signals currently in progress


```
0000 182 : The first case can be solved with either the original method or
0000 183 : with the "intermediate implementation" where a special handler
0000 184 : is temporarily established in the destination frame. The latter
0000 185 : is what is used; PASSHANDLER, if already established, serves as
0000 186 : that special handler, or PASS$UNWIND_GOTO is established if there
0000 187 : is no handler. We assume that no handler other than PASSHANDLER
0000 188 : is established in the destination frame. This is reasonable, because
0000 189 : the only way it could get there is by the user calling LIB$ESTABLISH,
0000 190 : and if this was done, the user got a compile-time warning from
0000 191 : VAX-11 PASCAL saying that LIB$ESTABLISH was incompatible with
0000 192 : VAX-11 PASCAL.
0000 193 :
0000 194 : Once a handler is established in the destination frame, PASS_GOTO
0000 195 : is signalled, with two FAO parameters of the destination FP and
0000 196 : PC. Note that the stack-frame search of the original implementation
0000 197 : is no longer present. If no other exception is in progress, this
0000 198 : signal will be caught by the handler in the destination frame, which
0000 199 : will then unwind zero frames to the establisher at the destination PC.
0000 200 :
0000 201 : The more interesting case is when there is an exception in progress.
0000 202 : PASSHANDLER, which was established when the user used the ESTABLISH
0000 203 : builtin, and which has already been called for the current signal,
0000 204 : has itself established a handler PASS$GOTO_HANDLER. This handler
0000 205 : causes an unwind back to the frame of its establisher (PASSHANDLER),
0000 206 : but at PC UNWIND TO ESTABLISHER. This effectively removes the last
0000 207 : exception (PASS_GOTO). Before unwinding, the destination FP and PC
0000 208 : are loaded into the saved R0 and R1 so that they can be communicated
0000 209 : to UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER.
0000 210 :
0000 211 : UNWIND TO ESTABLISHER then unwinds zero frames to the establisher, but
0000 212 : at PC JUMP TO DEST. Again, R0 and R1 have the saved FP and PC.
0000 213 : JUMP_TO_DEST looks to see if the destination FP is the same as its
0000 214 : current FP, which it might not be. If it is, then it simply jumps
0000 215 : to the destination PC. Otherwise, it calls PASSGOTO again with
0000 216 : the original arguments. Eventually, all signals between the source
0000 217 : and the destination of the GOTO will be unwound.
0000 218 :
0000 219 : The following problems with $UNWIND are known:
0000 220 : 1. You can't unwind more than one exception reliably.
0000 221 : 2. Unwinding zero frames leaves the signal and mechanism arglists,
0000 222 : along with some other stuff, on the stack. This doesn't
0000 223 : bother us as PASCAL always readjusts the stack at GOTO
0000 224 : destinations.
0000 225 : 3. Unwinding zero frames doesn't restore the saved R0 and R1
0000 226 : from the mchargs list. This is solved by manually loading
0000 227 : the registers before doing the RET from the handler.
0000 228 :
0000 229 :-
```


PASSGOTO
2-001

- Perform up-level GOTO
PASSGOTO - Perform up-level GOTO

E 14

16-SEP-1984 01:25:16 VAX/VMS Macro V04-00
6-SEP-1984 11:31:10 [PASRTL.SRC]PASGOTO.MAR;1

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```
0000 0000 231 .ENTRY PASSGOTO, ^M<>
0002 232
0002 233 :+
0002 234 : Look in the destination frame to see if there is a handler. If so,
0002 235 : we assume that it is PASSHANDLER and do nothing. If not, we establish
0002 236 : PASS$UNWIND_GOTO there. PASSHANDLER itself establishes PASS$GOTO_HANDLER.
0002 237 : One of these two handlers will catch the signal of PASS_GOTO we will make.
0002 238 :-
0002 239
0002 240 MOVQ dest_FP(AP), -(SP) ; Push destination FP and PC
0006 241 TSTL @ (SP) ; Does destination frame have a handler?
0009 242 BNEQ 10$ ; Skip if it does
000B 243 MOVAB W^PASS$UNWIND_GOTO, @ (SP) ; Establish PASS$UNWIND_GOTO
0011 244
0011 245 :+
0011 246 : Now signal PASS_GOTO with FAO arguments of the destination FP and PC. This
0011 247 : will be intercepted by PASS$GOTO_HANDLER or PASS$UNWIND_GOTO
0011 248 : to actually do the unwinds.
0011 249 :-
0011 250
0011 251 10$: PUSHL #2 ; Two arguments already pushed
0013 252 PUSHL #PASS_GOTO ; 'Up-level GOTO'
0019 253 CALLS #4, G^LIB$STOP ; Signal it
0020 254 ; Can never return from LIB$STOP
0020 255
```

```
7E 04 AC 7D 0002 240
00 BE 00 BE D5 0006 241
00 BE 00BE'CF 9E 0009 242
000B 243
0011 244
0011 245
0011 246
0011 247
0011 248
0011 249
0011 250
00000000'02 DD 0011 251 10$:
00000000'8F DD 0013 252
00000000'GF 04 FB 0019 253
```

PA
1-

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

```

0020 257      .SBTTL  PASS$GOTO_HANDLER - Established by PASS$HANDLER
0020 258      :++
0020 259      : FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
0020 260      :
0020 261      : This is a condition handler established by PASS$HANDLER which
0020 262      : intercepts PASS$GOTO exceptions and unwinds back to its
0020 263      : establisher's frame (PASS$HANDLER) but at PC UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER.
0020 264      :
0020 265      : CALLING SEQUENCE:
0020 266      :
0020 267      :     ret-status = PASS$GOTO_HANDLER (sigargs.rlu.r, mchargs.rlu.r)
0020 268      :
0020 269      : FORMAL PARAMETERS:
0020 270      :
00000004 0020 271      :
0020 272      :     sigargs = 4           ; The signal arguments list
0020 273      :                               ; If the signal is PASS$GOTO, it has two
0020 274      :                               ; "FAO arguments", the destination FP and PC.
00000008 0020 275      :
0020 276      :     mchargs = 8          ; The mechanism arguments list
0020 277      :
0020 278      :
0020 279      : IMPLICIT INPUTS:
0020 280      :
0020 281      :     NONE
0020 282      :
0020 283      : IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
0020 284      :
0020 285      :     NONE
0020 286      :
0020 287      : COMPLETION STATUS:
0020 288      :
0020 289      :     NONE
0020 290      :
0020 291      : SIDE EFFECTS:
0020 292      :
0020 293      :     Unwinds back to its establisher (PASS$HANDLER), but at PC
0020 294      :     UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER.
0020 295      :
0020 296      :--
0020 297      :
00000000 0000 0020 298      .ENTRY  PASS$GOTO_HANDLER, ^M<>
00000000 51 04 AC D0 0022 299      MOVL   sigargs(AP), R1           ; Get signal arguments list
00000000 8F 04 A1 D1 0026 300      Cmpl   CHF$L_SIG_NAME(R1), #PASS_GOTO ; Is this PASS_GOTO?
00000000 06 13 002E 301      BEQL   10$ ; If so, keep going
00000000 50 0918 8F 3C 0030 302      MOVZWL #SS$_RESIGNAL, R0 ; Resignal this exception
00000000 04 0035 303      RET ; Return to CHF
0036 304
0036 305      :+
0036 306      : Unwind the stack frames back to our establisher, PASS$HANDLER. Use the
0036 307      : saved R0 and R1 to communicate the destination FP and PC.
0036 308      :--
0036 309      :
00000000 50 08 AC D0 0036 310 10$: MOVL   mchargs(AP), R0           ; Get mechanism arguments list
00000000 OC A0 OC A1 7D 003A 311      MOVQ   12(R1), CHF$L_MCH_SAVRO(R0) ; Store destination FP and PC
00000000 003F 312      : in saved R0 and R1
00000000 61 AF 9F 003F 313      PUSHAB B^UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER ; Unwind to UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER

```


PASSGOTO
2-001

```
00000000'GF 08 A0 9F 0042 314 PUSHAB CHF$M MCH DEPTH(R0) ; In establisher's frame
00000000'GF 02 FB 0045 315 CALLS #2, G*SYSSUNWIND ; Do the unwind
00000000'GF 01 50 E9 004C 316 BLBC R0, UNWIND_FAILED ; Skip if unwind unsuccessful
04 004F 317 RET ; Return to UNWIND service
0050 318
0050 319 :+
0050 320 : The $UNWIND was unsuccessful. Signal PASS_GOTOFAILED.
0050 321 :-
0050 322
0050 323 UNWIND_FAILED:
50 DD 0050 324 PUSHL R0 ; Unwind failure status
7E D4 0052 325 CLRL -(SP) ; Zero FAO arguments
00000000'8F DD 0054 326 PUSHL #PASS_GOTOFAILED
00000000'GF 03 FB 005A 327 CALLS #3, G*LIB$STOP ; Signal PASS_GOTOFAILED
```

```

0061 329 :+
0061 330 : UNWIND TO ESTABLISHER - This section of code is unwound to by
0061 331 : PASS$GOTO_HANDLER. When we get here, the current frame is that of
0061 332 : PASS$HANDLER, R0 contains the destination frame and R1 the destination PC.
0061 333 : In other words, it is as if we had unwound back to PASS$HANDLER, but at
0061 334 : a different PC. It is assumed that AP has not been modified.
0061 335 :
0061 336 : An unwind is done of 'depth' frames back to the establisher of PASS$HANDLER.
0061 337 : Although the frame will be that of the establisher, the PC will be
0061 338 : our own JUMP_TO_DEST, below.
0061 339 :-
0061 340 :
0061 341 UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER:
50 7E 50 7D 0061 342 MOVQ R0, -(SP) ; Push dest FP and PC
OC A0 08 AC D0 0064 343 MOVL mchargs(AP), R0 ; Get mechanism args list
7D AF 9F 006C 344 MOVQ (SP), CHF$MCH_SAVRO(R0) ; Save dest FP and PC in R0-R1
0061 345 PUSHAB B^JUMP_TO_DEST ; Unwind to JUMP_TO_DEST
0061 346 PUSHAB CHF$MCH_DEPTH(R0) ; Unwind to establisher
00000000 GF 02 FB 0072 347 CALLS #2, G^SYS$UNWIND ; Do the unwind
50 6E 7D 0079 348 MOVQ (SP), R0 ; Because we might be unwinding
007C 349 ; zero frames, and $UNWIND
007C 350 ; currently doesn't restore
007C 351 ; R0 and R1 from the mechanism
007C 352 ; arguments list, restore them
007C 353 ; here.
04 007C 354 RET ; Return to JUMP_TO_DEST
007D 355 :
007D 356 :+
007D 357 : JUMP_TO_DEST - We get here by means of the $UNWIND in UNWIND TO ESTABLISHER.
007D 358 : The current frame is that of the establisher of the handler that found this
007D 359 : exception, but that is not necessarily our destination. R0 contains the
007D 360 : destination FP and R1 the destination PC. If this is the correct frame,
007D 361 : just JMP to the destination PC. Note that there may be garbage on the
007D 362 : stack left by the CHF - we depend on the PASCAL compiled code to readjust
007D 363 : SP at the destination of GOTOS.
007D 364 :
007D 365 : If this is not the correct FP, simply re-call PASS$GOTO. Eventually we'll
007D 366 : get to the right frame.
007D 367 :-
007D 368 :
007D 369 JUMP_TO_DEST:
5D 50 D1 007D 370 CMLP R0, FP ; Is this the destination frame?
007D 371 BNEQ 10$ ; Skip if not
007D 372 JMP (R1) ; It is - jump to the destination PC
00000000 GF 02 FB 0087 373 10$: MOVQ R0, -(SP) ; Iteratively call PASS$GOTO
007D 374 CALLS #2, G^PASS$GOTO
  
```



```

008E 376 .SBTTL PASS$UNWIND_GOTO - Unwind to destination FP and PC
008E 377 :++
008E 378 : FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
008E 379 :
008E 380 : This is a condition handler established by PASS$GOTO in the
008E 381 : destination frame of an up-level GOTO. It intercepts PASS_GOTO
008E 382 : exceptions and initiates an unwind back to the destination
008E 383 : frame and PC. This routine is also called by PASS$HANDLER if
008E 384 : it detects PASS_GOTO.
008E 385 :
008E 386 : CALLING SEQUENCE:
008E 387 :
008E 388 : ret-status = PASS$UNWIND_GOTO (sigargs.rlu.r, mchargs.rlu.r)
008E 389 :
008E 390 : FORMAL PARAMETERS:
008E 391 :
00000004 008E 392 :
008E 393 : sigargs = 4 ; The signal arguments list
008E 394 : ; If the signal is PASS$GOTO, it has two
008E 395 : ; "FAO arguments", the destination FP and PC.
008E 396 :
00000008 008E 397 : mchargs = 8 ; The mechanism arguments list
008E 398 :
008E 399 :
008E 400 : IMPLICIT INPUTS:
008E 401 :
008E 402 : NONE
008E 403 :
008E 404 : IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
008E 405 :
008E 406 : NONE
008E 407 :
008E 408 : COMPLETION STATUS:
008E 409 :
008E 410 : NONE
008E 411 :
008E 412 : SIDE EFFECTS:
008E 413 :
008E 414 : Unwinds back to the destination frame and PC.
008E 415 :
008E 416 :--
008E 417 :
0004 008E 418 :.ENTRY PASS$UNWIND_GOTO, ^M<R2>
50 04 AC 7D 0090 419 MOVQ sigargs(AP), R0 ; Get signal and mechanism lists
00000000'8F 04 A0 D1 0094 420 CMPL CHF$L_SIG_NAME(R0), #PASS_GOTO ; Is this PASS_GOTO?
04 A1 0C A0 07 12 009C 421 BNEQ 10$ ; If not, resignal
008E 422 CMPL 12(R0), CHF$L_MCH_FRAME(R1) ; Is establisher FP the dest FP?
008E 423 BEQL 20$ ; Skip if so
50 0918 8F 3C 00A5 424 10$: MOVZWL #SS$_RESIGNAL, R0 ; Resignal this exception
008E 425 RET ; Return to CHF
008E 426 :
008E 427 :+
008E 428 : If the handler established in our "establisher's" frame is PASS$UNWIND_GOTO,
008E 429 : (which it wouldn't be if we were called from PASS$HANDLER), remove our
008E 430 : address as that frame's handler.
008E 431 :-
008E 432 :

```

```
- Perform up-level GOTO
PASS$UNWIND_GOTO - Unwind to destination

52 E0 AF 9E 00AB 433 20$: MOVAB B^PASS$UNWIND_GOTO, R2 ; Get address of our entry mask
04 B1 52 D1 00AF 434      CMPL  R2, @CHF$L_MCR_FRAME(R1) ; Is it the same as establishers
                                00B3 435 ; handler?
                                00B3 436      BNEQ  30$ ; Skip if not
04 B1 03 12 00B3 437      CLRL  @CHF$L_MCH_FRAME(R1) ; Cancel the handler
                                00B5 437
                                00B8 438
                                00B8 439 ;+
                                00B8 440 ; Unwind the stack frames back to our establisher, the destination frame,
                                00B8 441 ; and to the destination PC.
                                00B8 442 ; -
                                00B8 443
                                00B8 444 30$: PUSHL 16(R0) ; Push destination PC
10 A0 DD 00B8 445      PUSHAB CHF$L_MCH_DEPTH(R1) ; Unwind to establisher
08 A1 9F 00BB 445      CALLS #2, G*SY$UNWIND ; Do the unwind
00000000'GF 03 50 FB 00BE 446      BLBS  R0, 40$ ; Return if successful
FF85 04 31 00C5 447      BRW  UNWIND_FAILED ; Signal failure of UNWIND
                                04 00CB 448 40$: RET ; Return to UNWIND service
                                00CC 450
                                00CC 451 .END
```


PASSGOTO
Symbol table

- Perform up-level GOTO

K 14

16-SEP-1984 01:25:16 VAX/VMS Macro V04-00
6-SEP-1984 11:31:10 [PASRTL.SRC]PASGOTO.MAR;1

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```

CHFSL_MCH_DEPTH      = 00000008
CHFSL_MCH_FRAME      = 00000004
CHFSL_MCH_SAVRO      = 0000000C
CHFSL_SIG_NAME       = 00000004
DEST_FP              = 00000004
JUMP_TO_DEST         0000007D R      02
LIB$STOP             ***** X      00
PASS$GOTO_HANDLER    00000020 RG     02
PASS$UNWIND_GOTO     0000008E RG     02
PASSGOTO             00000000 RG     02
PASS_GOTO            ***** X      00
PASS_GOTOFAILED      ***** X      00
SIGARGS              = 00000004
SS$ RESIGNAL         = 00000918
SYS$UNWIND           ***** X      00
UNWIND_FAILED        00000050 R      02
UNWIND_TO_ESTABLISHER 00000061 R      02
  
```

+-----+
! Psect synopsis !
+-----+

PSECT name	Allocation	PSECT No.	Attributes
. ABS .	00000000 (0.)	00 (0.)	NOPIC USR CON ABS LCL NOSHR NOEXE NORD NOWRT NOVEC BYTE
\$ABSS	00000000 (0.)	01 (1.)	NOPIC USR CON ABS LCL NOSHR EXE RD WRT NOVEC BYTE
_PASSCODE	000000CC (204.)	02 (2.)	PIC USR CON REL LCL SHR EXE RD NOWRT NOVEC LONG

+-----+
! Performance indicators !
+-----+

Phase	Page faults	CPU Time	Elapsed Time
Initialization	10	00:00:00.08	00:00:00.25
Command processing	74	00:00:00.67	00:00:02.60
Pass 1	182	00:00:04.37	00:00:14.87
Symbol table sort	0	00:00:00.63	00:00:01.89
Pass 2	94	00:00:01.19	00:00:07.07
Symbol table output	2	00:00:00.05	00:00:00.47
Psect synopsis output	3	00:00:00.02	00:00:00.02
Cross-reference output	0	00:00:00.00	00:00:00.00
Assembler run totals	367	00:00:07.01	00:00:27.17

The working set limit was 900 pages.
24301 bytes (48 pages) of virtual memory were used to buffer the intermediate code.
There were 30 pages of symbol table space allocated to hold 434 non-local and 7 local symbols.
451 source lines were read in Pass 1, producing 19 object records in Pass 2.
9 pages of virtual memory were used to define 8 macros.

! Macro library statistics !

Macro library name

Macros defined

_\$255\$DUA28:[SYSLIB]STARLET.MLB;2

5

486 GETS were required to define 5 macros.

There were no errors, warnings or information messages.

MACRO/ENABLE=SUPPRESSION/DISABLE=(GLOBAL,TRACEBACK)/LIS=LIS\$:PASGOTO/OBJ=OBJ\$:PASGOTO MSRC\$:PASGOTO/UPDATE=(ENH\$:PASGOTO)

