

IBM 709

IBM 709 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

This is a general purpose computer doing both scientific computing and commercial work. The system is scientifically oriented with fast internal speeds.

USA Ballistic Missile Agency Redstone Arsenal
Located at Computation Laboratory, Redstone Arsenal, Alabama, the system is used for scientific and commercial applications.

U. S. Army Electronic Proving Ground
Located in Greely Hall, Fort Huachuca, Arizona, system is used in support of the tactical field army and the technical program of the departments of the U. S. Army Electronic Proving Ground.

U.S.N. Pacific Missile Range Pt. Mugu
Operated by Land Air, Inc.
Located at the Pacific Missile Range, Point Mugu, the system is used for the processing of missile test data (radar, optical, and telemetry), for real time applications, and for the solution of general mathematical problems.

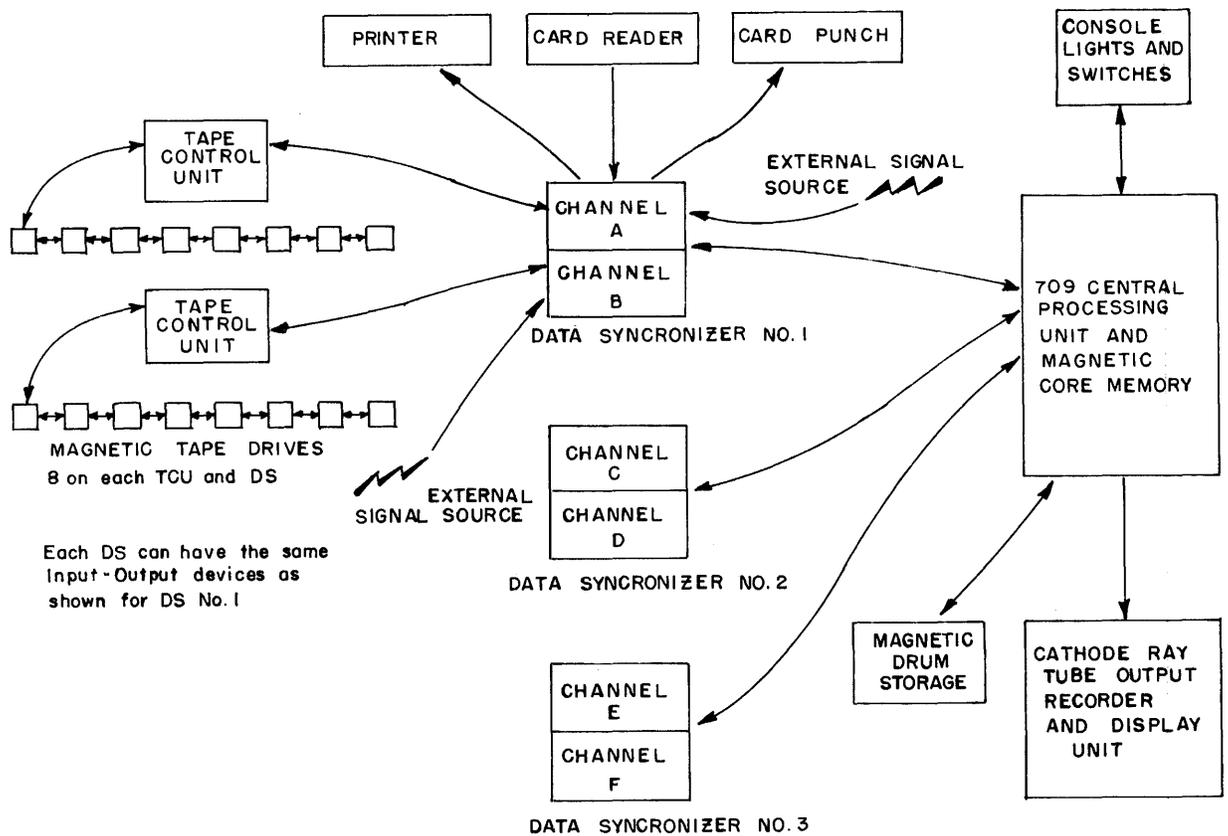
Land Air, Inc. operates two 709's for the Navy, one

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

at Point Mugu, California and one at Point Arguello, California. Land Air is the lessee, and our major commitment is for missile test flight data reduction. In addition, we provide computing facilities for the entire installation at Mugu (general scientific and engineering research and data processing).

U.S.N. Pacific Missile Range Pt. Mugu
Operated by Land Air, Inc.
Located at the Naval Missile Faculty, Point Arguello, California, the system is used on the main problem of range safety impact prediction in real time using FPS-16 Radar and Cubic COTAR data. System is also used for post flight trajectory reduction of FPS-16 radar data and for trajectory integration and analysis, etc.

USN OTS China Lake, California
Located at the Data Computation Branch, Assessment Division, Test Department, the computer is used for data reduction and scientific computation as related to Naval Ordnance, Test, Development & Research (15% of computer time devoted to management data processing).



SCHEMATIC SHOWING DATA FLOW FOR INPUT-OUTPUT FOR IBM 709 DATA PROCESSING SYSTEM

Chart by International Business Machines Corporation

National Aviation Facilities Experimental Station (FAA)

Located at Atlantic City, New Jersey, the system is used for fast time simulation of air traffic control systems, data reduction on data collected in various areas of air traffic control, data analysis, real time simulation, statistical analysis, and probability problems.

C E I R, Inc.

Located at 1200 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington 2, Virginia, the system is used for linear programming, multiple regression, business data processing, and flight simulation, plus applications of our clients who rent time from us.

Douglas Aircraft Company (2)

Located at A-250, and A-260, Santa Monica, both systems are used for strength analysis, trajectories, aerodynamic stability, aerodynamic performance, dynamic response, weight control, and propulsion analysis.

Ford Motor Company

Located at the Central Services Building, Ford Road, Newport Beach, California, the system is used for computation of missile trajectories within the earth's atmosphere, computation of orbits (in light atmosphere or free space), computation of rocket motor performance, hydrodynamic computations, missile com-

ponent design computations, computer system simulation, miscellaneous scientific and engineering computations, data reduction of experimental and flight test data, and payroll, inventory control, and miscellaneous business applications.

Hughes Aircraft Company

Located at Florence Avenue & Teale Streets, Building 6, Room F1022, Culver City, California, the system is used for all forms of numerical computation, including differential equations, numerical integration, parameter studies, solution of simultaneous equations, matrix manipulations, polynomial equations, integral equations, simulations of various systems (computers, mass raid attacks, fire control systems) partial differential equations, harmonic analysis, auto correlation and power spectrum analysis, statistical computations, Monte Carlo evaluations of various problems, network analysis, research in computer systems (assemblers, compilers), design studies, and development of problem oriented languages.

IBM Space Computing Center

Located at 615 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C., the system is used for orbital calculations for space vehicles, including formulation, testing and production, test center applications for Federal Systems Division of IBM, and customer test center for local 709 users who have ordered machines.

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

Lockheed Aircraft Corporation-Burbank

Located at Burbank, California, the system is used to solve all scientific and engineering problems submitted by the Engineering Division.

Lockheed Sunnyvale

The computing installation consists of two IBM 709's and peripheral equipment. It is used for scientific calculations involving matrix inversion, partial differential equations, trajectories, solutions for simultaneous equations, etc. The systems are also used for flight data reduction involving the preparation of labels and plotting tapes, data reduction and computation of calibration. Administrative applications include the solution of financial, material, and statistical problems.

The Martin Company-Baltimore

Located at the Missile Weapons Systems Division, Baltimore, Md., the system is used for missile design, vibrations analysis, nuclear shielding, reactor design, electronic design, information retrieval, trajectory analysis, compilers, aerodynamic research, circuit analysis, master lines automation, numerically controlled tools, data reduction, weight calculation automation, statistical analysis, structural analysis, and molecular research.

The Martin Company-Orlando

Located at the Engineering Division, the system is

utilized for scientific calculations in engineering design, parts and assembly control, production and updating of engineering parts lists, and special reports emanating from complete files of system parts and components.

McDonnell Aircraft Corporation

Located on the 1st level of Bldg. 33, Engineering Campus, the system is used for flutter analysis, trajectory studies, probability studies, stress and loads analysis, aerodynamic performance, thermodynamic problems, numerical control of milling machines, flight test and wind tunnel data reduction, operations analysis, and engine performance.

Northern States Power Company

Located at 1925 Sather Street, St. Paul 13, Minnesota, the system is used for customers' billing and accounting, load flow studies, generator outage probabilities, plant life actuarial analyses, substation and feeder load record, and transformer loading and forecasting.

Phillips Petroleum Company

Located in the Adams Building at Bartlesville, Oklahoma, the system is used for the solution of engineering, technical and research problems and business accounting.

RCA Missile & Surface Radar Division

Located in Bldg. 116-1 Moorestown, N. J., the system is used for the real-time control of BMEWS (Ballistic

Missile Early Warning System), for engineering model tracking radar, for engineering calculations associated with design of BMEWS sites, and for data reduction for the Down Range Anti-Ballistic Missile Program (DAMP).

RCA Service Company, Patrick AFB

Located in the Technical Laboratory, Bldg. 989, Patrick Air Force Base, Florida, the system is used primarily to determine missile trajectory information (time, position, velocity, and acceleration) from observed observations, azimuth, elevation and slant range (where available). Data sources are Azusa, FFS-16, Mod II radar, ballistic camera, fixed camera, cine-theodolite, and DOVAP. Also digitizing and linearization of telemetry is performed.

RCA Service Company, Cape Canaveral

Located at Bldg. 2-1655, Cape Canaveral, Florida, the system is used for real time impact prediction computing during ballistic missile launches, ground instrumentation check outs, near real time computation for acquisition and vehicle recovery operations, post flight data reduction, and other engineering and scientific problems.

Space Technology Laboratories, Inc. (2)

Located at El Segundo, California, both systems are used in a full spectrum of scientific computations.

Photo by USAF AMR Cape Canaveral

System Development Corporation

Located at 1923 Centinella Avenue, West Los Angeles, California, the system is used for data processing applications for the development of a system training program.

M. I. T. Lincoln Laboratory

Located at the M. I. T. Lincoln Laboratory, Lexington, Massachusetts, the computer is used for real time systems studies; evaluation, simulation, and analysis, physical data processing, and programming research.

University of California LRL

Located at Livermore, California, the system is used for the solution of differential equations.

University of California, Los Angeles

Located at the University of California, Los Angeles campus, the system is used for research and education in all university disciplines, with special emphasis on business management problems, operations research, gaming, and computer systems development.

Photo by USN PMR Point Migu

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits/word	36
Binary digits/instruction	36
Instructions/word	1
Instructions decoded	187
Arithmetic system	Fixed and floating point
Instruction type	One address
Number range	
Floating	$-10^{38} < N < 10^{38}$
Fixed	$-(2^{35}-1) \leq N \leq (2^{35}-1)$

Instruction word format

Oper Code	Flag	Tag	Address
S,1	11	12-13	18-20 21 35

Format varies with instruction type.

SHARE Operating System (SOS) and FORTRAN are used.
 There are 4 arithmetic registers (full word), viz. accumulator, multiplier-quotient, storage, and sense.
 There are 3 index registers.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access	
	Micorsec	
	Fixed Pt.	Floating Pt.
Add	24	84
Mult	24-240	24-204
Div	36-240	36-216
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)		
Vacuum tubes	2,000	
Diodes	14,500	
Arithmetic mode	Parallel	
Timing	Synchronous for Central Processing Unit Asynchronous for Input-Output	
Operation	Sequential for Central Processing Unit Concurrent Input-Output devices	

Input-Output operations on up to 6 data channels can operate concurrently with the main program in the CPU (Central Processing Unit).

STORAGE

Manufacturer	No. of Words	No. of Bin/Word	Access Microsec
Core	4,096; 8,192 or 32,768	36	12
Magnetic Drum	8,192 or 16,384	36	35,000 for initial word, 96 for subsequent wds.
Magnetic Tape	Up to 48 reels at approx. 1/2 million words/reel 10.8 millisecc access		
No. of units that can be connected		48 Units	
No. of char/linear inch of tape		200 Char/inch	
Channels or tracks on the tape		7 Tracks/tape	
Blank tape separating each record		0.75 Inches	
Tape speed		75 Inches/sec	
Transfer rate		15,000 Char/sec	
Start-stop time		10.8 Millisecc	
Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape		30-60 Seconds	
Physical properties of tape			
Width		0.5 Inches	
Length of reel		2,400 Feet	
Composition		Acetate or Mylar	

Photo by USAF AFMTC Patrick AFB

Mylar is DuPont's registered trademark for polyester film.

USA BMA Redstone
32,768 words Magnetic Core; Magnetic Tapes

USA EPG Fort Huachuca
32,768 words Magnetic Core; 24 Magnetic Tape Stations

USN FMR Pt Mugu
32,768 words Magnetic Core; 24 Magnetic Tape Stations

USN FMR Pt Mugu
8,192 words Magnetic Core; 6 Magnetic Tape Stations

USN OTS China Lake, Calif.
32,768 words Magnetic Core; Magnetic Tape

NAFE FAA
32,768 words MC; Mag Tape

CEIR
32,768 MC; Mag Tapes

Douglas
32,768 MC; 13 Mag Tape Sta.

Douglas
32,768 MC; 10 MT

Ford
32,768 MC; 9 MT

Hughes
32,768 MC; MT

IBM Space
32,768 MC; 14 MT Type 729-I

Lockheed Burbank
32,768 MC; MT

Photo by IBM Space Computing Center Washington

Lockheed Sunnyvale
32,768 MC, ea; 12 MT Type 729-I, ea.
Martin Baltimore
32,768 MC; 10 MT Type 729-I
Martin Orlando
32,768 MC; MT
McDonnell
32,768 MC; MT
Northern States
8,192 MC; MT
Phillips
8,192 MC; MT
RCA Moorestown
32,768 MC; MT. The 8,000 word magnetic drum was re-
moved 6 months after initial installation of computer.
RCA Patrick AFB
8,192 MC; MT
RCA Canaveral
8,192 MC; MT
Space Tech Labs
32,768 MC; MT
Space Tech Labs
32,768 MC; MT
System Development Corp
32,768 MC; MT
MIT
32,768 MC; 10 MT Sta
UCLRL
32,768 MC; 10 MT Sta
UCLA
32,768 MC; 8,192 Drum; MT

INPUT OUTPUT

Manufacturer	Media	Speed
	Magnetic Tape	(Reads-records in BCD or Binary)
	Cards (Read)	250 cards/min (on-line)
	Card-to-Tape	250 or 800 cards/min (off-line)
	Card (Punch)	100 cards/min (on-line)
	Printed Page	150 lines/min (on-line)
	Cathode Ray Tube	135 microsec/point (on-line)
	Tape-to-Card	100 or 250 cards/min (off-line)
	Tape-to-Printer	150 or 600 lines/min (off-line)
	The 800 cards/min is obtained when the IBM 1401 System is used for generating input tapes.	
	The higher rates are obtained when using the IBM 1401 off-line for Tape-to-Card and Tape-to-Printer.	
	USA BMA Redstone	
	Tapes, Cards, Printer	
	USA EPG Fort Huachuca	
	Tapes, Cards, Printer	
	USN FMR Pt Mugu	
	Tapes, Cards, Radar Data, Printer	
	USN FMR Pt Mugu	
	Tapes, Cards, Printer, Radar Data, 30 x 30 Plotting Boards.	
	USN OIS China Lake	
	Tape, Cards (on and off-line), Printer (on and off-line), Direct Data Device at 27,777 words/sec. Input from analog to digital conversion facility with real time capability.	
	NAFE FAA	
	Cards, Tape, Direct Data Entry 27,777 words/sec.	
	CEIR	
	Cards, Tapes (729I, II and IV), Printer	
	Douglas (2)	
	Tapes, Cards, Printer	

Photo by Hughes Aircraft Company

Douglas
Tapes, Printer
Ford
Tapes, Cards, Printer
Hughes
Tapes, Cards, Printer
IBM Space
Tapes, Cards, Printer (on and off-line)
Lockheed Burbank
Tapes, Cards, Printer
All input of programs to the machine is on magnetic tapes. Card Reader is used only to initialize particular input tape.
All output of printed or punched information is placed on magnetic tapes. The printer is used to monitor the system.
Lockheed Sunnyvale
Tapes, Cards, Printer, Paper Tape
Paper Tape input/output is available on only one 709 system.
Martin Baltimore
Tapes, Cards (on and off-line), Printer (on and off-line), Cathode Ray Tube 7100 dots/sec
Martin Orlando
Tape, Cards, Printer
McDonnell
Tape, Cards, Printer (on and off-line)

Northern States
Tape, Cards, Printer
Phillips
Cards, Tape, Printer (on and off-line)
RCA Moorestown
Tape, Cards, Printer (on-line)
Printer is used for operator remarks only.
RCA Patrick AFB
Tape, Cards, Printer (on and off-line). Paper Tape is transcribed to magnetic tape with off-line converter.
RCA Canaveral
Tape, Cards, Printer (on and off-line), Computer output direct to teletype at 60 or 100 words/min, real time direct data input at 30, 50, and 80 words/sec.
Space Tech Labs
Tape, Cards, Printer
Space Tech Labs
Tape, Cards, Printer
System Development Corp
Tape, Cards on line. All unit record operations - card-to-tape, tape-to-card, and tape-to-print are performed off-line.

Photo by Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, Sunnyvale

CHECKING FEATURES

Manufacturer

Accumulator overflow; divide check; floating point overflow and underflow; data channel I/O check; horizontal and vertical points check on magnetic tape; dual level sensing; two gap head for verification of tape writing; echo checking on line printer.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Manufacturer

Power, computer 125.2 KVA
Weight, computer 2,110 lbs
Physical Planning Manual available on request IBM Form No. 12-7967-1.

USA BMA Redstone

Power, computer 94.8 Kw 131.8 KVA 0.72 pf
Volume, computer 26,800 cu ft
Area, computer 1,376 sq ft
Room size, computer 1,800 sq ft
Floor loading 25.0 lbs/sq ft
1,000 lbs concen max

Capacity

26.5 Tons
318,750 BTU/hr

Weight, computer

34,370 lbs

MIT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape	15,000 char/sec
Cards (Reader)	250 cards/min
Paper Tape	240 lines/sec (Via Direct Data Entry)
Magnetic Tape	320 words/sec (Via Direct Data Entry)

Cards (Punch) 100 cards/min

Printer 150 lines/min

Cathode Ray Tube 7,100 points/sec

Various other inputs (e.g. phone line) are used with the Direct Data Entry feature from time to time.

UCLRL

Cards, Tape, Printer

UCLA

Cards, Tape, Printer (on-line), Cathode Ray Tube at 7,000 points/sec. utilize 714 card-to-tape for input preparation and 720 II Printer and 717 Printer off-line for output.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Manufacturer

There are 295,000, or 590,000, or 1,180,000 magnetic cores, depending on size of memory.

USA EPG Fort Huachuca

Power, computer	236.6 KVA		
Capacity, air conditioner	150 Tons		
	520,420 BTU		

USN PMR Pt Mugu

Power, computer	138.5 Kw	205.6 KVA	0.67 pf
Power, air conditioner		300 KVA	
Volume, computer		2,432.6 cu ft	
Volume, air conditioner		15,000 cu ft	
Area, computer		454.5 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner		960 sq ft	
Floor loading		11.8 lbs/sq ft	
		2.50 lbs concen max	
Capacity, air conditioner		70 Tons	

USN PMR Pt Mugu

Power, computer	112.5 Kw	157.7 KVA	0.71 pf
Volume, computer		1,415 cu ft	
Area, computer		264.6 sq ft	
Floor loading		250 lbs concen max	
Capacity, air conditioner		43 Tons	
Weight, computer		42,060 lbs	

False ceiling, plenum floor, and concrete addition to building.

Photo by Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, Sunnyvale

USN OTS China Lake

Power, computer	70 Kw	100 KVA	0.70 pf
Power, air cond	87 Kw	100 KVA	0.87 pf
Volume, computer		2,244 cu ft	
Volume, air conditioner		7,000 cu ft	
Area, computer		420 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner		800 sq ft	
Room size, computer		1,776 sq ft	
Room size, air conditioner		850 sq ft	
Floor loading		175 lbs/sq ft	
		250 lbs concen max	
Capacity, air conditioner		80 Tons	
Weight, computer		52,110 lbs, incl peripheral equipment	
Weight, air conditioner		15,000 lbs	

Computer is located in a fire-proof area. The computer area is not adjacent to any inflammable or explosive material or gases, stored, manufactured, or processed.

Structural conditions: All concrete-floor, walls and roof.

Partition separations from other areas (office) are fabricated steel 3" thick with fire-proof insulation.

Floor: All steel removable panel construction, elevated one (1) foot above supporting concrete deck.

Ceiling: Steel acoustical tile panels with 1" fiber-glass insulation attached to underside of concrete roof.

The entire computer area has its own refrigerated air-conditioning system plus humidity control. Air conditioning equipment located in separate, fire-proof, building constructed for the expressed purpose of housing same. Building housing equipment located approximately 15 feet away from building housing the computer equipment.

NAFE FAA

Power, computer	89 Kw	160 KVA	0.765 pf
600 amps max. capacity			
Power, air cond		0.765 pf	15% Excess
Volume, computer		24,000 cu ft	
Area includes 16' x 30' customer eng'r area. Card room not included.			
Volume, air conditioner		4,800 cu ft	
Machinery, comp. heat exchangers, etc.			
Area, computer		2,400 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner		480 sq ft	
Room size, computer		80 ft x 30 ft	
Room size, air conditioner		30 ft x 16 ft	
Floor loading		200 lbs/sq ft	
Capacity, air conditioner		50 Tons	

W. W. II Navy Galley completely refurbished to house computer. Removable floor and false ceiling installed. Room insulated. Preliminary air conditioning of power installed prior to computer selection. Additional power and air conditioning installed as

Photo by Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, Sunnyvale

required. Duct work above false ceiling. Electric power beneath removable floor. Air conditioning machinery remotely located with only air handling equipment in computer room. Fluorescent lighting throughout. Installation completed September 1959.

CEIR

Power, computer	75 Kw	108.6 KVA	0.70 pf
Power, air cond	10 Kw	12 KVA	0.85 pf
Volume, computer		11,500 cu ft	
Volume, air conditioner		10,000 cu ft	
Area, computer		1,150 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner		1,000 sq ft	
Room size, computer		25 ft x 40 ft	
Room size, air conditioner		25 ft x 40 ft	
Floor loading		30 lbs/sq ft	
		125 lbs concn max	
Capacity, air conditioner		120 Tons	
Weight, computer		34,370 lbs	
Weight, air conditioner		27,000 lbs	

This A/C equipment handles both 704 and 709. False ceiling. Plenums - modular floor in 2 ft x 4 ft sections, 6 inches clearance between floor and plenum.

Douglas

Power, computer	150 KVA
Area, computer	1,500 sq ft
Area, air conditioner	1,200 sq ft
Room size, computer	30 ft x 50 ft
Floor loading	16 lbs/sq ft
	200 lbs concn max
Capacity, air conditioner	40 Tons
Weight, computer	23,000 lbs

Sealed area, a/c ducts installed with 500 RCE/sink for each component, a/c unit and airfilter installed, motor generator set with transformer and controls.

Power, computer	150 KVA
Area, computer	1,500 sq ft
Area, air conditioner	1,200 sq ft
Room size, computer	30 ft x 50 ft
Floor loading	16 lbs/sq ft
	200 lbs concn max
Capacity, air conditioner	40 Tons
Weight, computer	22,000 lbs

Sealed area, six inch raised floor installed over power cables, a/c unit and airfilter installed, motor generator set with transformer and controls.

Photo by McDonnell Aircraft Corporation

Hughes

Power, computer	205 Kw	256 KVA	0.80 pf
M. G. set			
Power, air cond	99 Kw	120 KVA	±0.82 pf
Induction motor driven			
Volume, computer		23,496 cu ft	
Volume, air conditioner		14,160 cu ft	
Area, computer		1,958 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner		1,180 sq ft	
Room size, computer		42 ft x 46 ft 9 in	
Room size, air conditioner		33 ft 10 in x 34 ft	
Floor loading		100 lbs/sq ft	
		1,000 lbs concn max	
Capacity, air conditioner		70 Tons	
Weight, computer		33,460 lbs	

IBM Space

Power, computer	183.9 KVA
4 wire 208V - 3 phase 800 amp supply	
Power, air conditioner	92.6 KVA
3 wire 208V - 3 phase Four 30 H. P. Compressors	
Volume, computer	30,294.9 cu ft
Volume, air conditioner	13,221 cu ft
Area, computer	3,029.49 sq ft
Area, air cond (2 rooms)	1,469 sq ft
Room size, computer	48 ft 6 in x 62 ft
Room size, boiler room	30 ft x 20 ft
Room size, compressor room	21 ft x 37 ft 6 in

Floor loading 1,000 lbs/sq ft
Capacity, air conditioner 120 Tons (bldg.)
47 Tons (709 Machine)
Weight, computer 51,820 lbs (computer &
all component equipment)
Air conditioner is installed on basement slab.
Ceilings are 2 x 4 with rock lath and mineral block,
hung type.
Building type - steel reinforced and masonry.
Building modifications - complete job on original
occupancy.
Power Distribution: 1,200 amps, 3 phase, 4 wire,
120/208V - Bldg. load; 800 amps, 3 phase, 4 wire,
120/208V - machine load.
Lockheed Burbank
Volume, computer 12,500 cu ft
Area, computer 1,250 sq ft
Room size, computer 25 ft x 50 ft
Floor loading 34,650 lbs
Capacity, air conditioner 90 Tons
313,000 BTU
Weight, computer 34,650 lbs
The area has a raised floor which carries the cold
air to the computer and a false ceiling which returns
the hot air from the computer, back to the air condi-
tioning units which then cools it and forces back to
the computer. The raised floor also holds the inter-

Photo by Phillips Petroleum Company

connecting cables of the computer.
Lockheed Sunnyvale
Power, computer 337 KVA 0.90 pf
Available transformer power
Power, air conditioner 101 Kw
Power requirement for 100% operation
Volume, 2 709's & periph equip 96,000 cu ft
Volume, transformer, chiller, 27,000 cu ft
blower, precipitators, etc.
Area, computers 8,725 sq ft
Area, air conditioning 1,200 sq ft
Room size, computers 112 ft x 72 ft
Room size, air conditioning 33 ft x 33 ft
Floor loading 93 lbs/sq ft
80 lbs/sq ft con max
Capacity, air conditioning 125 Tons
Weight, computers 94,310 lbs
Weight, air conditioning 20,000 lbs
One foot raised floor (sheet metal sandwich with
wood core flooring) steel frame. 11 ft. high (from
raised floor) suspended ceiling, supply air ducted -
return not ducted (ceiling plenum) tilt up reinforced
concrete walls.

Martin Baltimore

Power, computer	225 KVA supplied, 144 req.	0.80 pf
Power, air cond	70 Kw	0.84 pf
Volume, computer	51,200 cu ft	
Volume, air conditioner	6,400 cu ft	
Area, computer	2,560 sq ft	
Area, air conditioner	640 sq ft	
Floor loading	200 lbs/sq ft	
Capacity, air conditioner	50 Tons operational	
	10 Tons standby	
Weight, computer	38,670 lbs	

System was installed in a balcony area of the building, thus eliminating the advantage of a plenum. The floor was reinforced to suit loadings and covered with vinyl. All walls are insulated and provided

Photo by System Development Corporation

with a moisture. Power for the computer is supplied from a dual source 13,200 volt to the operating requirement (208V) thus insuring the stability required. Power for the air conditioning is supplied from the plant supply.

Martin Orlando

Power, computer	104 Kw	174.7 KVA	1.0 pf
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Includes peripheral equipment

Power, air conditioner	50.8 Kw
Volume, computer	19,000 cu ft
Volume, air conditioner	9,600 cu ft
Area, computer	1,900 sq ft
Area, air conditioner	800 sq ft
Room size, computer	38 ft x 50 ft
Room size, air conditioner	40 ft x 20 ft

Floor loading 26 lbs/sq ft
 875 lbs concen max
 Capacity, air conditioner 67.2 Tons
 Weight, computer 49,220 lbs
 Special raised pedestal type floor. Trade name -
 Belair.

McDonnell
 Power, computer 171 KVA
 Area, computer 5,617 sq ft
 Floor loading 100 lbs/sq ft
 100 lbs concen max
 Capacity, air conditioner 37 Tons
 Weight, computer 55,640 lbs

Northern States
 Power, computer 191 KVA
 Volume, computer 38,400 cu ft
 Area, computer 3,200 sq ft
 Capacity, air conditioner 100 Tons
 Weight, computer 31,810 lbs

New building, built in 1957, cement block and brick construction, computer and auxiliary room installed with floating floor, manufactured by Floating Floors Inc., New York. Honeywell climate control regulates temperature and humidity.

Photo by University of California, IRL Livermore

Phillips
 Volume, computer 23,072 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 1,512 cu ft
 Area, computer 2,884 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 189 sq ft
 Capacity, air conditioner 60 Tons
 Raised floor, free access - installed in office building.

RCA Moorestown
 Power, computer 525.2 Kw 188.2 KVA 447,610 BTU's
 Volume, computer 21,600 cu ft
 Area, computer 2,160 sq ft
 Room size, computer 72 ft x 30 ft
 Capacity, air conditioner 75 Tons
 Used for complete area. Entire building air conditioned.

Special heavy steel building included area sealed off from remainder for electrical shielding purposes. Raised floor (12 inches) on extruded aluminum over concrete base floor. Computer receives cooled room air (not underfloor plenum). Separate power distribution within building.

RCA Patrick AFB
 Power, computer 103.8 Kw 154.1 KVA 0.67 pf
 Power, air cond 56.2 Kw
 Volume, air conditioner 4,500 cu ft
 Area, computer 2,800 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 450 sq ft
 Room size, computer 40 ft x 70 ft
 Room size, air conditioner 20 ft x 20 ft
 5 ft x 10 ft
 Capacity, air conditioner 44 Tons
 Weight, computer 45,690 lbs
 Weight, air conditioner 10,000 lbs

Computer room has false floor with removable sections 2.5 feet square. Air conditioning ducts are above false ceiling. Indirect chilled water system for air conditioning.

RCA Canaveral
 Power, computer 113.6 Kw 158.9 KVA 0.72 pf
 Power, air conditioner 78.3 Kw
 Volume, computer 11,000 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 4,500 cu ft
 Area, computer 2,472 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 450 sq ft
 Room size, computer 39 ft x 56 ft
 9 ft x 32 ft
 Adjoining "L"

Room size, air conditioner 15 ft x 15 ft
 15 ft x 15 ft
 Capacity, air conditioner 84 Tons

Weight, computer 43,130 lbs
 Weight, air conditioner 10,000 lbs

Concrete block building, false floor in machine room for cables, terminal rack for real time inputs and communications, fast acting switch to transfer critical power input to the industrial bank during power fluctuations, and direct expansion system for air conditioning.

Space Tech Labs (2)
 Power, computer 160 KVA
 Volume, computer 20,000 cu ft
 Area, computer 2,000 sq ft
 Floor loading 80 lbs/sq ft
 Weight, computer 50,000 lbs
 24 inch false ceiling and 18 inch raised floor.

System Development Corp
 Power, computer 212 Kw 235 KVA 0.90 pf
 M/G fed
 Power, air cond 69 Kw 78.5 KVA 0.88 pf
 372 KVA full load rating
 Volume, computer 29,400 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 63,000 cu ft
 Area, computer 4,200 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 2,528 sq ft
 Floor loading 250 lbs/sq ft
 1,000 lbs concen max

Capacity, air conditioner 400 Tons
 Weight, computer 54,000 lbs

False ceiling, seven foot plenum, and concrete block building.

MIT
 New building, false floor, 1 foot deep wiring plenum. False ceiling for air ducts and lighting conduits. Building concrete block, aluminum-foil-backed gypsum board interior to reduce water vapor intrusion. Power from new sub-station from 4160 volt building distribution system. Floor loading 125 lbs/sq ft special point loads handled by extra steel. False floor 1 1/4 inch plywood on light steel frame.

UCLRL
 Power, computer 192 Kw 134 KVA 0.70 pf
 Power, air cond 32 Kw 22 KVA 0.90 pf
 Volume, computer 1,060 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 2,000 cu ft
 Area, computer 250 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 360 sq ft
 Room size, computer 25 ft x 40 ft
 Room size, air conditioner 12 x 30 x 10 ft
 Floor loading 900 lbs concen max
 Capacity, air conditioner 30 Tons (nominal)
 Weight, computer 16,000 lbs
 Weight, air conditioner 16,000 lbs

UCLA
 Power, computer 250 KVA
 Area, computer 4,700 sq ft

Class A building containing 25,000 square feet built especially to house computer and staff. Computer area incorporates false floor and ceiling plenum chambers, custom designed power connections, etc.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Manufacturer
 Delivery on availability basis only.

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer		Model	Monthly Charge	Purchase Price
Type	Description			
709	Central Process Unit	1	\$10,000	\$500,000
711	Card Reader	2	800	32,000
716	Printer	1	1,200	54,200
721	Card Punch	1	600	25,000
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	1	700	27,500
733	Magnetic Drum Storage	1	2,900	110,000
733	Magnetic Drum Storage	2	2,900	110,000
736	Power Supply	2	1,100	57,200
737	Magnetic Core Storage	3	3,700	192,400
737	Magnetic Core Storage	4	3,700	192,400
738	Magnetic Core Storage	1	19,700	940,000
740	CRT Recorder	1	2,450	96,000
741	Power Supply	2	1,400	72,800
741	Power Supply	3	1,400	72,800
746	Power Distribution Unit	2	1,400	72,800
746	Power Distribution Unit	3	1,300	67,600
755	Tape Control	1	1,500	90,000
766	Data Synchronizer	1	3,600	190,000
780	CRT Display	1	400	16,000

Monthly Rental, average system: \$55,200 and up
 Selling Price, average system: \$2,630,000 and up
 Maintenance contract available.

USA EPG Fort Huachuca
 Rental rate for basic system is \$68,900 per month.
 Rental rate for additional equipment is \$11,300 per month.

Maintenance is included in rental costs.

USN FMR Pt Mugu

On-line rentals are:

1	709	\$48,130.00
13	Tape drives at \$700	9,100.00
1	Card Reader	800.00
1	Card Punch	600.00
1	Printer	1,225.00
Total monthly rental		\$59,855.00

Off-line rentals are:

2	010 at \$10	\$ 20.00
3	024 at \$40	120.00
9	026 at \$60	540.00
4	Verifiers at 50	200.00
1	Sorter	55.00
1	Tabulator	1,002.50
1	Collator	247.00
1	Reproducer	204.00
1	Interpreter	216.00
1	Tape-to-Card	2,375.00
1	Card-to-Tape	3,365.00
1	Tape Printer (hi speed)	5,330.00
Total monthly rental		\$13,674.50

USN FMR Pt Mugu

Basic system
 8K, 3 Data Synchronizers, 6 tapes rent for \$42,905.
 Peripheral Equipment rents for \$3,450.
 USN OIS China Lake
 Basic system rents for \$64,490 per month.
 Electric Accounting Machines rent for \$3,260/month.
 NAFE FAA
 Types 709, 711, 716, 721, 729I, 736, 738, 741, 746, 755, 766, and 776 rent for \$50,450.
 Types 714, 717, 757, 759, and 729I rent for \$5,750 per month.
 CEIR
 Basic system
 709, 711, 716, 721, 729 (10), 755 (2), 766, 738, 736, 741, and 746 cost \$2,014,900.
 Additional equipment
 774, 720, 714 also included with 704 cost \$441,000.
 709, 711, 716, 721, 729 (10), 755 (2), 766, 738, 741, and 746 rent for \$50,075.
 777, 720, and 714 rent at \$12,707.
 Standard IBM rental maintenance.
 Douglas
 Main frame, 13 magnetic tape units, 1 printer, 1 card reader, 1 card punch, and 28,672 words additional core memory rent at \$52,000/month.

Douglas
 Main frame, 10 magnetic tape units, 1 printer, and 28,672 words additional core memory rent at \$51,000 per month.

Ford
 Basic system rents for approximately \$50,000/month including about \$2,000/month for off line printer.

Hughes

Machine Type	No. of Units	Monthly Rental
709	1	\$10,000
711	1	800
714	1	1,675
716	1	1,200
717	2	2,800
721	1	600
729	13	9,100
736	1	1,100
738	1	19,700
741	1	1,400
746	1	1,300
755	1	1,500
757	1	650
759	1	740
759	1	990
766	1	3,600
Total		\$57,155

Lockheed Burbank

With 32K core memory and 11 tapes, system rents at \$450 per hour.

Additional Equipment

714	\$22 per hour
722	16 per hour
720	34 per hour

The 709 (32K core, 11 tapes) rents at \$49,825 per month, base shift.

Additional Equipment

714	\$3,200 per month base shift
720	4,950 per month base shift
722	2,300 per month base shift

Lockheed Sunnyvale

Type	Description	Monthly Rental	Hourly Rate	Extra Shift per Hour
709	C.P.U. w/clock	\$10,165	\$57.76	\$23.11
736	Power Supply	1,100	6.25	2.50
738	Core Memory	19,705	111.96	44.78
741	Power Supply	1,400	7.95	3.18
746	Power Dist.	1,300	7.39	2.96
766	Data Synch.	3,830	21.76	8.70
766	Data Synch. Mod.	125	.71	.28
A	Total Main Frame	37,625	213.78	85.51
755	Tape Control	1,500	8.52	3.41
755	Tape Control	1,500	8.52	3.41
729	Tape Units (12)	8,400(12)	47.72 (12)	19.09(12)
711	Card Reader	800	4.54	1.82
716	Printer	1,200	6.82	2.73
721	Card Punch	600	3.41	1.36
9307	Paper Tape I/O	1,300	7.39	2.96
B	Total On Line	15,300	86.92	34.78
Total 709 (A + B)		\$52,925	300.70	120.29
720A	Printer	1,950	11.08	4.43
727	Tape Unit	550	3.12	1.25
760	Control	2,500	14.20	5.68
Total Printer I		5,000	28.40	11.36
722	Card Punch	875	4.97	1.98
727	Tape Unit	550	3.12	1.25
758	Control	850	4.83	1.93
Total Tape to Card		2,275	12.92	5.16
714	Card Reader	1,650	9.38	3.75
727	Tape Unit	550	3.12	1.25
759	Control	975	5.54	2.22
Total Card to Tape		3,175	18.04	7.22
729	Tape Unit	700	3.98	
C	Total Off Line	\$11,150	\$63.34	\$23.74
Total System I (A+B)		\$64,075	\$364.04	\$144.03

The 766 Data Synchronizer Mod. is used to handle paper tape I/O.

The 9307 consists of 9307 Paper Tape Read Punch and 9807 Reader Punch Control.

Monthly rental includes 10% F. E. T. where applicable) Hourly rate is 1/176th of monthly rental.

Extra shift per hour is 40% of 1/176th of monthly rate.

709	C.P.U. w/clock	\$10,050	\$57.10	\$22.84
736	Power Supply	1,100	6.25	2.50
738	Core Memory	19,700	111.93	44.77
741	Power Supply	1,400	7.95	3.18
746	Power Dist.	1,300	7.38	2.95
766	Data Synch.	3,600	20.45	8.18
A	Total Main Frame	\$37,150	\$211.06	\$84.42
755	Tape Control	1,500	8.52	3.41
755	Tape Control	1,500	8.52	3.41
729	Tape Units (12)	8,400(12)	47.72(12)	19.09(12)
711	Card Reader	800	4.54	1.82
716	Printer	1,200	6.82	2.73
721	Card Punch	600	3.41	1.36
B	Total On Line	\$14,000	\$79.53	\$31.82

Total 709 (A+B)	\$51,150	\$290.59	\$116.24
720A Printer	1,950	11.08	4.43
729 Tape Unit	700	3.98	1.59
760 Control	2,500	14.20	5.68
Total Printer 2	5,150	29.26	11.70
C Total Off Line	\$5,150	\$29.26	\$11.70
Total System 2 (A+B+C)	\$56,300	\$319.85	\$127.94
Total Installation (709 Systems 1 + 2)	\$120,375		
010 Key punch	\$11.00	\$.06	\$.03
026 Key punch	66.00	.37	.19
026 Key punch	71.00	.40	.20
026 Key punch	77.00	.44	.22
026 Key punch	71.50	.41	.20
026 Key punch	71.50	.41	.21
026 Key punch	71.50	.41	.20
056 Verifier	60.50	.34	.17
056 Verifier	60.50	.34	.17
056 Verifier	55.00	.31	.15
Total Key punch	\$615.50	3.49	1.74
082 Sorter	68.20	.39	.20
085 Collator	154.00	.87	.44
407 Acctng. Machine	915.75	5.20	2.60
519 Reproducer	161.70	.92	.46
519 Reproducer	178.20	1.01	.50
557 Interpreter	192.50	1.09	.55
Total Auxiliary	\$1,670.35	\$9.48	\$4.75
Total Unit Record	\$2,285.85	\$12.97	\$6.49
Total Sunnyvale Installations	\$122,660.85		

Type	Description	SN	Monthly Rental	Hourly Rate	Extra Shift per Hour
	Univac	22	\$20,980.00	\$119.20	\$59.60
	Core Storage		4,500.00	25.57	12.79
	Float Point		1,545.00	8.78	4.39
	Variable Block		290.00	1.65	.83
A	Total Main Frame	27	31,500.00	155.20	77.61
	Uniservo (10)		3,200.00(10)	18.18(10)	9.09(10)
	Read Punch		890.00	5.06	2.53
B	Total On Line		4,090.00	23.24	11.62
	Total EDP 22 (A+B)		\$31,405.00	\$178.44	\$89.23
	Univac	27	20,980.00	119.20	59.60
	Core Storage		4,500.00	25.57	12.79
	Floating Point		1,545.00	8.78	4.39
	Variable Block		290.00	1.65	.83
C	Total Main Frame		\$27,315.00	\$155.20	\$77.61
	Uniservo (10)		3,200.00(10)	18.18(10)	9.09(10)
	Read Punch		890.00	5.06	2.53
D	Total On Line		\$4,090.00	\$23.24	\$11.62
	Total EDP 27 (C+D)		\$31,405.00	\$178.44	\$89.23
	High Speed Printer		3,300.00	18.75	9.38
	High Speed Printer		3,300.00	18.75	9.38
	Card to Tape		2,605.00	14.80	7.40
D	Total Off Line		9,205.00	52.30	26.16
	Total EDP Systems (A+B+C+D+E)		\$72,015.00	\$409.18	\$204.62
	026 Key punch		77.00	.43	.22
	026 Key punch		71.50	.41	.20
	026 Key punch		71.50	.41	.21
	056 Verifier		60.50	.37	.19
A	Total Key punch		\$280.50	\$1.62	\$.82
	077 Collator		126.50	.72	.36
	082 Sorter		68.20	.39	.20
	407 Acctg. Machine		915.75	5.20	2.60

519 Reproducer	178.20	1.01	.51
552 Interpreter	99.00	.56	.23
B Total Auxiliary	\$1,387.65	\$7.88	\$3.90
Total EAM (A+B)	\$1,668.15	\$9.50	\$4.72
Total Palo Alto	\$73,683.15		

Martin Baltimore
 709 System - 10 tapes (on line), CRT, Punch, Card Reader, Printer, 2 tapes (off line), Card Punch & Reader, Printer \$63,350/month.
 3 Hand Punches, 3 Key Punches, 2 Verifiers, Sorter, Collator, Tabulator, 2 Reproducing Punches, Interpreter, Cardatype Tape Punch \$2,368/month.
 Total system rents for \$385/hour.
 Off line Card Punch 20/hour
 Off line Printer 35/hour
 Off Line Reader 30/hour

		Qty	Monthly Rental
709	Central Processing Unit	1	\$10,090
729	Mod. I Tape Units	13	5,100
711	Card Reader	1	800
738	Magnetic Core Storage	1	19,705
755	Tape Control Unit	2	3,000
766	Data Synchronizer	1	3,830
716	Printer	1	1,200
721	Punched Card Recorder	1	600
776	Tape Switching Device	1	75
736	Power Supply	1	1,100
741	Power Supply	1	1,400
746	Power Distribution Unit	1	1,300
714	Card Reader	1	1,500
759	Card Reader Control Unit	1	915
720A	Printer	1	1,900
760	Printer Control & Storage	1	2,500
774	Tape Data Selector	1	2,300
747	TDS Power Supply	1	500
	Total		\$57,815

McDonnell
 The 709 with 11 tapes, card reader, card punch, on-line printer, and one data synchronizer cost \$2,421,300 and rents at \$50,560/month.
 The 717, 757, 727's, 722, 758, 720, 760, 714, 759, 9701, 9702, 024, 026, 056, 046, 082, 077, 519, 552, and 407 cost \$741,800 and rents at \$19,650/month.
 Northern States

		Qty	Monthly Rental	Price
709	Central Processing Unit	1	\$10,000	\$500,000
711	Card Reader	1	800	32,000
716	Printer	1	1,200	54,200
721	Card Punch	1	600	25,000
729	Tape Units	13	9,100	357,500
736	Power Unit	1	1,100	57,200
737	Core Storage	2	7,400	384,800
741	Power Unit	1	1,400	72,800
746	Power Unit	1	1,300	67,600
755	Tape Control	2	3,000	180,000
766	Data Synchronizer	1	3,600	190,000
	Total Computer		39,500	1,921,100
714	Card Reader	1	2,960	127,650
722	Card Punch	3	5,850	292,500
720A	Printer	3	14,850	666,600
408	Printer	1	1,273	70,500
407	Printer	1	899	43,750
024	Keypunch	14	924	27,300
026	Printing Keypunch	4	380	12,000
056	Verifier	6	330	14,400
083	Sorter	2	250	12,400
085	Collator	1	138	7,700
101	Statistical Sorter	2	924	48,000

519 Reproducer 5 1,155 32,750
 557 Interpreter 6 1,735 92,040
 31,668 1,447,590

Phillips

The 709, 711, 714, 716, 717, 720 II, 721, 722, 13-729's Mod 1, 736, 2-737's, 741, 2-755's, 757, 758, 759, 760, 766, 746 monthly rental, excluding taxes, prime shift is \$50,460.

RCA Moorestown

Type	Description	Qty	Monthly Rental
709	Central Processing Unit	1	\$10,000
711	Punch Card Reader	1	600
716	Alphabetical Printer	1	1,200
721	Punch Card Recorder	1	600
729	Magnetic Tape Unit (700)	12	8,400
755	Tape Control Unit (1,500)	2	3,000
738	Magnetic Core Storage	1	19,700
740	Control Output Recorder	1	2,450
780	Display Unit	1	400
736	Power Frame No. 1	1	1,100
741	Power Frame No. 2	1	1,400
746	Power Distributor Unit	1	1,300
766	Data Synchronizer (3,600)	2	7,200
714	Card Reader	1	1,075
759	CD Reader Control	1	975
720	Printer	1	1,000
760	Control & Storage Unit	1	7,500
722	Card Punch	1	800
758	CD Reader Control	1	975

RCA Patrick AFB

The 026 Key punch, 709 CPU, 716 Printer, 727 Mag Tape, 736 Power, 711 Card Rdr, 721 Punch, 729 Mag Tape (12), 737 Core Storage (2), 741 Power, 755 Tape Ctrl, 776 Tape SW, 746 Power, and 766 Data Syn rents at \$40,285/month.

The 714 Card Rdr, 757 Control, 9200 Converter, 717 Printer, and 759 Control rents at an additional \$8,325/month.

RCA Canaveral

The 709 CPU, 716 Printer, 729 Mag tape (8), 737 Core Storage (2), 711 Card Rdr, 721 Punch, 736 Power, 741 Power, 746 Power, 766 Data Synch (3), 755 Tape Ctrl (2) and 776 Tape SW rent at \$43,650/month.

The 717 Printer, 024 Key punch, 407 Acctg Mach, 548 Interpreter, 757 Control, 047 Tape to Card, and 519 Reproducer rent at an additional \$3,343/month.

Space Tech Labs (2)

Cost of installation would be \$2,558,800 each. Monthly rental is \$53,900 per month. System is rented.

System Development Corp

32K memory, 2 DSU's, 4 TCU's, 20 mag. tapes, reader, punch, printer rent at \$70,000/month for 176 hours.

717 Print System, 714 Card Read System, (2) 722 Punch Systems rent at \$11,500/month for 176 hours.

MIT

Type	Description
709	Central Processing
711	Punch Card Reader
716	Alphabetic Printer
721	Punch Card Recorder
729 x 10	Magnetic Tape Unit
736	Power Frame 1
738	Magnetic Core Storage
740	Cathode Ray Tube Recorder
741	Power Frame 2
746	Power Distribution
755 x 2	Tape Control Unit
766	Data Synchronizer
780	Cathode Ray Tube Display

Total cost \$2,526,670.
 Total rental \$52,765/month.

714	Card Reader
717	Printer
720	Printer
722	Card Punch
729 x 2	Magnetic Tape Unit
757	Printer Control
758	Card Punch Control
759	Card Reader Control
760	Control Storage
776	Special EDPM Unit

Total cost \$593,975.
 Total rental is \$12,445/month.
 The system is rented.

UCLA

Basic system and peripheral equipment is on loan rent-free. The maintenance is donated.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer

Education, training, program testing, technical assistance on all phases is available.

USA BMA Redstone

One 8-Hour Shift

Supervisors	1
Programmers	49
Clerks	10
Librarians	1
Operators	2
Engineers (IBM)	5
In-Output Oper	1

Two operators required for each additional extra shift.

Day shift is monitor run on 709.

Operators are used on 704's, 705, and 709 - rotating shifts. Other personnel on 8 hours shift.

Engineers rotate shifts on 704's and 709.

Operation tends toward open shop.

USA EFG Fort Huachuca

	One 8-Hour Shift Used	Two 8-Hour Shifts Recomm	Three 8-Hour Shifts Recomm
Supervisors	1	2	3
Librarians	1	1	1
Operators	1	2	3
In-Output Oper	2	3	4
Tape Handlers	1	2	3

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes formal classroom training with about 50% on-the-job training interspersed over a 5 week period. Continuous on-the-job training and routine of operators.

Personnel figures shown above do not include personnel in the process of on-the-job training.

All operating personnel are military, therefore, turnover is very heavy.

USN FMR Pt Mugu

	Two Shifts
Supervisors	4
Analysts	5
Programmers	15
Coders	5
Clerks	2
Librarians	2
Operators	11

IBM supplies engineers (generally 3). In addition to the above, there are about 12 people in the machine room doing key-punching, routine sorting, etc. We also have a Systems Group of about 8 programmers who are building their own, special purpose operating system.

Our operation is closed shop as regards the actual machine operation, but open shop as regards programming.

We use all the standard training procedures, but depend most heavily on "on-the-job" training for machine operators; and both in-shop courses and supervisory instruction for programmers.

USN FMR Pt Mugu

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	2
Programmers	4
Clerks	1
Operators	1
Engineers	1

Operation tends toward closed shop.
Operators are trained on-the-job and programmers by informal training from supervisor.

USN OTS China Lake

	1st Shift
Supervisors	1
Analysts-Programmers-Coders	14
Clerks	1
Operators	4
In-Output Oper	6

Two additional operators are used on second 8-hour shift.

Operation tends toward open shop.
Training is in-house. All mathematicians possess BS degree or higher.

NAFE FAA

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	1	1
Analysts	1	1
Programmers	30	30
Clerks	1	1
Librarians	1	1
Operators	2	2
Engineers	1	1
Technicians	2	2
In-Output Oper	1	1

Operation tends toward closed shop.
Methods of training used includes IBM schools for programming, and in-house training for operators.

CEIR

	Total for One 8-Hour Shift		Total for Two 8-Hour Shifts		Total for Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	U	R	U	R	U	R
Supvr	1	1	2	2	3	3
Program	17	17	17	17	17	17
Clerks	1	1	1	1	1	1
Librar	1	1	1	1	1	1
Operator	1	2	2	3	3	3
In-Outp	1	2	2	3	3	3

For the purpose of this personnel requirement, our staff was cut in half, since our staff operates both a 704 and a 709. We have one dispatcher, program librarian, magnetic tape librarian, etc., to handle both computers.

Operation tends toward open shop.
Operators are given on-the-job training.
Programmers are given a 6-month course evenly divided between formal classes and on-the-job training.

Douglas

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	1
Analysts-Programmers-Coders	30
Clerks	1
Operators	5

Operation tends toward closed shop.
Own course followed by on-the-job training.

Douglas

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	3
Analysts-Programmers-Coders	70
Clerks	2
Operators	5

Operation tends toward closed shop.
Own course followed by On-the-job training.

Ford

	One 8-Hour Shift		Two 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	4	6		
Analysts-Prog	18	30		
Clerks	0	2		
Librarians	0	1		
Operators	12	15	0	3
Technicians	2	3	0	1
In-Output Op	1	1	0	1
Tape Handlers	0	1	0	1

Operation tends toward open shop.

Methods of training used include hiring trained people, on-job training or classes taught by Aeronutronic personnel, and IBM-supplied classes.

Hughes

	First 8-Hour Shift	Second 8-Hour Shift	Third 8-Hour Shift
	Supervisors	4	1
Analysts	7		
Programmers	8	3	1
Clerks	3		
Librarians	1		
Operators	2	1	1

Three shift total is 32.

Operation tends toward open shop.
On-the-job training is given in conjunction with company sponsored classes.

IBM Space

	Three 8-Hour Shifts
Supervisors	5
Analysts	10
Programmers	25
Coders	10
Clerks	5
Librarians	1
Operators	8
Engineers	3
In-Output Oper	3
Tape Handlers	2

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes formal class instruction in basic programming and machine operation - 3 to 4 weeks, informal class instruction held at Center covering specific system used here, and supervised programming assignments.

Lockheed Burbank

	Three 8-Hour Shifts
Supervisors	4
Analysts	15
Programmers	43
Clerks	2
Operators	7
Engineers	10 (Recommended)

Operation tends toward closed shop.

All new personnel attend a class which covers the use of Fortran and also machine coding. This class lasts about 4 weeks.

Lockheed Sunnyvale

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	5	6
Programmers	130	
Clerks	2	3
Librarians	2	2
Operators	12	14
In-Output Oper	7	8

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Training is rendered by shift leaders, IBM Customer Engineers, and IBM Applied Science Representatives.
Supervisors includes Supervisor and shift leaders.

Operating analysts function is accomplished by supervisor and shift leaders. Programming is accomplished by separate department from Operations. The number of programmers recommended depends upon the number of functions being performed at LMSD. Scientific, Flight Data Reduction, and Administrative Data are processed on the two IBM 709 computer systems. Coders and programmers are synonymous at LMSD. Tape handlers are included under "Operators".

Martin Baltimore

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	4	6
Analysts	2	4
Programmers	13	17
Coders	2	4
Clerks	2	2
Librarians	0	1
Operators	7	8

Two additional operators are required for second 8-hour shift.

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Classes for newcomers given by our own personnel.

Martin Orlando

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	1	1
Analysts	2	3
Programmers	15	
Librarians	1	
Operators	7	7
Engineers	5	5

Operation is closed shop.

For non-experienced personnel, an on-the-job full time training program of approximately three weeks, plus close supervision for at least six months, is given.

McDonnell

	First 8-Hour Shift		Second 8-Hour Shift	
	U	Recom	U	Recom
Supervisors	5	5	1	1
Programmers	31	31		
Librarians	1	1		
Operators	2	2	2	2

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes initial two-week training course, followed by on-the-job training with an experienced programmer.

Northern States

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	1
Analysts	1
Programmers	9
Librarians	1
Operators	1
In-Output Oper	7

Four additional operators are required for second 8-hour shift and two additional operators for the third 8-hour shift.

Operation tends toward closed shop.

IBM Programming School and on-the-job training is used.

Phillips

	Total for One 8-Hour Shift	Total for Two 8-Hour Shifts	Total for Three 8-Hour Shifts
Librarians	1	1	1
Operators	1	2	3
In-Output O 2	2	3	3
Tape Hand	1	2	2

Above figures includes only operating personnel. Analysts, programmers, coders, etc. operate as a team to serve all computing and EAM systems.

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Training is by lessor of equipment and on-the-job.

RCA Moorestown

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	4	7
Analysts	3	5
Programmers	17	22
Coders	8	11
Clerks	2	2
Librarians	0.3	0.5
Operators	7	10
Engineers	5	5
Technicians	2	5
In-Output Oper	5	7

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes in-house, both formal classes and on the job, for both programmers and all operating personnel. We rarely send personnel to the manufacturer's classes. We extensively use individual mentors; each new person comes in at random times of the year, and is separately guided.

This is basically a scientific computing facility, solving engineering problems on missiles and surface radar equipment. However, we do spare parts lists and drawing indexes as 8% of our total load, using "commercial" programming systems. We use FORTRAN 709 and SOS for engineering computations.

RCA Patrick AFB

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	7	7
Analysts	12	12
Programmers	24	24
Coders	3	3
Operators	10	10
Engineers	1	1
In-Output Oper	6	6

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes IBM courses, on-the-job training, and a training manual developed in-house.

RCA Canaveral

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	1	2
Analysts	5	5
Programmers	5	5
Secretary	1	1
Operators	3	3
Engineers	2	2

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes training courses conducted locally by IBM Applied Science representatives, on-the-job training provided by programmers and the more experienced operators, and manuals.

The operation performed at this facility is unique in that personnel must be familiar with the computer system as well as range operations. As a consequence it takes special requirements for personnel to qualify as computer operators, programmers, analysts, and engineers at this facility.

Space Tech Labs (2)

	Three 8-Hour Shifts
Supervisors	10
Analysts	3
Programmers	30
Clerks	1
Librarians	0.5
Operators	5
Engineers	1
Technicians	2
In-Output Oper	1
Tape Handlers	0.5

Above figures are for each system.

Operation tends toward closed shop.
 Methods of training used includes IBM local short courses, an internal two-week course, and on-the-job training.

System Development Corp

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
Supervisors		2
Analysts		2
Clerks		2
Operators		15

Operation tends toward closed shop.
 Internal formal classroom and on-the-job training are used.

MIT

	Total for One 8-Hour Shift	Total for Two 8-Hour Shifts	Total for Three 8-Hour Shifts
	R	U	R
Supervisors	2	2	3
Librarian	1	1	1
Operators	3	4	4
Engineers	2	2	2
Technicians	1	0	2
In-Output	0	3	3
Tape Handl	2	3	3

This computing facility is run as a Laboratory service for any and all members of the research staff. There is no formal distinction of activity such as analyst, programmer, etc. About 70 persons are regular users. There are two small groups, totalling some 15 persons, whose primary role is to write programs and utility systems in support of research projects.

The facility is on a two-shift operation but is staffed for a possible third shift in the future.

The machine is maintained by IBM engineers. Technician help is variously obtained as needed from an activity primarily working on research items.

Operation tends toward open shop.
 Methods of training used includes on-the-job instruction by supervisors. Scheduled classes by qualified members of the Laboratory staff are given.

UCLRL

	Seven days/week
Supervisors	1
Programmers	21
Coders	5
Operators	9

Operation tends toward open shop.
 Personnel are trained by working with an experienced person.

UCLA

	Total for One 8-Hour Shift	Total for Two 8-Hour Shifts
Supervisors	1	2
Analysts	2	2
Programmers	3	3
Coders	0	0
Clerks	4	4
Librarians	0.5	0.5
Operators	2	4
Engineers	4	4
Technicians	0	0
In-Output Oper	1	1

For two 8-hour shift operation, a full time librarian is recommended. For three 8-hour shifts, three supervisors are recommended.

Operation is open shop programming, closed shop machine operation.

Short Fortran programming classes and apprenticeship system is used.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

USA BMA Redstone

Good time	113.1 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	116.6 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time)	0.969

Above figures based on period 1 Jan 60 to 31 Mar 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1 Jan thru 31 Mar 60
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

USA EPG Fort Huachuca

Figures based on period 1 Sep 59 to 1 Sep 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1 Feb 59
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

USN PMR Pt Mugu

Average error-free running period	3.5 Hours
Good time	55.6 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	60.4 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time)	0.921

Above figures based on period 1 Feb 60 to 29 Feb 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 8 Jan 60
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

USN PMR Pt Mugu

Average error-free running period	7 Hours
Good time	35.2 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	37.1 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time)	0.948

Above figures based on period 1 Feb 60 to 28 Feb 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 15 Aug 59
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

USN OTS China Lake

Good time	100 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	105 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio	0.95

Above figures based on period 1 Apr 60 to 30 Apr 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 13 Jan 60
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations. Availability is dependent on workload.

NAFE FAA

Average error-free running period	40 Hours
Good time	40 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	41 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio	0.98

Above figures based on period from Jan 60 to Apr 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Oct 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

CEIR

Good time	47.5 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	50.5 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio	0.94

Above figures based on period 10 Feb 59 to 1 Jan 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 10 Feb 59
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Douglas

Average error-free running period	6 Hours
Good time	110 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	115 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio	0.95

Above figures based on period from Jul 59 to Jul 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Feb 59
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Douglas

Average error-free running period	6 Hours
Good time	110 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time	115 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio	0.95

Above figures based on period from Sep 59 to Jul 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Sep 59
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Ford
 Average error-free running period 10 Hours
 Good time 95 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 101 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.94
 Above figures based on period 23 Mar 60 to 23 May 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 23 Mar 60
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Hughes
 Good time 127 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 14 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.95
 Above figures based on period 16 May 60 to 22 May 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Apr 59
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Analysis of the 14 hour figure includes: machine failure, rerun time, operator error, time lost due to program failure.

An additional 13 hours down time should be added for preventive maintenance care.

There were 14 hours during this period considered idle time.

IBM Space
 Good time 130 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 134 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.97
 Above figures based on period 1 Mar 60 to 1 Jun 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Sep 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

Lockheed Burbank
 Average error-free running period 6 Hours
 Good time 126 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 148 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.85
 Above figures based on period from Jan 60 to Apr 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test May 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

Lockheed Sunnyvale
 Average error-free running period 31 hours/system
 Good time 258.53 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 269.71 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.9585
 Above figures based on period 1 Jan 60 to 1 Apr 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1-29 Dec 58; 2-4 Aug 59
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

Statistics are based on elapsed time totals of two (2) 709 systems.

Martin Baltimore
 Good time 70 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 74 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.94
 Above figures based on period from Mar 60 to May 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Oct 59
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Martin Orlando
 Good time 110 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 115 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.96
 Above figures based on period 1 Jan 60 to 31 May 60
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

McDonnell
 Good time 100 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 106 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.941
 Above figures based on period 4 Apr 60 to 29 Apr 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 3 May 60
 Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

Northern States
 Good time 99 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 106 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.934
 Above figures based on period 1 Jun 60 to 30 Jun 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test May 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

Phillips
 Good time 77 Hours/Week (Average)
 Figure based on period 1 Feb 60 to 31 Mar 60
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

RCA Moorestown
 Good time 115 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 138 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.90
 Above figures based on period from Jan 60 to Jun 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 18 Jun 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

Excellent operational experience during initial 3 months, poor experience for several months following due to stress placed on computer by excessive humidity, temperature, and power failure conditions.

RCA Patrick AFB
 Good time 67 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 72 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.93
 Above figures based on period 1 Nov 59 to 31 Mar 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 8 Jul 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

Figures are based on production usage only.

RCA Canaveral
 Average error-free running period 1 Week
 Good time 80 Hours/Week (Average)
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 8 Jan 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

From 8 Jan 59 to Nov 59 99% reliability

From Nov 59 to May 60 96% reliability

Space Tech Labs (2)
 Good time 108 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 123 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.88
 Above figures based on period from Apr 60 to Jun 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Apr 59 and Jan 60
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.

System Development Corp
 Good time 120 Hours/Week (Average)
 Figure based on period from Dec 59 to Jun 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test Dec 58
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

120 hours/week is defined as available time used, exclusive of all forms of maintenance and down time.

MIT
 Good time 84 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 86 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.98
 Above figures based on period 1 Apr 60 to 1 Aug 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 15 Feb 59
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

UCLRL
 Good time 145 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 161 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio 0.90
 Above figures based on period from Sep 58 to Jul 60
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

UCLA

Average error-free running period 75 Hours
Good time 110.4 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 112.5 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio 0.981
Above figures based on period 1 Jan 60 to 31 May 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 18 Oct 58
Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Manufacturer

Outstanding features include high speed, large memory, compatibility with 704 and 7090, and a rich operation code set.

Unique system advantages include overlap input and output operations with computing with very low memory interference rate and convert commands for facilitating Binary-Decimal conversions.

Many special features and attachments are available on "Request for Price Quotation" basis; i.e. clocks, data channel trap, extended precision, direct data device, tape switches, etc.

Recommended procedures for magnetic tape storing, shipping, and protection from humidity, temperature, electrical, fire, or other damage:

Acetate Base Tape:

Storage for frequent usage.

Relative humidity 40 to 60%

Temperature 65 to 80°F.

Should the tape be exposed to atmospheric conditions outside the above limits for more than four hours, the following specifications would apply:

Storage for infrequent usage.

Temperature 40 to 120°F.

The tape must be placed in a dust proof container and hermetically sealed in a plastic bag. Before re-using, the tape must be reconditioned by allowing it to remain in the conditioned atmosphere for a length of time equal to the time it was away. Twenty-four hours reconditioning is necessary if the tape is removed for longer than twenty-four hours.

Mylar Base Tape:

Storage for frequent or infrequent usage.

Relative humidity 0 to 80%

Temperature 40 to 120°F.

The tape should be stored in a dust proof container. Should the tape be exposed to atmospheric conditions outside the above limits for more than four hours, it must be reconditioned by allowing it to remain at the given condition for a length of time equal to the time it was away. Twenty-four hours reconditioning is necessary if the tape is removed for longer than twenty-four hours. The upper limits on humidity is given to prevent the formation of fungus and mold growth. This limit may be exceeded by hermetically sealing the tape in a plastic bag.

General Precautions:

The tape should not come in contact with magnetic material at any time and should never be subjected to strong magnetic fields. Either of these can cause the loss of information or the introduction of noise.

When shipping magnetic tape, the reel should be placed in a dust proof container and hermetically sealed in a plastic bag. Additional support should be obtained by enclosing in an individual cardboard box.

USA BMA Redstone

Adopted procedures for magnetic tape labelling, storage, shipping, and protection from humidity, temperature and physical, electrical, fire, or other damage

are external labels - pressure adhesive, tape cabinet storage, and for humidity, tapes are stored in computer room.

USN FMR Pt Mugu

Outstanding features are entry of digital telemetry data (PDM, FM, and PCM) from analog tapes. Direct entry of remote site radar and COTAR data. Output may also be to x-y plotters or 30 channel oscillograph.

Magnetic tape is stored in computer room for humidity and temperature protection.

USN FMR Pt Mugu

Outstanding features are directly connected plotting boards for display of impact prediction information, direct entry of FFS-16 Radar and AME COTAR data from remote sites, digital to analog conversion of output/replacing, CRT system, and direct data RFQ on channels B & D.

Unique system advantages include cubic DML4 DMS input 6 channel, radar and/or COTAR information, and direct through channel D with computer interrupt.

Magnetic tapes labelled and stored in computer room for humidity and temperature protection.

USN OTS China Lake

Outstanding features include dual read/write heads on 729 Tape Units and the data synchronizer.

Tapes are stored in standard tape storage cabinets under controlled humidity and temperature conditions.

NAFE FAA

Tapes are stored in containers in the 709 room and thus under temperature and humidity control.

CEIR

Tapes are labelled with Labelon Plastic Tape, they are shipped in special metal cases, they are stored in humidity and temperature controlled rooms, and fire extinguishers are placed throughout machine room and tape room.

Hughes

Outstanding features are high speed and reliability and the data synchronizer for simultaneous input, output, compute.

Tapes are stored in a humidity and temperature controlled storage room.

IBM Space

Outstanding features are data communications channel and direct data modification package to allow for high speed teletype input and specialized output for real-time operations, three channel operation for maximum overlapping operation, internal accounting clock and interval timer, and a tape switching device.

Tapes are stored in air conditioned, non-smoking areas in racks and cabinets. All tapes are numbered and catalogued as used; a punched card tape log is maintained. Little tape shipping is done.

Lockheed Burbank

An outstanding feature is that all work is run under a Monitor System which gives us the maximum usage of the machine.

Lockheed Sunnyvale

Outstanding features include a powerful set of input/output commands, indirect addressing, automatic priority processing, real time input, full word sense indicators, read-compute-write facilities, and a buffered input/output.

Magnetic tape labels are color coded for TTC, CTF, reserved and TTP with written identification and instructions. Some labels are machine printed for repeat jobs. Storage in original plastic containers and in conventional reel cabinets. Tapes are shipped (very little required) in original containers, plastic bag and cardboard cartons. Tapes are retained in the computer room where the temperature and humidity

is maintained at the recommended level. Studies are being made for acquisition of suitable fireproof containers for those tapes requiring special consideration.

System summary:

Binary (36 bits/word)
Single address - parallel operation
3 Index Registers
32,000 words of 12 microsecond access
Fixed and floating point commands
1 to 3 card readers (250 cards/min)
1 to 3 card punches (100 cards/min)
1 to 3 printers (150 lines/min)
Cathode ray display
15,000 char/sec magnetic tape

Martin Baltimore

Tapes are stripped once each month.

Martin Orlando

Tapes are stored in humidity controlled machine room. Protection against damage is maintained by retention file of early cycle master tapes in a remote area.

RCA Moorestown

Outstanding features are that the computer is used in a real-time control loop at the BMEWS Engineering Model Tracking Radar.

All tapes are stored in a computer area, TABCO Storage Bins. Magnetic tapes assigned by usage class, labels removed after printing unless permanent labels are used.

Present peripheral equipment consists of two 720 printers, one 714 card/tape device, and one 722 tape/card punch.

RCA Canaveral

An outstanding feature is the service provided by IBM.

Majority of tapes are classified. They are labelled and stored in a secure walk-in cage which is perforated for air conditioning and humidity control purposes. Label is a 1"x1" sticker.

This installation's primary function is the real time support of ballistic missile launches. Secondly, it is used for data reduction.

FUTURE PLANS

USA EPG Fort Huachuca

IBM 1401 Tape System to replace the present peripheral equipment.

USN FMR Pt Migu

Future plans provide for the continuing operation of the present computer system and concentration of development effort on the direct linkage of the computer to external instrumentation. The ultimate goal is to minimize the calendar time required to deliver missile test results to the project engineers for evaluation.

USN OTS China Lake

Consideration is presently being given to replacing the IBM 709 with the IBM 7090.

NAFE FAA

In March 1961 the 709 and peripheral equipment will be replaced by an IBM 7090 and 1401 System.

CEIR

An IBM 7090 to replace 709.

An IBM 7090 to be installed in New York, New York.

Ford

IBM 709 to be replaced by IBM 7090. IBM 1401's to be used as peripheral equipment.

IBM 7223 high speed (500 cards/minute) card reader being attached on-line to the 709.

Hughes

Possible acquisition of IBM 7090 EDPM to replace IBM 709. Use of IBM 1401 series for peripheral handling

of input-output.

Lockheed Burbank

Delivery of a 7090 Computer is expected. Its configuration will be 16 high speed Mode IV tapes, 32 K Core, On-Line Printer, and On-Line Card Reader.

Lockheed Sunnyvale

Installation of our first IBM 7090 System is scheduled. This consists of a four (4) channel, twenty (20) high density tape transports (62,500 characters per second), card reader, on line printer and on line card punch.

When this system becomes operational, one 709 will be removed.

Installation of the second IBM 7090 System is scheduled for several months later. This second 7090 System consists of the same configuration as the first 7090 System. When this system becomes operational, the second 709 will be removed.

Three IBM 1400 series systems are scheduled for delivery in early 1961. The first 1401 will be a model 1401-C with six tape transports. These systems will be used as input-output devices for the two 7090 Systems and will replace a majority of the off-line peripheral equipment now in use.

We are tentatively planning to make use of magnetic disc memory devices for data and program storage in the IBM 7090 Systems. These auxiliary memories would operate on line to the 7090 for processing runs and would be loaded and unloaded off-line using magnetic tape storage devices.

Martin Baltimore

A 1401 System is to replace our off line equipment. We intend to install a 7090 in the near future.

Martin Orlando

In 1961 an IBM 7070 with 10 tape units plus an IBM 1401 with 4 tape units will be installed to handle our inplant commercial programs. The programs planned for this equipment are as follows:

- Master Requirements Program
- Shop Order Control Program
- Scheduling and Machine Loading Programs (Short Term and Long Range)
- Material Control Program
- Payroll Program (Hourly and Salary)
- Cost Distribution Program (Material and Labor)
- Purchase Order Program

McDonnell

An IBM 7090 and two IBM 1401 Systems are scheduled.

Northern States

New components for 1961 include 2 IBM 1401 Model C-3 and 2 IBM 1401 Model D-3. To be retired in 1961 are 1 IBM 714 Card Reader, 3 IBM 720A Printer, and 3 IBM 722 Card Punches.

Phillips

Replacement and intended acquisition of new systems include replacing the IBM 709 with an IBM 7090 and 2 1401's, installation of a Burroughs Model 205 Computer with card I/O (new system). Installation of an additional IBM 650, Model 2, card I/O.

RCA Moorestown

Heavy usage (3.5 shifts) indicates early acquisition of a transistorized machine to reduce work load to one-shift operation. Machine not indicated by name at this time. Probably within one year. Two 1401 Model C Computers are on-order to replace present peripheral equipment.

RCA Patrick AFB

It is currently planned to replace 717 off-line printer with an IBM 1401 System, to replace the present 8,000 word core storage with a 32,000 word unit, and to replace off-line input-output equipment with an IBM 1401 System.

RCA Canaveral

It is currently planned to replace the present 8,000 word core storage with a 32,000 word unit.

Space Tech Labs (2)

Plan to replace both our IBM 709's with our IBM 7090's.
MIT

The 709 will be replaced by a 7090. It will have a third channel and four additional tape drives. Otherwise, it is compatible with the 709. The present off-line equipment will be replaced by two IBM 1401 Systems.

UCLA

1401 System on order for peripheral operations.

INSTALLATIONS

U. S. Army Ballistic Missile Agency
Computation Laboratory, Bldg. 4663
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama

U. S. Army Electronic Proving Ground
Fort Huachuca, Arizona

U. S. Navy Pacific Missile Range
Range Operations Department, Code 3280
Point Mugu, California

U. S. Naval Missile Facility
(Land-Air, Inc.)
Point Arguello, California

U. S. Naval Ordnance Test Station
China Lake, California

National Aviation Facilities Experimental Station
Simulation and Computation Branch
Atlantic City, New Jersey

C-E-I-R, Inc.
1200 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington 2, Virginia

Douglas Aircraft Company, Inc., Dept G-318 (2)
3000 Ocean Park Blvd.
Santa Monica, California

Ford Motor Company
Aeronutronic Division
Ford Road
Newport Beach, California

Hughes Aircraft Company
Building 6, Room F1022
Florence Avenue & Teale Street
Culver City, California

IBM Space Computing Center
615 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Lockheed Aircraft Corporation
Math Analysis Dept.
Burbank, California

Lockheed Aircraft Corporation
Missiles and Space Division, P. O. Box 504
Sunnyvale, California

The Martin Company
Missile Weapons Systems Division
Baltimore 3, Maryland

The Martin Company
Engineering Division
Orlando, Florida

McDonnell Aircraft Corporation
Box 516
St. Louis 66, Missouri

Northern States Power Company
1925 Sather Street
St. Paul 13, Minnesota

Phillips Petroleum Company
Adams Building, Computing Dept.
Bartlesville, Oklahoma

RCA Missile & Surface Radar Division
Building 116-1
Moorestown, New Jersey

RCA Service Company
Technical Laboratory, Bldg. 989
Patrick Air Force Base, Florida

RCA Service Company
Data Processing Division, Bldg. 2-1655
Cape Canaveral, Florida

Space Technology Laboratories, Inc. (2)
Computation & Data Reduction Center
2400 East El Segundo Boulevard
El Segundo, California

System Development Corporation
1923 Centinella Avenue
West Los Angeles, California

M. I. T. Lincoln Laboratory
P. O. Box 73
Lexington 73, Massachusetts

University of California L. R. L.
Box 808
Livermore, California

University of California
Western Data Processing Center
Los Angeles 24, California

Texas Engineering Experiment Station
Data Processing Center
College Station, Texas

IBM 1401

IBM 1401 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

System is designed and used for commercial applications, including payroll, railroad freight car accounting, public utility customer accounting, merchandising, and accounts receivable for retailers.

Hickok Manufacturing Co., Inc.

To be located at 850 St Paul Street, Rochester, New York, the system will be used for order processing (packing lists and shipping labels), invoicing, accounts receivable preparation, item sales statistics and forecasting, inventory planning and control, prime cost reports, customer statistics, salesmen's territory reports, and hourly payroll.

Western Electric Company, Inc. - Laureldale Plant
Located at Laureldale, Penna., the system will be used for a variety of data processing problems on a one shift basis. Initial plans are to convert major tabulating applications such as payrolls, labor distribution, order accounting and accounting analysis which will require twenty-five percent utilization and effect cost reduction in released punch card equipment and personnel. New applications planned

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

are inventory control, parts explosion, product in-process inventories and results, statistical analyses of product test results, X bar-R chart plotting, and cost bulletin.

Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Steam Division
Located at Lester Branch P.O., Philadelphia 13, Pa., the system is used as off-line equipment auxiliary to 7090, for tape-to-card operations, card-to-tape operations, tape-to-printer operations, card-to-printer operations, etc. In addition, as a computer for small jobs currently done on punched card tabulating equipment.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary coded decimal
Decimal digits/word	Variable length
Decimal digits/instruction	one to eight
Instructions per word	Variable length
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One or two address

Instruction word format

OP	A/I Address	B Address	d Modifier
X	XXX	XXX	X

OP	(A/I)	B
X	XXX	XXX

OP	(A/I)	d
X	XXX	

OP	(A/I)
X	XXX

OP	d
X	X

OP
X

- OP 1 character operation code
- A/I 3 character storage address where A is location of a data word or I is address of next instruction
- B 3 character storage address of a data word
- d 1 character modifier

Automatic coding includes a symbolic programming system.

Registers

- I Address Register
- A Address Register
- B Address Register
- A Register
- B Register
- A Index Register
- B Index Register
- AB Index Register

A and B Address Registers allow chaining of instructions, i.e., performing a series of operations on several fields that are in sequence in storage. Less time is required to perform the operations and space is saved in storing instructions.

Indexing is part of optional advanced programming feature which also includes abilities to move full records and to store A and B Address Registers for easy program modification.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access
	Microsec
Add	300 (8+8 digits)
Mult	1,960 (6x4 digits)
Div	2,170 (10/4 digits)

Multiply-Divide times are for the Multiply-Divide feature installed.

1401 is an "Add-to-Storage" system. No additional instructions or time is required to store results.

Arithmetic mode Serial (by character)

Timing Synchronous Asynchronous
(depending on function)

Operation Sequential Concurrent
(depending on function)

Timing - Operations

Card input/output can often be overlapped with processing.

Print output can be partially overlapped with processing; or can be completely overlapped with print storage installed.

Magnetic tape input/output is not overlapped. Internal processing is serial.

STORAGE

Manufacturer	Media	No. of Alphanum/Char	Access Microsec
	Core	1,400; 2,000; 4,000; 8,000; 12,000; 16,000	11.5
	Magnetic Disk (Type 1405) Model I	10,000,000	500,000 (Avg)
	Magnetic Disk (Type 1405) Model II	20,000,000	500,000 (Avg)
	50,000 two hundred character records on 25 discs (Model I).		
	100,000 two hundred character records on 50 discs (Model II).		
	Both models have two read-write arms.		
	Magnetic Tape		
	No. of units that can be connected	6 Units	
	No. of chars/linear inch of tape	556 Char/inch	
	Channels or tracks on the tape	7 Tracks/tape	
	Blank tape separating each record	0.75 Inches	
	Tape speed	75 Inches/sec	
	Transfer rate	15,000 to 62,500 Char/sec	
	Start time	7.3 or 10.8 Millisec	
	Stop time	7.3 or 10.8 Millisec	
	Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape 60 - 120 Seconds		
	Physical properties of tape		
	Width	0.5 Inches	
	Length of reel	2,400 Feet	
	Composition	Mylar	
	Two tape units can be specified: 729 II or 729 IV.		
	Mylar is DuPont's registered trademark for its polyester film.		
	Westinghouse		
	Medium	No. of Words	No. of Digits
	Magnetic Core	4000 char	6 bits/char, 1 parity bit, 1 word mark bit.

INPUT

Manufacturer	Media	Speed
	Cards (80 column Type 1402)	250 or 800 cards/min
	Magnetic Tape (729 II or 729 IV)	15,000 or 62,500 char/sec
	Dual density standard	
	Paper Tape	500 char/sec
	Reading is controlled by a panel which decodes the paper tape in binary coded decimal for 5, 6, 7 or 8 channel tape.	
	Optical Character Reader	290 to 400 documents/min
	Cards or documents may be read. Reader is under program control. Characters which may be read are the Type 407 print, .093 inches high. Characters which may be read are the integers 0 - 9, -, 1-, and a II . Paper or cards must have a horizontal width dimension of 5-7/8 inches minimum to a 8-3/4 inches maximum. The vertical dimensions are 2-3/4 inches minimum to 3-2/3 inches maximum. Option of one or two lines/document. Reading is serial, left to right.	
	Console Inquiry Station	Manual
	(Type 1407)	
	Modified IBM Electric Typewriter with a 12 inch carriage, using a continuous form.	

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced to date Over 2,800
 Time required for delivery 24 months
 Over 2,800 systems have been sold to date.

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer	Basic System	Cost	Monthly Rental
IBM 1401 Processing Unit, Model A-1		\$ 70,500	\$1,200
IBM 1402 Card Read Punch, Model 1		24,800	550
IBM 1403 Printer, Model 1		30,300	725
	Total	\$125,600	\$2,475
Additional Equipment			
IBM 729 II Magnetic Tape Unit		\$ 27,500	\$ 700
IBM 729 IV Magnetic Tape Unit (Maximum of 6 tape units)		59,000	1,100
Tape Input-Output Adapter Feature		22,700	980
IBM 1406 (Additional Core) Storage (3 models)		20,100 to 55,100	575 to 1,575

Maintenance contracts available for purchased or rented equipment.

Hickok Mfg Co.

Rental configuration scheduled for installation:

Type	Device	Description	Monthly Rental
1	1401	C03 Processing Unit	\$2,680
1		560 Multiply-Divide Md 1 B C	325
1		617 Print Storage Md 1 B C D	375
1		497 High Low-Eq Comp B C D	75
1	1403	002 Printer ARR A	775
1	1402	002 Card Read Punch	550
5	729	002 Magnetic Tape Unit	770 ea

WE - Laureldale Plant

The Laureldale Plant presently employs conventional punch card equipment for mechanized data processing. A feasibility study has recently been completed and an IBM 1401 data processing system has been recommended. Management is currently considering this recommendation.

The recommended components of the 1401 are as follows:

Machine	Model	Description	Monthly Rental
1401	B4	Processing Unit (4,000 positions)	\$ 1,630
	27	Advanced Programming-Index Registers	105
	321	Expanded Print Edit	20
	560	Multiply-Divide Device	325
	605	Additional Print Control	60
	611	Punch Feed Read	55
	497	High-Low-Equal Compare	75
	617	Print Storage	375
	627	Read Punch Release	25
	682	Sense Switches	15
1402	1	Card Read Punch	550
	619	Punch Feed Read	25
1403	2	Printer	775
1406	1	Storage (4,000 positions of Magnetic Core Storage)	575
		Total Monthly Rental	\$4,610

Westinghouse

System components are IBM 1401-c3, IBM 1402, IBM 1403, IBM 1406, and IBM 729 II. The approximate monthly rental is \$8,300.

Maintenance and service is provided by the manufacturer and is included in monthly rental.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer

Varies considerably according to installation and application.

Training made available by the manufacturer to the users includes programming and practical experience on systems.

Programming systems available are: symbolic programming system; generalized tape sorts; tape system utilities, including card-to-tape, tape-to-card, tape-to-printer; card report program generator; sub-routines; and debugging aids - service routines.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Manufacturer

Reliability is achieved by utilizing solid state devices, i.e. core storage, printed circuits, and transistorized circuits. Checking, as previously detailed, also provides reliability.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Manufacturer

Outstanding features are: high speed card input-output, high speed magnetic tape input-output, high speed on-line printing, completely variable length core storage assignments, "Add-to-Storage" simplifies programming, and single-instruction print editing.

Unique system advantages are: solid-state engineering, economical, independent data processing system, auxiliary system to 700/7000 series, and simplified programming.

Growth of the system is permissible in the basic card system, the advanced card system, and the card and magnetic system.

Optional features as required, are available.

INSTALLATIONS

Boston Naval Shipyard
 Boston, Massachusetts

General Electric Company, Inc.
 Missile and Space Vehicle Department
 3198 Chestnut Street
 Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania

General Insurance Company of America
 4347 Brooklyn Avenue
 Seattle 5, Washington

Hickok Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 850 St. Paul Street
 Rochester 1, N. Y.

Western Electric Company, Inc. - Laureldale Plant
 Marion and Vine Streets
 Laureldale, Pennsylvania

Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Steam Division
 Lester Branch P. O.
 Philadelphia 13, Pennsylvania

U. S. Army, Headquarters, TAGO
 Washington 25, D. C.

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
 Engineer Maintenance Center
 52 Starling Street
 Columbus 16, Ohio (Proposed)

U. S. Army Quartermaster Depot
Richmond, Virginia (Proposed)

U. S. Army Signal Supply Agency
225 S. 18th Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

U. S. Navy Administrative Office
EXOS, AO, EAD, EDPB
Washington 25, D. C. (Proposed)

U. S. Navy Bureau of Yards and Docks
Washington 25, D. C. (Proposed)

U. S. Navy Mare Island Shipyard
Vallejo, California

U. S. Naval Ordnance Laboratory
White Oak
Silver Spring, Maryland

U. S. Navy Ships Parts Control Center
Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania

U. S. Air Force Air Defense Command
Ent Air Force Base
Colorado Springs, Colorado (Proposed)

U. S. Air Force Aviation Supply Office
700 Robbins Avenue
Philadelphia 11, Pennsylvania

U. S. Air Force Mathematical Services Laboratory
Eglin Air Force Base, Florida

U. S. Air Force Mobile Air Materiel Area
Brookley Air Force Base, Alabama

U. S. Air Force San Bernardino Air Materiel Area
Norton Air Force Base, California

Wright Air Development Center, ARDC
Directorate of Systems Engineering
Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio (Proposed)

Air Weather Service
Climatic Center
225 D Street, S.E.
Washington 25, D. C. (Proposed)

U. S. Department of Agriculture (5)
Commodity Stabilization Service
New Orleans, Louisiana

Bureau of Flight Standards
Federal Aviation Agency
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Department of Health, Education & Welfare
Social Security Administration
Candler Building
Baltimore 2, Maryland (Proposed)

National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Lewis Research Center
Cleveland 35, Ohio

Tennessee Valley Authority
116 Old Post Office
Chattanooga, Tennessee

U. S. Treasury Department
Internal Revenue Service
10th - Constitution Avenues
Washington, D. C.

Veterans Administration
Data Processing Center
Hines, Illinois (Proposed)

American Telephone & Telegraph Company
Mount Kisco, New York (Proposed)

American Telephone & Telegraph Company (4)
50 Varick Street
New York, N. Y. (Proposed)

AVCO Corporation
Crosley Division
1329 Arlington Street
Cincinnati 29, Ohio (Proposed)

Bank of America (4)
500 Howard Street
San Francisco, California

Bankers Life Insurance Company of Nebraska
Cotner at O Street
Lincoln, Nebraska

Bell Telephone Laboratories (3)
Murray Hill, New Jersey (Proposed)

Bell Telephone Laboratories (3)
Whippany Road
Whippany, New Jersey (Proposed)

California Institute of Technology
Jet Propulsion Laboratory
4800 Oak Grove Drive
Pasadena 3, California

Chase Manhattan Bank
57 William Street, Room 200
New York, N. Y.

Combustion Engineering, Inc.
200 Madison Avenue
New York 16, N. Y.
(Installation Newark, New Jersey)

Consolidated Edison Company of New York
4 Irving Place
New York 3, N. Y.

Convair (2)
Fort Worth, Texas (Proposed)

Eastman Kodak Company (2)
Rochester, New York

El Paso Natural Gas Company (2)
P. O. Box 1492
El Paso, Texas

Esso Standard (2)
Humble Oil & Refining Company
P. O. Box 551
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Firestone Tire & Rubber Company (2)
Akron 17, Ohio

Ford Motor Company
Dearborn Stamping Plant, Box 494
Controller's Office
Dearborn, Michigan (Proposed)

Ford Motor Company (2)
Ford Division
Rotunda and Southfield
Dearborn, Michigan (Proposed)

Ford Motor Company (2)
Manufacturing Services
Rouge Office Building
Dearborn, Michigan (Proposed)

General Motors Corporation (2)
A. C. Spark Plug Division
1300 N. Dort Highway
Flint, Michigan (Proposed)

General Motors Corporation
Allison Division
Indianapolis 6, Indiana

General Motors Corporation
 Research Laboratories
 12 Mile and Mound Roads
 Warren, Michigan

Gulf Research & Development Company
 P. O. Drawer 2038
 Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania (Proposed)

Hughes Aircraft Company
 5405 West 102nd Street
 Los Angeles, California (Proposed)

International Business Machines Corporation
 Scientific Computations Laboratory
 Endicott, New York

International Business Machines Corporation
 Data Systems Division
 Poughkeepsie, New York

International Business Machines Corporation
 Methods DS Manufacturing
 South Road
 Poughkeepsie, New York

International Harvester Company
 1301 West 22nd Street
 Broadview, Illinois (Proposed)

International Harvester Company
 Motor Truck Division, Box 1109
 Meyer Road
 Fort Wayne, Indiana

The Marquardt Corporation
 16555 Saticoy Street
 Van Nuys, California

The Martin Company
 Baltimore, Maryland (Proposed)

The Martin Company
 Denver, Colorado

Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Company (3)
 900 Bush Avenue
 St Paul 6, Minnesota

Newport News Ship and Drydock Company
 Washington Avenue
 Newport News, Virginia (Proposed)

The Ohio Oil Company (2)
 539 South Main Street
 Findlay, Ohio

Pratt and Whitney (2)
 Florida Research & Development Center
 United, Florida

Republic Aviation Corporation
 Farmingdale, L. I., New York

Sandia Corporation (2)
 Albuquerque, New Mexico (Proposed)

Service Bureau Corporation
 IBM Plant
 San Jose, California

Socony Mobil Oil Company, Inc.
 150 E. 42nd Street
 New York 17, N. Y.

Standard Oil Company of California
 Electronic Computing Center
 225 Bush Street
 San Francisco 20, California (Proposed)

Standard Oil Company of Indiana
 EDP Department
 2400 New York Avenue
 Whiting, Indiana

Standard Oil Company of Ohio (3)
 717 Republic Building
 Cleveland 15, Ohio

Texaco, Incorporated (11)
 P. O. Box 2332
 Houston 1, Texas

Western Electric Company (3)
 77 South Wacker Drive
 Chicago 23, Illinois (Proposed)

Western Electric Company (3)
 100 Central Avenue
 Kearny, New Jersey

Westinghouse Electric Corporation
 Sharpsville Avenue
 Sharon, Pennsylvania (Proposed)

Johns Hopkins University
 Johns Hopkins Road
 Scaggsville, Maryland

Midwestern Universities Research Association
 2203 University Avenue
 Madison 5, Wisconsin

Yale University
 Computing Center
 135 Prospect Street
 New Haven, Connecticut

REMARKS

General Motors Allison Division
 The 1401-1 is scheduled for shipment. The present specifications and prices are as follows:

Qty	Unit	Monthly Rental
1	1401 C-3	\$3,385.03

This price includes:
 Advanced programming \$105
 Column Binary 100
 High-Low-Equal Compare 75
 Print Storage 375

1	1402	558.25
1	1403-2	786.63
2	729 II	at 710.50

The 1401-2 is also scheduled for shipment. The present specifications and prices are the same as the 1401-1 above with the exception of 1 729 II.

The 1401-3 is scheduled for shipment in May 1961. The present specifications and prices are as follows:

1	1401 C-4	\$3,801.18
---	----------	------------

This price includes:
 Advanced programming \$105
 Column Binary 100
 High-Low-Equal Compare 75
 Print Storage 375
 Multiply Divide 325
 Back Space File RPQ 40

1	1402	558.25
1	1403	786.63
1	1406	583.63
1	729 II	710.50

IBM 1410

IBM 1410 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

The new IBM 1410 greatly extends the range of intermediate computers for commercial data processing. Together, the 1410 and the 1401 system form a compatible machine family. Transition from a 1401 to a 1410 is possible with a minimum of system development costs.

Shown here is an expanded RAMAC 1410 system. The 1410 comes in card, magnetic tape, RAMAC and RAMAC tape models. With five RAMAC disk storage units, the 1410 can store 100-million characters of information for in-line processing.

Operator is seated at the 1415 console. From left to right in background are the 1403 printer, the 1402 card read punch, the 1411 processing unit and the 1011 paper tape reader. The girl is standing in front of the 1412 magnetic character reader used with the 1410 in banking applications. To her right are a 1405 disk storage unit, a 7330 low-cost magnetic tape unit and two 729 magnetic tape units. The 1410 can handle a total of twenty tape units.

APPLICATIONS

Portions of this description have been reprinted by permission from IBM General Information Manual 1410 Data Processing System, Copyright 1960 by International Business Machines Corporation.

Large volume commercial data processing and rapid scientific computations. System is available in a variety of configurations. The three basic configurations are the IBM 1410 Card System, the IBM 1410 Tape System and the IBM RAMAC 1410 System.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system Binary coded decimal
Decimal digits/word Variable
Decimal digits/instruction 1 to 12
Instruction word format

Op Code	A-or I-address	B-address	d-character
X	XXXXX	XXXXX	X
	(X-control field) XXX		

Operations which may be performed are addressing operations, program control operations, arithmetic operations, logic operations, indexing, general data operations, input-output operations and checking operations.

To read out an address from storage, a device is needed to accept the address characters and keep them until the complete address has been read out. The devices used to do this are the address registers.

Instruction Address Register. The Instruction Address Register is a 5-character register. The address read into it specifies the initial address of an instruction in core storage.

A-Address Register. This register accepts a 5-character address that specifies the storage location of the first A-field character involved in the operation.

B-Address Register. This register accepts a 5-character address that specifies the storage location of the first B-field character involved in the operation.

Op Register. The Op-register (operation) is a 1-character register that stores the operation code of the instruction in process.

I/O Channel Select Register, Unit Select Register, and Unit Number Register. These registers accept the hundreds, tens, and unit positions of the X-control field that designates an I/O device. The hundreds position specifies the data transmission channel.

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

The tens position specifies the I/O device. The units position specifies the number of that device such as tape drive 2.

There are 15 Indexing Registers of 5 characters each.

The 1410 uses stored-program instructions to cause input and output devices to operate. These instructions perform all the tape, RAMAC, arithmetic, logical, general data, and miscellaneous operations. The actual operation to be performed is indicated by the format and contents of the instruction itself.

The basic instruction format for the 1410 is divided into 4 parts - the operation code, the A-or I-address (5-characters), the B-address (5-characters), and a 4-character modifier to the operation code. Because of the variable length instruction format, the length of a valid instruction can vary from 1 to 12 characters. An instruction word may also have an X-control field (3-characters) which designates an input-output device.

Programming aids include basic autocoder, advanced autocoder, with Macro instructions and an input/output package, FORTRAN, report generator, tape sorts, RAMAC sorts, utility programs, and COBOL.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Add to storage system of logic is used to perform these operations.

Arithmetic mode	Parallel
Timing	Synchronous
Operation	Concurrent

STORAGE

Media	No. of Characters	Access Microsec
Magnetic Core	40,000	4.5/char
Magnetic Disc (1405)	10,000,000 (Model 1) 20,000,000 (Model 2)	100,000 min 800,000 max

Up to 5 disc units may be connected to the system. Thus, 5 Model 2 RAMAC units will have a capacity of 100,000,000 digits.

Magnetic Tape 729 (II and IV)

No. of units that can be connected	10 Units
No. of char/linear inch	200 or 556 Char/inch
Channels or tracks on the tape	7 Tracks/tape
Blank tape separating each record	0.75 Inches
Tape speed	75 or 112.5 Inches/sec
Transfer rate	15,000; 22,500; 41,667; 62,500 Chars/sec

Start time	10.8 or 7.3 Millisec
Stop time	10.8 or 7.3 Millisec

Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape 30 - 60 Seconds

Physical properties of tape	
Width	0.5 Inches
Length of reel	2,400 Feet
Composition	Mylar

Mylar is DuPont's registered trade mark for Polyester Film.

IBM Magnetic Tape Unit 7330 operates at less speed and cost than the 729 Units. Both units utilize the two gap head and dual level sensing. Thus, a parity error is detected when the character is written.

Characteristics of the disc files are 10 or 20 million alpha-numeric characters per file, up to five files - 100,000,000 characters, up to 3 arms per file - maximum of 12 arms to a system, 200 characters per record, average access time - 500 ms. - 600 ms., one instruction to read a full track - 1,000 characters, and read and write overlapped with processing if overlap device is on Channel 1.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Cards (1402-2 Read/punch)	800 cards/min
Magnetic Tape	
729 II	15,000 or 41,000 char/sec
729 IV	22,500 or 62,500 char/sec
7330	7,200 or 20,000 char/sec
Paper Tape	500 char/sec

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Cards (1402-2 Read/punch)	250 cards/min
Printer (1403)	600 lines/min
Magnetic Tape	As above

System utilizes an IBM 1414 Input-Output synchronizer, allowing CPU to compute while an input-output device is operating. Card units are completely buffered and checked. Printer operates at 75 inches/second, 100 or 132 char/line, with high speed carriage skipping. Magnetic tape units have optional overlap

and dual gap heads for write checking.

The characteristics of the input-output synchronizers are:

The 1414-I has controls for 729 Tape Units and can attach 10 tapes to 1414-I.

The 1414-II has controls for 7330 Tape Units and can attach 10 tapes to 1414-II.

The 1414-III has controls for 1402 Card Read/punch and 1403 Printer, can attach 1-1402 and 1-1403, and has controls and buffers for other devices, e.g. paper tape input at 500 char/sec, which uses 5, 6, 7, or 8 channel tape.

System can have a maximum of three 1414's, one 1414-III, and two 1414-II's or I's, thus a maximum of 20 tapes is possible.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

System is composed of solid state, printed circuit, modular-cube components.

CHECKING FEATURES

Special checking features in the IBM 1410 Data Processing System assure reliability and accuracy of results. Checks must be made on the validity of data handled by the input-output units and one the handling of data within the system itself. Some of the checks include: legitimate instruction codes, arithmetic overflows, valid signs of numerical quantities, and many others.

In many cases, it is not necessary to interrupt machine operation when an error condition is detected. The programmer can insert branch instructions to recognize certain types of errors as exceptions. An error in reading a record from tape, for example, can be programmed to backspace the tape and re-read the record. If a correct reading is obtained the second time, normal operation continues. If the error persists, operation can be interrupted, or the incorrect record can be noted and operation continued.

Some machine check indicators, however, stop all processing immediately. They indicate such conditions as: a blown fuse, a broken tape, and card jams.

Three internal self-checking features incorporated into that 1410 system are parity, validity, and hole count.

Parity Checking

The 1410 uses an odd-bit parity system of recording binary-coded-decimal information. Each character is checked at various locations in the system to be sure that it has an odd number of bits.

If a parity error occurs, a console light is turned on to indicate the error location.

Validity Checking

If an invalid combination of punches enters the system through the card reader, the validity-check circuits detect it and turn on the read-check light on the card reader.

Hole-Count Checking

To provide additional reliability of data that are read or punched, the system employs a hole-count check feature. To perform hole-count checking, the system keeps an internal count of the total number of holes read from each column at the read-check station. The system compares this number against another count of the total number of holes read from the same column of the same card, when it passes the read station. Hole-count checking is also performed during punching operations. The count of the total number of holes to be punched in each column is retained internally for one punch-feed cycle. Another column-

by-column hole count is taken when this same card passes the punch-check station, and the two counts are compared.

If a hole-count error (unequal comparison of hole-count totals) occurs in the reader or punch, the system indicates the unit in error.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Unit	Dimensions (Inches)			Weight (Lbs) (Maximum)	Service Sides	Clearance (Inches)		KVA
	Width	Depth	Height			Front	Rear	
1402 Model 2	58	30 5/8	45	1,400	36	36		
1403	47 3/4	29	53 1/4	750	30	36		
1405	61	30	70	2,090	48	30		5.3
1411	146	31	70	2,800	2	43		14.0
1414 Models 1, 2, 3	38	31	70	600	2	43		
1414 Model 4	74	31	70	1,200	2	43		
1415	70	29	44	300	-	-		
729 II, IV	29 1/8	33 7/8	69 1/4	1,200	2	30		1.5
7330	29	31	58	500	2	30		1.0
Compressor	40	33	29	700	30	30		4.0

System requires 208V or 230V ($\pm 10\%$), 3 phase, 60 cycle.

Arrangement of units of the 1410 depends largely on the size and shape of the machine area, the system configuration, and the cable lengths available. Other factors to consider are customer-engineering service space, operator convenience, and visibility of units from a central operating position. Where space is limited, service clearance of adjacent units may overlap.

Storage and file area for cards, forms, and magnetic tape should be located conveniently in or near the machine room. Space near the 1410 is also required for customer-engineering test and maintenance equipment.

The 1410 system does not require raised flooring. However, a raised floor reduces the possibility of damage to cables, and presents a more attractive appearance of the installation.

Air conditioning equipment must maintain the machine-room area within certain limits of temperature and humidity:

Temperature 60 - 90°F.

Relative humidity 20 - 80%

Air Filtration 20% minimum (by National Bureau of Standards discoloration test)

These limits can be extended to 50-110°F. and 0-80% R. H. during non-operational periods. Low temperature and high humidity may cause moisture condensation. High temperatures deteriorate solid-state components.

If IBM cards and magnetic tape are not stored in the machine room, the storage area should be maintained at 50-90°F. and 30-65% R. H. for IBM cards, and 40-120°F. and 0-80% R. H. for magnetic tape. Recording instruments are recommended to provide a continuous record of temperature and humidity conditions in both the machine room and storage area.

Normal room air conditioning is usually adequate to accommodate the added heat generated. The table shows the approximate heat dissipation and air-flow for units of the 1410 system.

Unit	BTU/hr	CFM
1402 Model 2	5,600	390
1403	2,600	310
1405 (first unit)	7,240	800
each additional 1405	4,400	600
1411	18,000	2,000
1414 Model 1	2,130	500
Model 2	1,825	500
Model 3	2,560	500
Model 4	5,560	1,000
1415	940	--
729 II	4,310	350
IV	3,520	350
7330	2,400	400
Compressor	10,800	300

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Basic System	
Central Processing Unit	1411
Card Read-Punch	1402-2
High Speed Printer	
Console	1415
Additional Equipment	
Magnetic Tape	729 II
Magnetic Tape	729 IV
Magnetic Tape	7330
Disc Storage	1405
Input-Output Synchronizer	1414-1-2-3-4

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

- Add to memory type instructions
- Add two fields and store result in one instruction
- No limit on size of result
- Table look-up on high-low-equal or any combination
- Edit, and expanded edit, are standard
- Multiply and divide are standard
- Any instruction can be indexed
- Fifteen 5-position index registers
- Increment or decrement
- Move entire record or any part with one instruction
- Additional logical instructions
 - High-low-equal compare
 - Zero balance test
 - Overflow test
 - Test digit or character
- Store address register instructions

INSTALLATIONS

International Business Machines Corporation
590 Madison Avenue
New York, N. Y.

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

Engineer adjusts paper tape which feeds data to IBM 1620 Data Processing System at the rate of 150 characters a second. The IBM 1620 is a compact, all-transistorized computer which handles the complicated formulas encountered in solving engineering and scientific problems in industry. Additions and subtractions are performed by the 1620 at the rate of more than 1700 a second for five-digit numbers. The use of conventional decimal arithmetic and simplified programming techniques, large-capacity core memory, and high-speed operation are among features of the new computer. A general purpose computer in the scientific area that features magnetic core storage.

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

System is used for the solution of problems in petroleum, public utilities, optics, general manufacturing, general engineering, civil engineering, and electronics. American Machine & Foundry Co., Mechanics Research Div. Located at 7501 North Natchez Avenue, Niles, Illinois, the system is used primarily for parachute design, thermodynamics (e.g. heat engines), structural design, soil loading, operations research, and servo system analysis.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Manufacturer

Internal number system	Binary coded decimal
Decimal digits/word	Variable field
Decimal digits/instruction	12
Instructions/word	Variable field 1 per 12 digits
Instructions decoded	32
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
	Variable field fixed point; programmed floating point (8.5 millisecc/floating add).
Instruction type	Two address
Number range	Variable field

Instruction word format					
1	2	3	7	8	12
Operation		P Address		Q Address	

Automatic coding includes Symbolic Programming System, ForTran, and Go Tran.

Indirect addressing plus immediate instructions are available instead of indexing. Immediate instructions are standard. Indirect addressing is optional at \$25 monthly rental. Branch transmit instruction provides single instruction linkage to subroutines.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Manufacturer

Incl Stor Access
Microsec

Add (10 digit) 960
Mult (10 digit) 17,700
Div 16,800

The 1620 is a 2-address system and times given above include access time to the two operands and the storing of the result.

Divide time includes loading dividends.

Table look up arithmetic is used. Table is stored in main memory of magnetic cores.

Arithmetic mode Serial
Timing Synchronous
Operation Sequential

STORAGE

Manufacturer

Medium	No. of Words	Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Core	Variable Field	20,000-60,000	20

INPUT

Manufacturer

Media	Speed
Paper Tape	150 char/sec (8-channel)
Typewriter	Manual (Alphanumeric)
Cards	250 cards/min (Buffered)

OUTPUT

Manufacturer

Media	Speed
Paper Tape	15 char/sec (8-channel)
Typewriter	10 char/sec (Alphanumeric)
Cards	125 cards/min (Buffered)

Manufacturer

Components	Model or Feature No.
1620 Central Processing Unit	1
Automatic Divide	47
Indirect Addressing	493
1621 Paper Tape Reader	1
1622 Card Read Punch	1
1623 Core Storage	
(20,000 positions)	1
(40,000 positions)	2
961 Tape Punch (8-track)	1

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Model or Feature No.	Monthly Charge	Purchase Price	Monthly Maintenance Charge Based on Age of Machine in Months		
			0-36	37-72	73-108
1	\$1,375	\$64,000	\$76.75	\$78.50	\$81.00
47	55	2,400	2.75	2.75	2.75
493	25	1,150	1.50	1.50	1.50
1	200	9,100	14.50	14.50	17.50
1	625	30,000	51.00	68.25	94.00
1	800	39,500	29.00	32.50	36.00
2	1,275	62,400	35.75	39.50	45.25
1	25	1,400	4.75	5.25	6.75

Monthly charges and rental rate, plus taxes when applicable. (Note: In our opinion, the 1620 system, with the exception of the 961 Tape Punch, at the present time is considered not to be subject to Manufacturers' Federal Exise Tax.)

Monthly maintenance charge applies to first 176 hours of use. Each hour of use beyond the 176 is billable at the rate of 1/176th of the charge listed.

Purchase price plus charge to field install of \$40.00 for Automatic Divide, \$35.00 for Indirect Addressing.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Diodes/Quan	Diodes/Quan	Diodes/Quan
GS 174	AES 48	AS 1
FS 342	JS 24	AU 26
AAS 498		
Transistors/Quan	Transistors/Quan	Transistors/Quan
- 4	039 969	078 36
015 48	065 48	083 172
025 436	071 78	086 40
033 1,357		
Magnetic Cores/Quan	Magnetic Cores/Quan	Magnetic Cores/Quan
17 120,000		24 200
18 384		

CHECKING FEATURES

Parity check on input, output, and internal manipulations of data.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Manufacturer

Power, computer 2 Kw
Area, computer 22 sq ft
Weight, computer 1,210 lbs

Special air conditioning or site preparation are not required.

AMF

Installed in air conditioned building. No special modifications were made.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Time required for delivery 10 months

AMF

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

One supervisor and one programmer for one 8-hour shift. Operation tends toward open shop. Methods of training includes group instruction in Fortran.

FUTURE PLANS

The following organizations are replacing their IBM 610 Systems with the IBM 1620 Systems:
U. S. Naval Propellant Plant, Crane, Indiana
U. S. Army Transportation Research Command, Mathematical Sciences Division, Fort Eustis, Virginia
Lockheed Electronics Company, Plainfield, New Jersey
University of Louisville, Computing Laboratory, Louisville 8, Kentucky

INSTALLATIONS

American Machine & Foundry Co., Mechanics Research Division, 7501 N. Machez Avenue, Niles, Illinois
Institute of Technology, Air University, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio

IBM 7070

IBM 7070 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation
590 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

System is used in the many areas of management decision criteria such as engineering design and development, research, accounting controls and reports, production, inventory controls and reports, and mathematical models.

U. S. Army Oversea Supply Agency

Located at the Brooklyn Army Terminal, Brooklyn 50, New York, the computer will be used to validate, edit, maintain supply status and render reports for requisitions received from Oversea Commands serviced by this Agency.

U.S.A.F. 1608th Air Transport Wing (MATS)

Located at the Statistical Services Division, Charleston Air Force Base, South Carolina, the system is used for the solution of problems in materiel, maintenance, personnel, accounting and finance, air operations, vehicle management, and civil engineering.

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

Union Carbide Chemicals Company

Located at the Union Carbide Chemical Company, Tech. Center, South Charleston, West Virginia, the system is used for engineering design calculations connected with building new plants and chemical processes, reduction and analysis of experimental data pertaining to research and development of new processes, and (future) business and data processing applications including cost accounting, inventory control and payroll.

Brown University

Located at the Division of Applied Mathematics, 180 George Street, Providence 6, R. I., the system is used for education in numerical analysis, data processing, and computer applications and for the conduct of research in computer applications in the physical, biological and social sciences, mathematics and linguistics.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Manufacturer	
Internal number system	Decimal
	2 out of 5 fixed count code
Decimal digits/word	10 plus sign
Decimal digits/instruction	10 plus sign
Instructions per word	1
Instructions decoded	241
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
	Floating point (optional)
Instruction type	One address
Ability of addressing any part of a word	
Number range	Fixed $-10^{10} < x < +10^{10}$
	Floating $\pm 10^{-50} < x < \pm 10^{49}$

Instruction word format

Sign	Two Digit Operation Code	Two Digit Indexing Address	Field Control	Address of Data to be Processed
X	X	X	X	X
			X	X
			X	X
			X	X
			X	X

Automatic built-in subroutines include interrupt system, edit commands, tape compression, table look-up, and record scatter-gather.

Automatic coding

Autocoder is a technique of programming which allows the 7070 to generate many machine instructions for one written operation; easily adaptable to commercial problems.

Fortran is a technique of programming in which the 7070 accepts problems written in formulae form; easily adaptable to scientific work.

Report generator is a generalized program permitting report preparation from any tape file containing the basic data required.

Input-output control system is a package which when included in a program automatically schedules simultaneous reading, writing and processing functions.

In addition to the above, utility routines, sort and merge programs and simulation routines are available for the 7070.

Registers

There are 99 words which may be designated as index words simplifying program preparation through automatic address modification and multiple use of single instructions. There are three addressable accumulators, an arithmetic register (intermediate storage) and an auxiliary register.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Manufacturer	
	Fixed Point
	Incl Stor Access
	Microsec
Add	72
Mult	672-1,488
Div	792-984 (1 to 5 in quotient)
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)	
The arithmetic unit is constructed of transistors, diodes, and magnetic cores.	
Arithmetic mode	Serial (adder)
Timing	Synchronous (Central Proc Unit)
	Asynchronous (Input-output Devices)
Operation	Sequential (Central Proc Unit)
	Concurrent (Input-output Devices)

The arithmetic unit is not an isolated unit.

Through a standard automatic priority processing feature, an input or output device can signal a 7070 stored program immediately on completion of an operation. On the basis of priority signals, a stored program can determine which steps to perform next to optimize utilization of all components.

STORAGE

Manufacturer			
Media	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Microsec
Magnetic Core	5,000-9,990	50,000 to 99,900	6
Disc Storage	600,000 to 4,800,000	6 to 48 million	100-850 mil/sec

Disc storage access time is 100 to 850 milliseconds

Magnetic Tape

No. of units that can be connected	40 Units
No. of char/linear inch of tape	556 Char/inch
Channels or tracks on the tape	7 Tracks/tape
Blank tape separating record	0.75 Inches
Tape speed	112.5 Inches/sec
Transfer rate	62.5K Char/sec
Start time	7.3 Millisec
Stop time	7.3 Millisec

Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape 60 Seconds

Physical properties of tape

Width	0.5 Inches
Length of reel	200-2,400 Feet
Composition	Mylar base

The above specifications reflect but one tape unit (729-4). There are other tape speeds attainable through another tape unit (729-2) with the tapes completely compatible. Mylar is DuPont's registered trademark for its polyester film.

USA OSA			
Core	10,000	100,000	6
USAF MATS			
Magnetic Core	5,000	50,000	6
Magnetic Disk	2,400,000	24,000,000	100-850 Millisec

UCC			
Magnetic Cores	5,000	50,000	6

Brown Univ			
Magnetic Core	5,000		
Magnetic Tape	4 units		

INPUT

Manufacturer	
Media	Speed
Card Reader	500 cards/min
Magnetic Tape	15,000; 22,500; 41,600; 62,500 char/sec
Typewriter Remote Inq. Console	Manual
USA OSA	
Cards and	62,500 char/sec magnetic tape.
USAF MATS	
Cards and	41,667 char/sec magnetic tape.
UCC	
Cards	
Brown Univ.	
Cards, magnetic tape, and typewriter	

OUTPUT

Manufacturer	
Media	Speed
Card Punch	250 cards/min
Magnetic Tape	15,000; 22,500; 41,600; 62,500 char/sec
Printer	150 lines/min 120 alphanum char/line
Typewriter	600 char/min
Peripheral operations i.e. card to tape, tape to printer, and tape to card will in many cases replace card input, printer and card output and be done by the IBM 1401 Data Processing System. Speeds are as follows:	
Card Read	800 cards/min
Printer	600 lines/min
Card Punch	250 cards/min
USA OSA	
Tape	62,500 char/sec
Card	250 cards/min
Typewriter	10 char/sec
USA F MATS	
Magnetic Tape	41,667 char/sec (729 II Tape Drive)
Punched Cards	250 cards/min
UCC	
Cards	250 cards/min
Brown Univ.	
Cards, printer, magnetic tape, and typewriter.	

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Manufacturer		
Type	Quantity	
Magnetic Cores	300,000	5,000 words memory
	600,000	10,000 words memory

CHECKING FEATURES

Manufacturer

The transfer of information between memory and the arithmetic and programming unit or input/output devices is completely checked for validity.

All input/output devices including card readers, card punches, tape units and printers are validity checked on transfer of information. For example, tape units have dual read/write heads which check writing validity at the time the record is created.

All arithmetic operations are checked.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Manufacturer

Power, computer 19.3 KVA
Weight, computer 23,150 lbs
It is suggested that the space requirements for the 7070 be extracted from actual installations, as this figure can vary widely. Physical planning manual available from manufacturer.

USA OSA

Power, computer 30 Kw 54 KVA 0.75 pf
Power, air cond 54 Kw 72 KVA 0.75 pf
Volume, computer 1,130 cu ft
Volume, air conditioner 800 cu ft
Area, computer 1,600 sq ft
Area, air conditioner 800 sq ft
Room size, computer 40 ft x 40 ft
Room size, air condi 20 ft x 40 ft
Floor loading 400 lbs/sq ft
Capacity, air condition 2,800 lbs concen max
50 Tons (incl transceiver room)

Weight, computer 41,000 lbs
Weight, air conditioner 15,000 lbs
Site preparation consisted of building modification, power installation, floating floors and air conditioning.

USA F MATS

Power, computer 39.8 KVA
Power, air conditioner 24 Kw
UCC

Power, computer 18.6 KVA
Area, computer 864 sq ft
Floating floor.
Brown Univ.

Computer is housed in a separate building, designed by Philip Johnson, Associates, for the purpose.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Manufacturer
Time required for delivery approx 12 months

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer		Model	Monthly Rental	Purchase Price
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	2	\$ 700	\$ 27,500
		4	900	48,500
7150	Console Cntrl Unit	1	300	13,050
7300	Disk Storage	1	975	62,200
		2	1,500	74,800
7301	Core Storage	1	3,500	160,000
		2	6,800	285,400
7400	Printer	1	950	41,500
7500	Card Reader	1	400	18,000
7501	Console Card Reader	1	75	3,700
7550	Card Punch	1	550	24,600
7600	Input-Output Control	1	1,400	63,000
		2	800	33,000
7601	Arith & Prog Cntrl	1	3,000	138,100
7602	Core Storage Control	1	1,400	65,200
		2	1,600	73,950
		3	1,500	69,800
		4	1,800	83,800
		5	1,900	88,500
7603	Input-Output Synch	1	1,000	46,050
		2	1,300	59,250
		3	1,350	62,050
		4	1,650	75,250
		5	2,000	91,250
		6	1,700	78,050
		7	1,600	72,450
		8	1,950	88,450
		9	2,300	104,450
7604	Tape Control	1	2,700	122,550
		2	1,850	94,000
7605	Disk Storage Cntrl	1	3,900	174,000
7802	Power Converter	1	400	18,700
7900	Inquiry Station	1	250	10,300

Maintenance contract available

A sample 7070 installation rental is as follows:

Quantity	Machine Type	Monthly Rental
8	729-2 Tape Units	\$5,600
1	7150 Console Control Unit	300
1	7301 Core Storage (5,000 words)	3,500
1	7501 Console Card Reader	75
1	7600 Input/output Control	825
1	7601 Arith, & Prog. Control	3,000
1	7602 Core Storage Control	1,600
1	7604 Tape Control (2 channel)	2,700
1	7802 Power Converter	400
		<u>\$18,000</u>

This is a tape-oriented system. For card-tape, tape-card, tape-printer operations, a 1401 machine would be used. This equipment is described elsewhere in the writeups.

The above rental rates include customer engineering maintenance and parts and cover the first 176 hours a month the system is in use. Each hour of use thereafter is subject to a rate of 1/176 of 40%.

A maintenance contract is available for components of a purchased system at rates per a published schedule.

Purchase price, typical system: \$813,250
 Rental price, typical system: \$ 17,400 monthly
 USA OSA

Rental is \$27,950/month.

1-727 Tape Drive, 1-720 II Printer, and 1-760 Printer Control, rents at a total of \$4,950/month.

Maintenance included in rental.

USAF MATS

Quantity	Type	Monthly Rental
1	7150	\$ 300
2	7300	3,000
1	7301	3,500
1	7500	400
1	7550	550
1	7600	1,400
1	7601	3,000
1	7602	1,900
1	7603	2,050
1	7604	2,700
1	7605	3,900
1	7802	400
1	7900	250
4	729	2,800
1	533	765
2	Typewriter	420
		<u>\$27,335</u>

UCC

Basic 7070/card input/card output cost \$580,000. 407 Printer, storage for panel boards, keypunch, and above system rental at \$12,700/month.

The 407 rents at \$850/month.

Brown Univ.

A 7070 System, with 4 tape drives, automatic floating point, on line printer and 407 tabulator is purchased.

Key punches, reproducer and sorter are rented. Service contract with IBM for purchased system.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer

The number of people required will vary a great deal based upon type of work (scientific, commercial mix), type of industry coupled with application.

Education training, program testing, technical assistance on all phases is available.

USA OSA

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	4	4
Analysts	8	8
Programmers-Coders	12	16
Clerks	1	4

Methods of training used includes internal orientation, IBM programming school and on-the-job training.

USAF MATS

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	4	4
Analysts	8	8
Programmers-Coders	20	20
Librarians	1	1
Operators	1	1
Engineers	1	1
In-Output Oper	1	1
Tape Handlers	1	1

Methods of training used includes contractor schools and on-the-job training.

UCC

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	3	
Analysts	2	
Programmers	3	
Operators	2	

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used is manufacturer's training.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Manufacturer

System features and construction techniques utilized by manufacturer to insure required reliability include diagnostic programs and marginal checking, to detect and anticipate component failures, and solid state components together with conservative circuit design criteria, to assure a high level of reliability.

UCC

Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Manufacturer

One of the most outstanding features of the 7070 is its modularity. For growth, the 7070 System can be quickly and easily converted to the 7074 in the field. The 7074 is 6 to 20 times as fast as the 7070 internally, and completely compatible with programs written for the 7070. The 7070 can be used efficiently for a scientific-commercial mix.

USA OSA

Magnetic tape library on wheels will store input tapes in alternate area. This will allow for re-creation of files as of yesterday. Normal IBM procedures are used for labelling and handling of magnetic tapes. Tape library procedures provide for central control or tape and program set up. Librarian will be focal point of operation.

USAF MATS

The Inventory Control Application will operate on-line from remote input/output stations simultaneously with other periodically processed applications.

Use will be made of the IBM Input/Output Control System (IOCS) for all tape operations. A fireproof vault has been built adjacent to the computer room for magnetic tape storage.

FUTURE PLANS

Manufacturer

See IBM 7074 Data Processing System.

USA OSA

A 1401-C System will replace the 727, 720 II and 760 in about 1 year.

Additional applications will include performing same functions for Mutual Security requirements.

USAF MATS

The system will be modified to provide improved printing capability, either through acquisition of an on-line printer or through acquisition of an IBM 1401 System.

UCC

Use of magnetic tape is planned for the system.

An IBM 7070 is anticipated at the U. S. Naval Ordnance Laboratory, Corona, California.

An IBM 7070 w/8 tapes is anticipated at the General Insurance Company of America.

An IBM 7070 is anticipated at the Western Electric Company.

INSTALLATIONS

U. S. Army Quartermaster Depot
Richmond, Virginia (Proposed)

U. S. Navy Puget Sound Shipyard
Bremerton, Washington (Proposed)

American Airlines
100 Park Avenue
New York, N. Y. (Proposed)

AVCO Corporation
Crosley Division
1329 Arlington Street
Cincinnati 29, Ohio (Proposed)

General Motors Corporation
A. C. Spark Plug Division
1300 N. Dort Highway
Flint, Michigan (Proposed)

The Martin Company
Baltimore, Maryland (Proposed)

Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company
520 Broad Street
Newark 1, New Jersey (Proposed)

Western Electric Company
77 So. Wacker Drive
Chicago, Illinois (Proposed)

University of Rochester
Rochester, New York (Proposed)

U. S. Army Oversea Supply Agency, New York
Brooklyn Army Terminal
Brooklyn 50, New York

1608th Air Transport Wing (MATS)
Charleston Air Force Base, South Carolina

Union Carbide Chemicals Company
Technical Center
South Charleston, West Virginia

Brown University
Division of Applied Mathematics
Providence 12, Rhode Island

Indiana University
Research Computing Center
Bloomington, Indiana

Yale University
Computing Center
135 Prospect Street
New Haven, Connecticut

Bank of America (2)
500 Howard Street
San Francisco, California

Combustion Engineering, Inc.
200 Madison Avenue
New York 16, N. Y.
(Installation Newark, N. J.)

El Paso Natural Gas Company
P. O. Box 1492
El Paso, Texas

General Motors Corporation
A. C. Spark Plug Division
7929 S. Howell
Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin

The Ohio Oil Company
539 South Main Street
Findlay, Ohio

Universal Oil Products Company
30 Algonquin Road
Des Plaines, Illinois

U. S. Treasury Department (3)
Internal Revenue Service
10th Constitution Avenue
Washington, D. C.

IBM 7074

IBM 7074 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

For use in commercial and/or scientific applications. This system has the flexibility of componentry and internal speeds to allow for either type of application.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system 2 out of 5 fixed-count coded decimal
 Decimal digits/word 10 plus sign
 Decimal digits/instruction 10 plus sign
 Instructions decoded 241
 Arithmetic system Fixed point
 Floating point is optional
 Instruction type One address (with ability of addressing any part of a word)
 Number range
 Fixed point $-10^{10} < x < +10^{10}$
 Floating point $|\pm 10^{-50}| < x < |\pm 10^{49}|$

Instruction word format

Sign	2-Digit Op Code	2-Digit Index Address	Field Control	Address of Data
	x x	x x	x x	x x x x

Automatic built-in subroutines include interrupt system, edit commands, tape compression, table look-up, and record scatter-gather.

Automatic coding: As on the IBM 7070 there is Autocoder, Fortran, Report Generator, and an Input/Output Control System.

There are 99 words which may be designated as index words.

There are three addressable accumulators, an arithmetic register (intermediate storage) and an auxiliary register.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Operation Fixed Point
 Time Incl Stor Access
 Add Microsec 10
 Mult 56 (0-9 by 0-9)
 Div 70 (5 digits quotient)
 Arithmetic mode Serial
 Timing Synchronous
 Operation Concurrent in Input/Output
 The arithmetic unit is not an isolated unit.

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Core	5,000 or 9,990	50,000 or 99,900	4
Disk Storage	600,000 to 4,800,000	6 to 48 million	

Disc storage access time is 100 to 850 millisecond.

Magnetic Tape
 No. of units that can be connected 40 Units
 No. of chars/linear inch of tape 556 Chars/inch
 Channels or tracks on the tape 7 Tracks/tape
 Blank tape separating each record 0.75 Inches
 Tape speed 112.5 Inches/sec
 Transfer rate 62,500 Chars/sec
 Start-stop time 7.3 Millisec
 Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape 60 Seconds

Physical properties of tape
 Width 0.5 Inches
 Length of reel 200-2,400 Feet
 Composition Mylar base

DuPonts registered trademark for its polyester film. The above specifications reflect the IBM 729-IV tape drive. Also available is a 729-II tape drive. A density mode in both tape drives provides four different speed rates and complete interchangeability of data on both drives.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Card Reader	500 cards/min (Control Panel Format)
Magnetic Tape	15,000; 22,500; 41,600; 62,500 chars/sec
Typewriter Remote Inquiry	Manual
Console	Manual
Disk Storage	12,000 dig/sec

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Card Punch	250 cards/min (Control Panel Format)
Magnetic Tape	Same as input
Printer	150 lines/min 120 char/line (Control Panel Format)
Typewriter	10 char/sec Format selection
Disk Storage	6 K D 6,000 dig/sec, includes write compare check

For tape-oriented systems (no card equipment on line) an IBM 1401 Data Processing System would be used for peripheral operations at speeds of: card read, 800 cards/min; card punch, 250 cards/min; and printer, 600 lines/min.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Magnetic Cores	300,000	5,000 words of memory
	600,000	10,000 words of memory

CHECKING FEATURES

The transfer of information between memory and the arithmetic and programming unit or input/output devices is completely checked for validity. All input/output devices including card readers, card punches, tape units and printers are validity checked on transfer of information. For example, tape units have dual read/write heads which check writing validity at the time the record is created.

All arithmetic operations are checked.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	29.14 KVA
Weight, computer	23,150 lbs

Physical planning manual and assistance available on request. It is suggested that space requirements for the 7074 be extracted from actual installations, as this figure can vary widely.

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Machine	Model	Monthly Rental	Purchase Price
729 Magnetic Tape Unit	2	\$ 700	\$27,500
	4	900	48,500
7150 Console Control Unit	1	300	13,050
7300 Disk Storage	1	975	62,200
	2	1,500	74,800
7400 Printer	1	950	41,500
7500 Card Reader	1	400	18,000
7501 Console Card Reader	1	75	3,700
7550 Card Punch	1	550	24,600
7600 Input-Output Control	1	1,400	63,000
	2	800	33,000
7603 Input-Output Synchronizer	1	1,000	46,050
	2	1,300	59,250
	3	1,350	62,050
	4	1,650	75,250
	5	2,000	91,250
	6	1,700	78,050
	7	1,600	72,450
	8	1,950	88,450
	9	2,300	104,450
7604 Tape Control	1	2,700	122,550
	2	1,850	94,000
7605 Disk Storage Control	1	3,900	174,000
7802 Power Converter	1	400	18,700
7900 Inquiry Station	1	250	10,300
7104 High Speed Processor	1	7,300	313,000
	2	7,400	317,000
	3	7,500	321,000
	4	7,700	329,000
	5	7,800	333,000
7602 Core Storage Control	6	1,200	49,400
7301 Core Storage	3	4,700	208,600
	4	8,000	334,000
Selling Price, Average System		\$1,284,350	
Monthly Rental, Average System		29,300	

Maintenance contract available on request.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Number of people required varies according to volume of work and type of applications.

Training made available by the manufacturer to the users includes education, training, program testing, and technical assistance in all phases.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Diagnostic programs and marginal checking are used to detect and anticipate component failures.

Solid-state components, together with conservative circuit design criteria assure a high level of reliability.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include conversion from the IBM 7070 to the IBM 7074 which may take place in the field. (See IBM 7070). The 7074 is completely compatible with 7070 programs. Thus a customer is able to obtain additional processing power to match job growth with minimum effort and expense.

Sales Engineers and texts will be available to assist installations in the area of magnetic tape handling.

IBM 7080

IBM 7080 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

This is a general purpose computer designed for both commercial and scientific applications.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Alphabetic
Alphanumeric chars/word	Variable
Alphanumeric chars/instruction	5
Instructions decoded	69
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address
Number range	$- 10^{255} < M < 10^{255}$

Instruction word format

Operation	Address with zone bits as indicators

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

Automatic built-in subroutines includes an interrupt system, a store-for-print, and a transmit. Automatic coding includes 7080 Processor including Auto coder III, File Maintenance and Report/File Writing, Decision Making and Fortran.

Registers includes one 256 character accumulator, 30 auxiliary storage units (512 characters), and 32 eight character words for communication storage.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access Microsec	Exclud Stor Access Microsec
Add (6+6)	13.08	(6 char + 6 char)
Mult (6x6)	140	(6 char x 6 char)
Div	210	(10 char/6 char)
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)		
Transistors	36,000	
Magnetic Cores	9,000	

Arithmetic mode Serial
 Timing Synchronous and Asynchronous
 Operation Concurrent

STORAGE

Media	No. of Characters	Access Microsec
Core	40,000; 80,000; 160,000	2.18
Core (Fast Registers)		1.09
Magnetic Tape		
No. of units that can be connected	50 Units	
No. of chars/linear inch	200 or 556 Chars/inch	
Channels or tracks on the tape	7 Tracks/tape	
Blank tape separating each record	0.75 Inches	
Tape speed	75 or 112.5 Inches/sec	
Transfer rate	15,000; 22,500; 41,667; 62,500 Chars/sec	
Start-stop time	10.8 or 7.3 Millisec	
Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape	60 Seconds	
Physical properties of tape		
Width	0.5 Inches	
Length of reel	2,400 Feet	

INPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape	See Storage
Card	250 cards/min

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape	See Storage
Card	100 cards/min
Console Typewriter	600 char/min

In addition to the above components, an IBM 1401 Data Processing System may be used for peripheral operations. The speeds of the 1401 components are:

Card Reading	800 cards/min
Card Punching	250 cards/min
Printing	600 lines/min

Tapes The 7080 tapes are completely compatible with the 1401 system

CHECKING FEATURES

Character code check on internal operations and data transmission sign check for arithmetic instructions overflow, character code check during transmission from storage to I/O units, horizontal and vertical parity check on magnetic tape, dual level sensing, two gap head for verification of tape writing, two read stations in card reader, echo checking on line printer, and row-count comparison in card punching.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	14.4 Kw
Area, computer	1,000-1,200 sq ft (approx)
Floor loading	100 lbs/sq ft
Weight, computer	19,700 lbs

Site preparation requirements: Physical planning manual and assistance available.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Time required for delivery 12 months

International Business Machines Corp., Data Systems Division, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

International Business Machines Corp., Methods DS Manufacturing, South Road, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
 Eastman Kodak Company, Rochester, N. Y.

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Type	Description	Model	Monthly Rental	Purchase Price
7102	Arith & Logical Unit	1	\$14,500	\$685,000
7153	Console Control Unit	1	1,500	75,000
7302	Core Storage	1	17,500	840,000
7305	Ctrl Stor & I/O Ctrl	1	7,300	345,000
		2	8,400	395,000
7800	Power Converter	1	700	25,000
7801	Power Control	1	900	35,000
7621	Tape Control	2	3,300	147,000
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	2	700	27,000
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	4	900	48,500
7622	Signal Control	1	1,500	26,000

The above rental rates include customer engineering maintenance and parts and cover the first 176 hours a month the system is in use. Each hour of use thereafter is subject to a rate of 1/176th of 40%.

A maintenance contract is available for components of a purchased system at rates per a published schedule.

Purchase Price, typical system: \$2,200,000
 Monthly Rental, typical system: \$ 48,000

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

The number of people required to operate this computer system will vary with the configuration, the application and the policies of the user.

Education and training in all phases of computer use are provided by the manufacturer. One week classes conducted for executives at IBM educational departments in Endicott and Poughkeepsie, New York. Comparable classes are available in several major cities across the country. These courses are designed to acquaint executives with the organization, operating characteristics, capacities, and applications of the 7080. Customers who complete this course are better able to evaluate the advantages, economics and wide business applications of the 7080. In addition to the executive class, courses are available to qualified methods personnel. These classes are of longer duration and provide knowledge of programming and necessary operating details. Special representatives offer overall consulting service in connection with the study of possible uses. Sales engineers are available to assist in preparing the site for physical installation. This assistance begins twelve months in advance of delivery. The Programming Service has personnel available for consultation with field representatives and customers. A library of programs common to many problems is available for adoption as sub-routines by customer. Automatic coding, as listed under automatic coding, is available. Symbolic coding methods and assembly programs are available.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

This system is completely compatible with the IBM 705 Data Processing System. The logic of these systems is carried forward with additional features to increase the memory size and the internal speed and usefulness of the data channels.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Reference is made to the 7080 Physical Planning Manual which assists in the preparation of the site.

INSTALLATIONS

Commonwealth Edison Company, 72 W. Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

International Harvester Co., Motor Truck Div., Box 1109, Meyer Road, Fort Wayne, Indiana
 Conair, Fort Worth, Texas (Proposed)

IBM 7090

IBM 7090 Data Processing System

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

System is designed and used for scientific and commercial data processing, real time flight control, safety and impact prediction calculations, and message processing.

General Electric-Missile & Space Vehicle Dept.

Located at 3198 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia 4, Pa., the system is used for flight test data reduction, for engineering computations, including aerodynamics, flight mechanics space science problems, for trajectory analysis, for data processing including recording, updating and maintaining files on provisioning, reliability, document control, weight and balance, and wiring harness problems, and business data processing routines such as personnel accounting records, cost ledger, general ledgers and budget exercises.

Space Technology Laboratories, Inc.

Located at El Segundo, California, the system is used for the full spectrum of scientific computations.

Union Carbide Corporation

Located on the 36th floor of the Union Carbide Building, 270 Park Avenue, New York City, the system is used for sales analysis, financial reporting, product costing, engineering studies, operations research and economic studies, scientific analysis, and others to be added as time goes by.

Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Steam Division

Located at Lester Branch P.O., Philadelphia 13, Pa., the system is used for commercial applications, e.g. integrated data processing system including payroll, personnel statistics, labor distribution, inventory control, shop scheduling, shop simulation, manufacturing information, general and cost accounting, dispatch, purchasing, drafting planning, sales negotiation, linear programming, and statistical analyses, and for scientific applications, e.g. turbine performance, testing, and design, numerically controlled machine tools, stress analysis, heat balance, and

Photo by General Electric Company, Missile & Space Vehicle Department

curve fitting.

University of California Lawrence Radiation
Laboratories

Located at Livermore, California, the system is used
for the solution of differential equations.

Automatic coding includes the SHARE Operating
System and FORTRAN.

There are three index registers and four arithmetic
registers (full word), i.e. the Accumulator, Multi-
plier-Quotient, Storage and Sense Indicator registers.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Manufacturer

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits/word	36
Binary digits/instruction	36
Instructions/word	1
Instructions decoded	205
Arithmetic system	Fixed and floating point
Instruction type	One address
Number range	Floating - $10^{38} < N < 10^{38}$ Fixed - $(2^{35} - 1) \leq N \leq (2^{35} - 1)$

Instruction word format

Op Code	Flag	Tag	Address
S 1 11	12 13	18 21	22 35

Format varies with instruction type

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Manufacturer

	Fixed Point	Floating Point
	Microsec	Microsec
Add	4.36	13.08 to 32.70
Mult	4.36-30.52	4.36 - 28.34
Div	6.54-32.70	6.54 - 28.34

Construction (Arithmetic unit only)
The arithmetic unit is constructed of 20,000 transistors.

Arithmetic mode	Parallel
Timing	Synchronous (Central Proc Unit) Asynchronous (Input-Output)
Operation	Sequential (Central Proc Unit) Concurrent (Input-Output)

Input and output operations on up to eight data
channels can operate concurrently with the main com-
putational program in the Central Processing Unit.

Photo by General Electric Company, Missile & Space Vehicle Department

STORAGE

Manufacturer	No. of Words	Access Microsec
Magnetic Core	32,768	2.18
Magnetic Tape	2,500,000/reel	7,000 or 10,000
No. of units that can be connected		80 Units
No. of chars/linear inch	200 or 556	Chars/inch
Channels or tracks on the tape	7	Tracks/tape
Blank tape separating each record	0.75	Inches
Tape speed	75 or 112.5	Inches/sec
Transfer rate	15,000; 22,500; 41,667; 62,500	Chars/sec
Start time	10.8 or 7.3	Millisec
Stop time	10.8 or 7.3	Millisec
Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape	30 - 60	Seconds
Physical properties of tape		
Width	0.5	Inches
Length of reel	2,400	Feet
Composition	Mylar	
Mylar is DuPont's registered trade mark for Polyester Film.		
GE		
Magnetic core and 10 magnetic tape units.		

Space Tech Labs
Magnetic core and magnetic tape.
Union Carbide
Magnetic core and magnetic tape.
Westinghouse
Magnetic core and magnetic tape.
UCLRL

Media	No. of Words	Access Microsec
Core	32,768	2
Magnetic Tapes 729 IV	6 Tape Units	970
Magnetic Tapes 729 II	4 Tape Units	1,400

The above indicated access time is for reading in low density mode. For writing, it would be 729 II 4400 microsec and 729 IV 2970 microsec. High density operation for 729 II 250 microsec faster and for 729 IV 170 microsec.

INPUT

Manufacturer	Speed
Media	
Magnetic Tape	See Storage
Cards	250 cards/min (on-line)
Card to Magnetic Tape	250 or 800 cards/min (off-line)
Higher conversion rate using IBM 1401 for generating input tape.	

Photo by General Electric Company, Missile & Space Vehicle Dept.

GE	
Media	Speed
IBM Cards	250 cards/min (Off line Card Reader)
Magnetic Tape	15,000 or 62,500 char/sec
Space Tech Labs	
Magnetic tape and punched cards.	
Union Carbide	
8 729 II Tape Drives	75 in/sec
4 729 IV Tape Drives	112.5 in/sec
1 711 Card Reader	250 cards/min
Also off line 714 Card Reader (250 cards/min) with 727 Tape Drive (75 in/sec).	
Westinghouse	
Magnetic Tape	75 in/sec
(IBM 729 II)	15,000 or 42,000 char/sec
Magnetic Tape	112.5 in/sec
(IBM 729 IV)	22,500 or 62,500 char/sec
One of these units may be installed. Character rate varies due to high or low density tape option.	
UCLRL	
Cards	250 cards/min 24 words/card Binary 72 col/card Decimal
Tapes 729 IV	270 microsec/word low density
Tapes 729 II	400 microsec/word low density
High density values for tapes are 150 microsec/word for 729 II and 100 microsec/word for 729 IV.	

OUTPUT	
Manufacturer	Speed
Media	
Magnetic Tape	See Storage (Recording in ECD or Binary)
Cards	100 cards/min (on-line)
Printed Page	150 lines/min (On-line)
Tape to Printer	150 or 600 lines/min
Tape-to-Card conversion can proceed at 100 or 250 cards/min. The faster rates of conversion are obtained when using the IBM 1401 for off-line tape to card and tape to printer functions.	
GE	
Cards	100 cards/min
Tape	15,000 or 62,500 char/sec
Printer	150 lines/min (attached to system)
Printer	500 lines/min (tape to printer off line)
Printer	4,000 lines/min (tape to printer off line)
Space Tech Labs	
Magnetic Tape	62,500 char/sec
Line Printer	150 lines/min
Cards	100 cards/min (80 column)

Union Carbide	
Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape	
1 716 Printer	150 lines/min
1 721 Card Punch	100 cards/min
Also off line 7204 and 717 printers (500 and 150 lines per minute respectively) with a 727 tape drive each, and an off line card punch - 722 at 100 cards/min with a 727 tape drive.	
UCLRL	
Printer	150 lines/min 72 chars/line
Tapes	729 II low density for off-line printer
Cards	100 cards/min 24 words/card Binary 72 col/card Decimal

CHECKING FEATURES

Manufacturer
 Checking features include accumulator overflow, divide check, floating point overflow, and underflow, data channel I/O check, horizontal and vertical parity check on magnetic tape, dual level sensing, two gap head for verification of tape writing, and echo checking on the line printer.

Photo by Space Technology Laboratories, Incorporated

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Manufacturer	
Power, computer	5.8 Kw
Weight, computer	17,795 lbs
Physical Planning Manual available on request - IBM Form No. x21-1209.	

GE	
Power, computer	5.84 Kw 6.9 KVA
Volume, computer	18,000 cu ft
Volume, air condition	13,800 cu ft
Area, computer	2,000 sq ft
Area, air conditioner	160 sq ft
Room size, computer	50 ft x 40 ft
Room size, air condition	8 ft x 20 ft
Floor loading	200 lbs concen max
Capacity, air conditioner	30 Tons
Weight, computer	30,000 lbs

Site preparations include a steel sub-floor, an acoustical hung ceiling, and a room enclosed by double glass and wall board.

Space Tech Labs	
Power, computer	35 KVA
Volume, computer	17,000 cu ft
Area, computer	1,700 sq ft
Floor loading	80 lbs/sq ft
Site preparation included a 24-inch false ceiling	

and an 18-inch raised floor. The air conditioning is included in the building system.

Union Carbide
 Power, computer 300 KVA
 Power, air conditioner 75 Tons
 Volume, computer 25,500 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 3,400 cu ft
 Area, computer 3,000 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 400 sq ft
 Room size 75 ft x 40 ft
 Floor loading 50 lbs/sq ft
 300 lbs concen max
 Weight, computer 50,000 lbs

Computer is installed on the 36th floor of an office building which is completely air conditioned and equipped with sealed windows. Structural steel of the 36th floor was lowered 12 inches to allow for raised floor-used for cabling etc. - which was prepared by the Lishe Aluminum Co. and consists of 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 panel. Room will be equipped with false "egg crate" ceiling. Air plenum chamber also used.

Westinghouse
 Power, computer 5.84 Kw 6.9 KVA 19.0 pf
 Volume, computer 1,030 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 96 cu ft
 Area, computer 212 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 16 sq ft

Photo by C E I R, Incorporated

Room size 1,000 sq ft
 Floor loading 69 lbs/sq ft
 80 lbs concen max
 Capacity 3 1/2 Tons
 Weight, computer 14,655 lbs
 Weight, air conditioner 800 lbs
 The air conditioner is to maintain 75°F and 50% relative humidity, assuming 4 persons are in room.

UCLRL
 Power, computer 28 Kw 35 KVS 0.8 pf
 Power, air cond 22 Kw 32 KVA 0.9 pf
 Volume, computer 1,200 cu ft
 Volume, air conditioner 2,000 cu ft
 Area, computer 200 sq ft
 Area, air conditioner 360 sq ft
 Room size, computer 25 ft x 40 ft
 Room size, air conditioner 12 ft x 30 ft x 10 ft
 Floor loading 30 lbs/sq ft
 500 lbs concen max
 Capacity, air conditioner 30 nominal Tons
 Weight, computer 30,000 lbs
 Weight, air conditioner 16,000 lbs

Site was previously occupied by an IBM 704, so preparation consisted of drilling some new cable holes in concrete floor and rerouting cope trays.

Photo by University of California Lawrence Radiation Laboratory

PRODUCTION RECORD

Manufacturer
 Time required for delivery 18 - 24 months
 Number of systems produced Over 8

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer			Monthly	Purchase
Type	Description	Model	Rental	Price
711	Card Reader	2	\$ 800	\$32,000
716	Printer	1	1,200	54,200
721	Card Punch	1	600	25,000
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	2	700	27,500
729	Magnetic Tape Unit	4	900	48,500
7100	Central Process Unit	1	16,975	707,500
7151	Console Control Unit	1	1,225	61,700
7302	Core Storage	1	19,800	950,000
7606	Multiplexor	1	3,900	156,300
7607	Data Channel (Tape and Card)	1	4,500	208,400
7607	Data Channel (Tape)	2	3,500	169,900
7608	Power Converter	1	1,600	60,000

Monthly rental, typical system: \$63,500
 Purchase price, typical system: \$2,898,000
 Maintenance contract available.

Space Tech Labs
 System cost is \$2,949,000 and rental rate is \$66,100 per month.

Union Carbide
 2 channel IBM 7090, with I/O equipment listed, rents at about \$76,000.

Westinghouse
 IBM 7100, IBM 7302, IBM 7607, 10 IBM 729 II, IBM 7151, IBM 7606, and IBM 7608 rent for \$60,000/month. Maintenance and service provided by manufacturer included in monthly rental.

UCLRL
 IBM 7151, 7302, 7100, 7606, 7607, 7608, 7617, 7617, 7618 purchased for \$2,313,800.
 IBM 716, 711, 721, ten 729's rent at \$11,600/month. Maintenance contract at \$2,500/month.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer
 Education, training, program testing, technical assistance are provided.

GE

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	3	3
Analysts	20	30
Programmers	17	20
Coders	10	12
Clerks	1	1
Librarians	1	1
Operators	3	4
Input-Output Oper	4	5
Tape Handlers	3	4
Scheduler	1	1

Operation tends toward open shop.

Methods of training used include on-the-job training and IBM School.

Space Tech Labs

	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	Supervisors	15
Analysts	6	
Programmers	60	
Clerks	2	
Librarians	1	
Operators	7	
Engineers	1	
Technicians	2	
Input-Output Oper	2	
Tape Handlers	1	

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes IBM local short courses, internal two-week courses, and on-the-job training.

Union Carbide

	One 8-Hour Shift	
	Supervisors	6
Programmers	16	
Operators	2	
In-Output Oper	1	
Tape Handlers	1	

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Methods of training used includes IBM and internal training courses.

Applications programmed outside the department will be accepted for running on the 7090 by EDP personnel. In other words, programming is, if desirable, open shop, operations are closed shop.

UCLRL

	Seven days/week	
	Three 8-Hour Shifts	
Supervisors	1	
Programmers	21	
Coders	5	
Librarians	1	
Operators	10	

Operation tends toward open shop.

Personnel are trained by working with an experienced person.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

GE

Average error-free running period 110 Hours
 Good time 110 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 120 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.916
 Above figures based on period 16 Jun 60 to 14 Aug 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 16 Jun 60
 Time is available for rent to qualified outside organizations.
 Time is made available, on none interference basis, to other government contractors.

Space Tech Labs

Passed Customer Acceptance Test July 1960

Westinghouse

System installed in May 1961.

UCLRL

Good time 110 Hours/Week (Average)
 Attempted to run time 150 Hours/Week (Average)
 Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.75
 Above figures based on period 1 Jul 60 to 15 Jul 60
 Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1 Jul 60
 Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Manufacturer

Outstanding features include high speed, compatibility with IBM 704 and 709 systems, a rich operation code set, and a very fast memory.

Unique system advantages include overlap of input/output operations with computing with very low memory interference rate and automatic interrupting facilities permitting I/O devices to interrupt main program. Many special features and attachments are available on a "Request for Price Quotation" basis: (i.e.) Cathode Ray Tube pictorial output, clocks, extended precision arithmetic, direct data I/O device, tape switch, etc.

Manufacturer's recommendations for the care and handling of magnetic tape:

Storage for frequent or infrequent usage (Mylar Base) at relative humidity 0 to 80% (The upper limit on humidity is given to prevent the formation of fungus and mold growth. This limit may be exceeded by hermetically sealing the tape in a plastic bag.) and temperature 40 to 120°F.

The tape should be stored in a dust proof container. Should the tape be exposed to atmospheric conditions outside the above limits for more than four hours, it must be reconditioned by allowing it to remain at the given condition for a length of time equal to the time it was away. Twenty-four hours reconditioning is necessary if the tape is removed for longer than twenty-four hours.

General Precautions

The tape should not come in contact with magnetic material at any time and should never be subjected to strong magnetic fields. Either of these can cause the loss of information or the introduction of noise.

When shipping magnetic tape, the reel should be placed in a dust-proof container and hermetically sealed in a plastic bag. Additional support should be obtained by enclosing in an individual cardboard box.

GE

Outstanding features include column binary, on line clock, speed necessary to meet schedules, capacity large enough to handle our largest programs, and size (not cumbersome machine to operate).

Customer asks for tapes to be assigned to him although physical use of tapes are under control of tape librarian. The customer maintains a log of what he has been assigned and releases the tapes as data is no longer of any value. Stored in special design plastic containers under humidity and temperature controlled conditions.

Smithsonian Institution

The Smithsonian Institution will use an IBM 7090 System at its Astrophysical Observatory for four hours during the day. The rest of the time is to be made available, by contract, to Computer Services, Inc. of Englewood, New Jersey, for purchase and resale.

General Motors
Allison Division
Indianapolis 6, Indiana

The 7090 is scheduled for shipment. The specifications and prices are as follows:

Qty	Unit	Monthly Rental
1	711	\$ 812.00
1	716	1,218.00
1	721	609.00
18	729 IV	at 913.50
1	7100	19,589.50

The above price includes the 8K nullification RPQ at \$25.00

1	7151	1,243.38
1	7302	17,762.50
1	7606	3,958.50
1	7607-1	4,339.13
1	7607-2	3,324.13
1	7608	710.50
2	7617	228.38
1	7618	913.50

Martin Company
Denver, Colorado

IBM 7090 System to consist of a 7608, 7618, 7607, (2) 7100's, 7606, 7302, 7607, (20) 729's, (2) 7617's, 7151, 711, and 716.

FUTURE PLANS

GE

The 7090 will be using FORTRAN, SOS, and SAP as major assembler compilers as well as a generalized data processing system for technical data systems.

A production monitor with programs on a master tape as subroutines will be used. This system will have built-in time checking of an on-line clock and will work along with the systems mentioned above.

A link to combine MSVD's analog computer with the 7090 is almost ready for operation.

It is anticipated that two IBM 1401 Systems and/or one GE 225 System will be added in 1961. These systems will be used primarily as input-output equipment for the 7090.

INSTALLATIONS

U. S. Army Ordnance Missile Command
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama

U. S. Navy David Taylor Model Basin
Washington 7, D. C.

Aerospace Technical Intelligence Center
Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio

U. S. Air Force Flight Test Center
Data Processing and Computing Branch
Edwards Air Force Base, California

U. S. Air Force Mathematical Services Laboratory
Eglin Air Force Base, Florida

Wright Air Development Center, ARDC
Directorate of Systems Engineering
Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio

Allis Chalmers Manufacturing Company
Milwaukee, Wisconsin (Proposed)

Bell Telephone Laboratories
Murray Hill, New Jersey (Proposed)

C E I R, Incorporated
Arlington Research Center
Arlington, Virginia

C E I R, Incorporated
Union Carbide Building
270 Park Avenue
New York, N. Y.

Convair
Fort Worth, Texas

General Electric Company
Large Jet Engine Department
Evendale 15, Ohio

General Electric Company
Evendale Computations Operation
Evendale 15, Ohio

General Electric Company
Missile & Space Vehicle Department
3198 Chestnut Street
Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania

General Motors Corporation
Research Laboratories
12 Mile and Warren Roads
Warren, Michigan

General Motors Corporation
Allison Division
Indianapolis 6, Indiana

Gulf Research and Development Company
P. O. Drawer 2038
Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania (Proposed)

International Business Machines Corporation
Scientific Computation Laboratory
Endicott, New York

International Business Machines Corporation
Data Systems Division
Poughkeepsie, New York

International Business Machines Corporation
Research Center
P. O. Box 218
Yorktown Heights, New York

Lockheed Aircraft Corporation
Missile and Space Division
Sunnyvale, California

The Marquardt Corporation
16555 Saticoy Street
Van Nuys, California

North American Aviation, Inc.
4300 E. Fifth Avenue
Columbus 16, Ohio (Proposed)

Pratt and Whitney Aircraft
Florida Research and Development Center
United, Florida

Rand Corporation
1700 Main Street
Santa Monica, California

Republic Aviation Corporation
Farmingdale, L. I., New York

Sandia Corporation
Albuquerque, New Mexico (Proposed)

Service Bureau Corporation
IBM Plant
San Jose, California

Socony Mobil Oil Company
150 East 42nd Street
New York 17, N. Y.

Space Technology Laboratories, Incorporated
2400 E. El Segundo Blvd.
El Segundo, California

Standard Oil Company of California
Electronic Computer Center
225 Bush Street
San Francisco 20, California

Texaco, Incorporated
P. O. Box 2332
Houston 1, Texas

Union Carbide Corporation
300 Madison Avenue, 1st Floor
New York 17, N. Y.

Westinghouse Electric Corporation
Steam Division
Lester Branch
Philadelphia 13, Pennsylvania

Westinghouse Electric Corporation 4L38
Advance Systems Engineering & Analytical Department
East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Johns Hopkins University
Johns Hopkins Road
Scaggsville, Maryland

University of California
Lawrence Radiation Laboratories
Box 808
Livermore, California

Smithsonian Institution
Astrophysical Observatory

IBM CPC

IBM Card Programmed Calculator

MANUFACTURER
International Business Machines Corporation

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

Business and scientific calculating.

U. S. Army Ordnance, Frankford Arsenal

Along with a Burroughs E101 and 2 Univac 120's, the following utilization is made: Field Service National Stock Accounting, fire control instruments, gage accounting, production control, payroll accounting, internal arsenal accounting including fiscal, budget, property and cost accounting, scientific computations in the field of fluid dynamics, interior ballistics, theoretical physics and certain aspects of nuclear physics.

The Griscom-Russell Company

Used for both commercial and scientific work.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary coded decimal
Decimal digits/word	3 or 5
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One to two address
Number range	Dependent upon programming

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Exclud Stor Access
	Microsec
Add	760
Mult	13,180 (average)
Div	15,480 (average)
Construction	Vacuum tubes

Photo by International Business Machines Corporation

Rapid access word registers	4
Basic pulse repetition rate	50 KC
Arithmetic mode	Parallel
Timing	Synchronous
Operation	Sequential

STORAGE

Media	Words	Digits	Access Microsec
Electronic Tubes	9	37	760
Accumulator (Mech)	6	80	400,000-800,000
Mechanical	48	480	400,000-1,200,000

INPUT

Medium	Speed
Card Reader	100-150 cards/min

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Printed Record	100-150 lines/min
Summary Punch	50 cards/min

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Tubes	1,500
Tube types	4

CHECKING FEATURES

Checking may be performed through control panel wiring.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer 9.57 KVA
Volume, computer 375 cu ft
Area, computer 64 sq ft
Weight, computer 5,755 lbs

The above figures include the 412/418, 605, 527 Group. Special air conditioning is not required.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced 693
Number in production 0
Delivery time Out of production

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer
Approximately \$2,200/month and up.
The Griscom-Russell Company
Basic system \$2,000/month, additional equipment \$1,000/month.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

The Griscom-Russell Company
One 8-hour shift requires one engineer and three technicians or operators.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Manufacturer
Average service time for all machines is approximately 25 hours/month.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

The IBM Card-programmed Electronic Calculator solves problems involving any number of sequential steps to obtain a single solution. It is a combination of several units, including three standard IBM machines, and has many applications in engineering, scientific and actuarial computations. One standard unit is an electronic calculator capable of 2,174 additions and subtractions or 86 multiplications and divisions a second. Other units include an accounting machine for interpreting instructions and for accumulating and printing results, a storage unit for retaining data for later use in a problem and a punching unit for recording results in IBM cards. Numerical instructions in IBM cards direct the sequence of operations. These instructions tell the electronic calculator where to obtain factors; whether to add, subtract, multiply or divide, and what to do with the result—print it, punch it, hold it for later use, or perform combinations of these possibilities.

When not being used for this type of computation, the accounting machine and electronic calculator may be disconnected and used to perform standard accounting and computing operations.

INSTALLATIONS

U. S. Army Ordnance, Frankford Arsenal
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

NASA
Langley Field, Virginia

Allis-Chambers Manufacturing Company

Battelle Memorial Institute
Columbus 1, Ohio

Esso Standard Oil Company
New York 19, New York

The Griscom-Russell Company
Massillon, Ohio

Republic Aviation Corporation
Farmingdale, Long Island, New York

United Aircraft Corporation
East Hartford 8, Connecticut

IBM STRETCH

IBM Stretch Computer

MANUFACTURER

International Business Machines Corporation

Photo by the International Business Machines Corporation

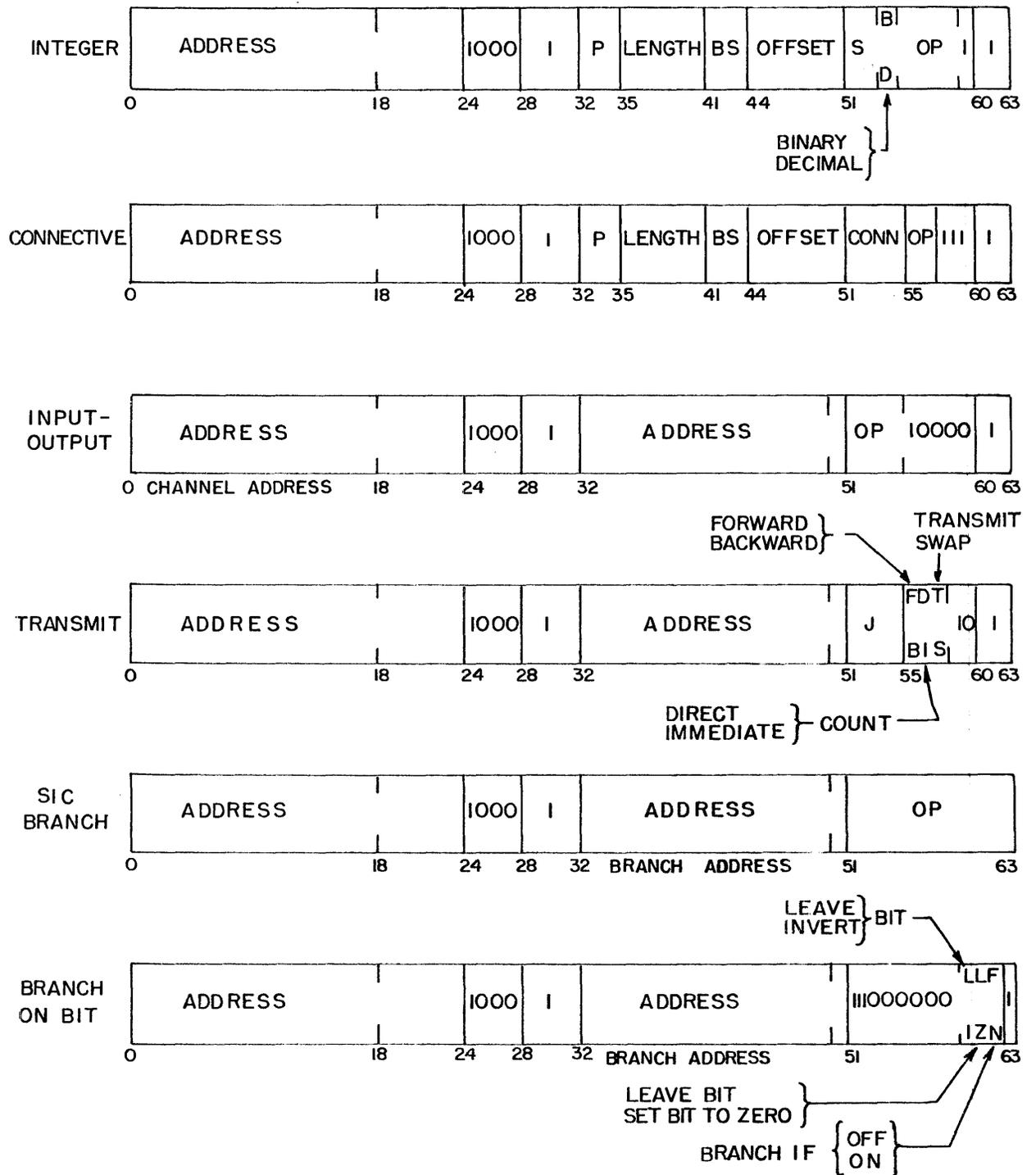
APPLICATIONS

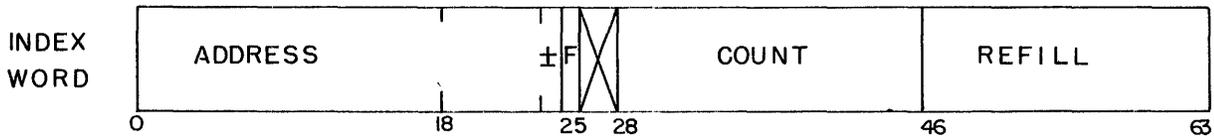
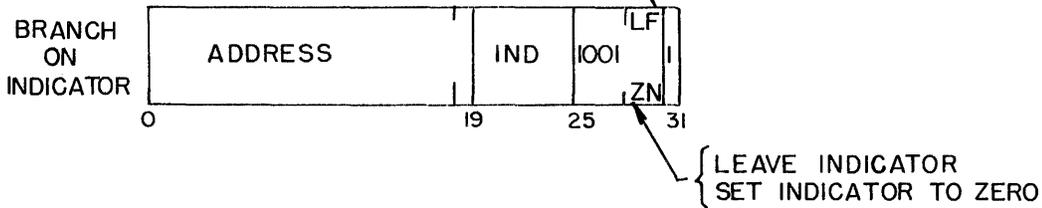
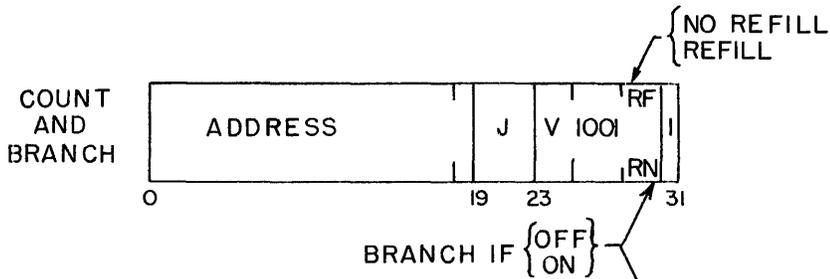
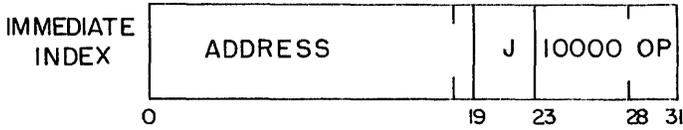
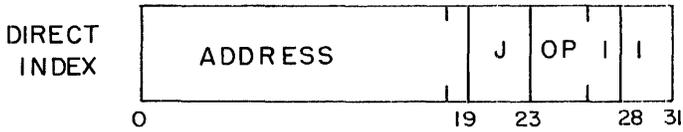
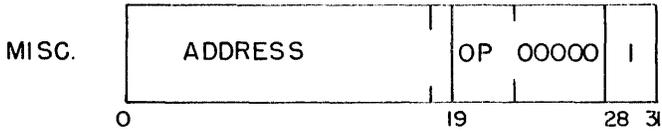
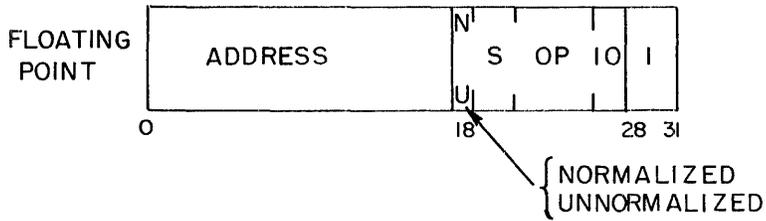
Engineering development, scientific research, real time processing and control, logistics, procurement and supply, production scheduling and control, and other areas of application.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary and decimal
Binary and decimal digits/word	64 bits or 16 digits
Binary digits/instruction	32 or 64
Instructions per word	1 or 2
Instructions decoded	154 basic
Arithmetic system	Fixed and floating point
	Binary and Decimal Integer Arithmetic for variable length fields
Instruction type	One and two address
Number range	$- 2^{1024} < N < 2^{1024}$ for floating point with a 48 bit fraction
Integer arithmetic:	$0 \leq N < 2^{64}$ or $0 \leq N < 10^{16}$

INSTRUCTION WORD FORMAT





Automatic built-in subroutines
 Square Root
 Radix Conversion
 Transmit
 Swap
 Automatic Subroutine-entry codes
 Automatic priority processing through interruption system
 Multiply and Add operation for both floating point and integer arithmetic

Automatic coding
 STRAP I
 704-709-7090 Simulator
 STRAP II
 704-709 Simulation
 SMAC (MACRO Generator)
 SMCP (master control program)
 FORTRAN

Registers and B-boxes
 16 index registers
 20 addressable special registers
 Special addressable registers include:
 Interval timer Function through interrupt
 Elapsed Time clock system to provide elapsed time and time of day indication.

Interruption address - Base address of interrupt system fix-ups routines.

Upper Boundary Enable protection of areas of
 Lower Boundary main core store to facilitate
 Boundary control bit multiprogramming ability.

Maintenance bits
 Channel Address
 Other CPU
 Left Zeros count
 All ones count
 Left half of accumulator
 Right half of accumulator
 Accumulator Sign
 Indicators Set by interrupt system or
 Mask programmer to provide flex-
 Remainder ibility in interrupt hand-
 Factor ling.
 Transmit

A variety of modifiers apply to different instruction classes and lead to a total of 2,975 individual operations e.g., there are two transmit instructions, TRANSMIT and SWAP. Two modifiers, count forwards or backwards, and immediate or direct address of count value, give a total of 8 transmit orders.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access Microsec	Exclud Stor Access Microsec
Add	N/A-Overlapped	1.38 to 1.50
Mult	N/A-Overlapped	2.48 to 2.70
Div	N/A-Overlapped	9.00 to 9.90

Timing given for floating point. Precise time unknown. Design incomplete.
 Construction (Arithmetic unit only)
 Transistors Approx 200,000 for complete system
 Arithmetic Cores Special index core storage and exchange memory
 Arithmetic mode Serial and parallel
 Index arithmetic unit, 24 bits in parallel; Parallel 48 or 96 bit arithmetic for floating point; Serial binary or decimal integer arithmetic (1 to 8 bits in parallel). Note that instructions address

words, fields, or bits for arithmetic operations.
 Timing Asynchronous
 System is asynchronous for input-output devices, central processing unit operation, including instruction preparation, memory operation and execution.
 Operation Concurrent

Additional Features of Operation: The high degree of overlapped and asynchronous operation, together with two new devices, the instruction processor and look-ahead, not only permit concurrent operation of input-output and external storage devices with the central processing unit, but also several operations are carried on concurrently within the CPU, i.e., instructions and data may be fetched simultaneously from core storage while other instructions are being prepared for processing and while previously prepared instructions are being executed.

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	No. of Dec/Digits	Microsec
Magnetic Core	16,384 to 262,144	262,144 to 4,194,304	0.5 to 2.18
Magnetic Disk	2,097,152 to 67,108,864	33,554,432 to 1,073,741,824	0 - 215,000

Magnetic core storage unit modules may each operate independently and simultaneously due to an interleaving of addresses within the modules and the operation of the instruction processor and look-ahead. With as many as four modules each of which may be referenced simultaneously, an effective core storage cycle of 1/2 microsecond may be realized for data and similarly with six modules, two for instructions and four for data permit up to 2,000,000 instructions and 2,000,000 data words to be referenced each second, giving an effective storage cycle of 1/2 microseconds for both instructions and data.

Magnetic Tape
 No. of units that can be connected 256 Units
 No. of chars/linear inch 200 or 556 Chars/inch
 Channels or tracks on the tape 6 Tracks/tape
 Blank tape separating each record 3/4 Inches
 Tape speed 112.5 Inches/sec
 Transfer rate 22,500 or 62,500 Chars/sec
 Start time 7.3 Millisec
 Stop time 7.3 Millisec
 Physical properties of tape
 Width 1/2 Inches
 Length of reel 2,400 Feet
 Composition Mylar

INPUT

Media	Speed
Punched Cards	1,000 cards/min

Multiple card readers may be included in the system operating simultaneously.
 Magnetic Tapes (8 per channel) 62,500 char/sec
 Up to 8 magnetic tape units may be in simultaneous operation (one per channel).
 Typewriter, Keys Switches Manual
 Keyboard, switches, and keys are part of operator's console which functions like I/O devices. Multiple consoles may be attached for simultaneous operation.
 Input-output devices are all controlled by the exchange, an asynchronously and concurrently operating component of the system. The exchange may have from 8 to 32 channels, each of which permits the simultaneous operation of its input-output device through

appropriate control units.

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tapes (8 per channel)	62,500 char/sec
Punched Cards	250 cards/min
High Speed Printer	600 lines/min
Typewriter, direct digital display, lights	

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Solid state construction used throughout.
Tubes None

CHECKING FEATURES

Checking features include single error correction and double error detection on all information transfers between core storage and the central processing unit, disk synchronizer and exchange, parity checking within the CPU and also in all I/O units, and residue checking of all arithmetic operations in parallel arithmetic unit.

Connective operations including automatic tests and counts allow facile programmed testing of data in the system with various parity and checking features contained within the data.

A unique error scanning and recording device automatically records the entire machine state, should malfunction occur.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	100 Kw	110 KVA	0.9 pf
Power, air conditioner	75 Kw	94 KVA	0.8 pf
Volume, air conditioner		5,400 cu ft	
Area, air conditioner		600 sq ft	
Room size, computer		2,500 sq ft	
Room size, air conditioner		600 sq ft with cooling tower	
Floor loading		100 lbs/sq ft	
		1,000 lbs concen max	
Capacity, air conditioner		60 Tons	
Weight, computer		70,000 lbs	

Figures are for "average" system.

Temperature and humidity requirement with machine power on is 50-80°F and 20% to 80%, relative. Cooling air will, in general, be furnished through plenum chambers under false floor.

Power service requirements include 400 cycle, 208 volts, 3 phase, 5 wire (This 400 cycle power may be derived from a motor generator set supplied by the customer. A five wire service should be provided consisting of three phase conductors, one neutral conductor and one equipment ground. Each phase conductor should be sized to carry 300 amperes).

60 cycles, 208 volts, 3 phase, 5 wire (This 60 cycle power should be obtained from a balanced 208 volts, 3 phase source. Should an MG be used to supply the 400 cycle power, the same 60 cycle source may be used. A five wire service should be provided consisting of three phase conductors, one neutral conductor and one equipment ground, each phase conductor should be sized to carry 210 amperes).

PRODUCTION RECORD

Delivery on contract basis

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Solid state construction is used throughout. Automatic error checking and correction and automatic maintenance scanning and recording facilitates troubleshooting.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include simultaneous operation, high speed of auxiliary storage and high speed of indexing and floating point operations.

Unique system advantages include an ability to run and interrupt several programs simultaneously.

FUTURE PLANS

The exchange and central processing unit provide an adequate set of commands control lines, and data paths to permit the attachment of many types of input output devices. Future I/O devices can be designed for direct attachment to the exchange without requiring alterations of the exchange or central processing unit.

INSTALLATIONS

University of California
Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory
Los Alamos, New Mexico

ILLIAC

Illinois Automatic Computer

MANUFACTURER

University of Illinois

Illiac

APPLICATIONS

The following typical use was made of the ILLIAC during September 1959:

Use by Departments

	Hrs:Min
Classes	:24
Agricultural Economics	2:36
Aeronautical Engineering	1:34
Agronomy	20:43
Marketing	:13
Animal Science	8:09
Astronomy (Nonr 1834(22))	:42
Astronomy (NSFG 5512)	:10
Bureau of Educational Research	28:30
U. S. Navy (9840-0383)	:59
Veterinary Medicine (MD 728 Off. Surg. Gen.)	:32
Veterinary Medicine (E 2087)	:14
Veterinary Medicine (Exp. Sta. 70-316)	:06
Chemistry	85:49
College of Medicine	:04
Coordinated Sciences Laboratory	52:53
Botany - Eastern Illinois University	:41
Electrical Engineering (NSFY 32-40-266)	10:35
Electrical Engineering (NSFG 7421)	1:31

Photo by University of Illinois

	Hrs:Min
Electrical Engineering (AF 6079)	1:02
Electrical Engineering	1:44
Education	2:57
Economics (NSFG 7056)	6:21
Economics	:27
Digital Computer Laboratory (Task 27)	14:09
Digital Computer Laboratory (AEC-AT(11-1) 415)	2:00
Digital Computer Laboratory	:04
I. R. E. C.	:07
Physics (Nonr 1834(12))	:57
Physics (AF 662(46-22-55-302))	:12
Physics	7:47
Music	:05
Stanford Research Center (Nonr 2778(100))	3:14
Psychology (AF 49(638)371)	7:50
Psychology P.H. 1715)	11:49
Psychology (ONR 1834(11))	:26
Psychology	24:24
Sociology (Ford Found. 44-32-69-329)	:38
Sociology	2:31
Structural Research (AF 464)	3:39
Structural Research (A.A.S.H.O. Road Test)	1:52
Structural Research (NSF 6572)	3:05
Structural Research (Hwy. Brdg. 47-22-20-307)	6:58

	Hrs:Min
Structural Research	26:28
Theor. and Applied Mechanics (ORD 593)	:17
Theor. and Applied Mechanics	2:06
State Water Survey (SC 75055)	3:22
State Water Survey	:26
Institute of Communications Research (PH 9067C)	1:07
Mechanical Engineering (Martin Co.)	2:00
Mechanical Engineering	4:10
Mining and Metallurgical Engineering (AF 3789)	:08
Mining and Metallurgical Engineering	3:10
Zoology	7:14
Mathematics	2:36
Michigan State University	2:19
Physical Education	:09
	382:39

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits per word	40
Binary digits per instruction	20
Instructions per word	2
Instructions decoded	112
Instructions used	62
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address

Number range -1 to 1 - 2⁻³⁹

The 20 digits (Half of a word) for the instruction are divided so as to utilize 8 digits for the instruction type (command digits), 10 digits for the address, and 2 digits are unused spares.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Inc. Stor. Access Microsec	Excl. Stor. Access Microsec
Add time	93	40
Mult time	665 - 865	620 - 820
Div time	950	900
Construction	Vacuum tubes	
Rapid access word registers	6	
Arithmetic mode	Parallel	
Timing	Asynchronous	
Operation	Sequential	

The figures for operation time including storage access include the access time for the operand and pro-rated access for the instruction.

STORAGE

Media	Words	Digits	Microsec Access
Electrostatic (CRT)	1,024	40,960	18 to 36
Magnetic Drum	12, 800	512,000	1,280 to 16,900

Instructions for drum access require 40 binary digits with 14 binary digit addresses. This address specifies the location of the word desired. Sub-routines are employed for block transfers between drum and electrostatic storage.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Punched Paper Tape	300 char/sec

Five hole teletype tape is used. Numerical data is read with a 4-hole code. Alphanumerical data employs a 5-hole code and a special instruction.

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Punched Paper Tape	60 char/sec
Page Printer	10 char/sec
Cathode Ray Tube	500 points/sec

A teletype BRPE Punch is used. The CRT has a 256 x 256 raster.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Tubes	4,427
Tube types	27
Separate cabinets	4

Above figures exclude power supplies.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	27.2 KW
Power, air conditioner	7.0 KW
Space, computer	700 cu ft. 100 sq ft.
Weight, computer	4,000 lbs.
Capacity, air conditioner	10 Tons

PRODUCTION RECORD

Produced	4 Copies at Mich State University, Iowa State University, and University of Sidney
Operating	4

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Approximate cost of basic system	\$300,000
Approximate cost of additional equipment (Estimated)	200,000

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Daily Operation	Engineers	Tech and Operators
3-8 Hour shifts	4	3

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Error Frequency and Analysis

The ILLIAC is normally used for "engineering" and maintenance between 7 a.m. and 10 a.m., and for a check of its performance between 5:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. of each weekday. Since the periods between 7 a.m. and 10 a.m. together with certain irregular periods, such as Saturdays and Sundays,

are devoted to a heterogeneous group of engineering, maintenance and laboratory functions, it is more instructive for an error standpoint to look at the periods between 10 a.m. and 7 a.m. of the next day in order to make an observation of the error frequency in the machine. This is the actual period when the machine is designated for use, although certain engineering procedures frequently require the scheduling of extra maintenance time. With this in mind a summary table has been prepared, using the period between 10 a.m. and 7 a.m. of the next day. This table lists the running time when the machine was operating, the amount of time devoted to routine engineering, the amount of time devoted to repairs because of breakdowns, and the number of failures while the machine was listed as running. During the 5:30 - 6:30 period (when the machine is checked), if no errors are to be found, the time is given to the "running column". Each failure was considered to have terminated a running period and was followed by a repair period in preparing this table. Since the leapfrog code is our most significant machine test, the length of time which it has been used on the machine is listed separately together with the number of errors associated with that particular code. This information for the month is presented in Table II.

It is important to notice that, except during scheduled engineering periods, any interruption of machine time that was not planned is considered a failure in this table. In rare cases, where the failure is not known until a later time, it is possible that no repair period is associated with the failure. This overall system has been adopted because it makes it possible for a machine user to estimate directly the probability that the machine will be "running" any instant of time and the probability of a failure during any given interval of running time.

The following table presents a typical summary of errors or interruptions for June 1959:

Source of Error	Quantity of Errors
Control	2
Arithmetic	1
Memory	3
Drum	13
Reader	3
Punch	3
Unknown	7
Input-Output	1
Run-over from Sched. Main.	1
Total Errors	34

The following table shows the distribution of ILLIAC machine time for the month of September 1959:

	Hrs: Min
Regular Maintenance	84:00
Unscheduled Maintenance	22:13
Drum Engineering	21:06
R.A.R.	:11
Leapfrog	16:18
Library Development	3:04
	146:52

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

New ILLIAC Codes

During the month of September two new routines were added to the ILLIAC Auxiliary Library.

Aux. P21-268 Data Plotter Output Converter II.
Under the control of parameters this routine will convert a data tape output by the standard ILLIAC printing routines into a tape suitable for input to the data plotter.

Aux. X15-269 Maximum Speed Sexadecimal Input Preparation for Magnetic Drum and/or Williams Memory.
This routine permits loading of the drum and/or Williams memory from the reader at maximum speed. Any information previously assembled on the drum or in the Williams memory is punched out in sexadecimal form in such a manner that the tape (provided with its own bootstrap) can be read in and sum checked at some later time.

ILLIAC Usage

During the month of September specifications were presented for 17 new specifications. This list does not indicate how the ILLIAC was used because large amounts of machine time may have been consumed by problems with numbers less than 1488T. Numbers followed by T are for these.

1488 T Sociology. Patterns of Inmate Response. The problem is to group questions (55) in terms of common differentiation of 556 subjects. What are some of the common patterns of responses? Which questions can be grouped together? A pattern analysis is used (KSL 294) in which the usual order of persons and responses is reversed.

1489 T Sociology. Subject Similarities. The problem is to group inmates in terms of how they answer questions about prison life and themselves. A pattern analysis is used in the standard way on each of two subsamples of 50 subjects.

Two subsamples are used:

1. To investigate the reliability of the patterns obtained.
2. To compare samples from two different prisons on differences and similarities in patterns of response.

1490 Civil Engineering. Thermal Stresses in Elastic Shells. This is to solve the problem of an elastic shell subject to the transient temperature input associated with high velocity motion through an atmosphere of variable density, although any temperature history input could be used. Two kinds of thin shells are being studied; spherical dome shells and conical shells.

The significance of this analysis lies in the possibility of treating shells under either applied loads or temperature variations by one unified approach.

The method of solution is a finite difference approach, applied successively as time is increased incrementally.

1491 T Economics. Analysis of the Demand for Coffee. The problem consists of estimating price and income elasticities of the demand for coffee in the United States. Yearly data on the coffee demand, prices, stocks, and imports to the United States will be used. For the estimation of the demand equation a limited estimate will be used. No other than standard library routines are involved.

1492 Mechanical Engineering. Nozzle Design for 4" x 4" Blow Down Tunnel. It is intended to design a pair of nozzle blocks for the blow down tunnel in Aerodynamics Laboratory B. The supersonic nozzle profile will be first calculated by the method of characteristics and then corrected for the boundary layer growth along the nozzle. The complicated step-by-step calculations and iterations can easily be handled by ILLIAC.

The fundamental net calculation has been developed under Problem No. 866 and the general boundary layer calculation has also been developed under Problem No. 1189. It is hoped to adapt and modify the codes from Problem Numbers 866 and 1189 so that the final nozzle profile for a certain supersonic test Mach number can be produced.

1493 Botany - Eastern Illinois University. Analysis of Tree Growth. This is a continuation of an earlier problem, Problem No. 1267, in which daily tree growth measurements are analyzed using the standard program, K 16. The best fitting equation for predicting daily growth is being obtained by attempting multiple correlation using different combinations of factors on different species of trees and for different periods of the season.

Part of this newly submitted data are measurements of growth occurring before leaf enlargement during 1958 and 1959, a period which differs markedly from the later growing season. Part of the data are yearly growth ring measurements from 1901-1951. These are to be analyzed in terms of values ascertained from monthly weather bureau records. This second approach using yearly rather than daily growth measurements was conceived because of an evident influence of the previous season upon the growth of trees. It is hoped that by combining an analysis of daily growth during a given year with an analysis of seasonal growth during a number of years it will be possible to evaluate both the immediate and long-range effects of our weather upon tree growth.

1494 Psychology. Situation-Response Analysis of Anxiety Behavior. This study differs from other studies of anxiety, even though it is based on an inventory, because both situations and responses are specified in the structure of the inventory. Four groups of subjects, a total of 348, were presented with the description of some situation and asked to say whether and to what degree he would show each of a sample of emotional responses.

The K-8 routine is to be used to compute Product Moment Correlations, Means and Standard Deviations for each of the responses for the four groups. A factor analysis for each of the groups is to be computed using KSL-1.90 on the Correlation Matrices.

1495 Animal Science. Potassium Requirement for Baby Pigs. This research is intended to ascertain the amount of potassium required for optimal growth by the baby pig. The mathematical method is the method of least squares.

1496 T Veterinary Medicine and Physiology. Strontium and Calcium Metabolism. The replacement of calcium in the diet of young pigs by strontium is being compared to controls receiving calcium, negative controls receiving neither calcium nor strontium, and pigs receiving both ions. ILLIAC is being used to analyze the variance between the treatment groups for the various criterions used, i.e. weight gain, bone calcium, bone strontium, etc.

1497 Agricultural Economics. A Game Theoretic Model for Cattle Feeding. The feeder cattle enterprise is viewed as a game against nature with nature's choices assumed to be restricted to the price-cost situations generated in the last ten years. The farmer's choices consist of six different feeding systems (or linear combinations of these). Four different situations are considered:

1. Payoff matrix in terms of returns per \$100 feed fed.
 - a. Maximize the minimum return.
 - b. Minimize the maximum loss or "regret".
2. Payoff matrix in terms of returns per animal.
 - a. Maximize the minimum return.
 - b. Minimize the maximum loss or "regret".

This problem may be set up as a linear programming problem with straightforward use of the library routine M15-183.

INSTALLATIONS

Digital Computer Laboratory
168 Engineering Research Laboratories
University of Illinois
Urbana, Illinois (ILLIAC)

University of Sidney
Sidney, Australia (SILLIAC)

Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts
Ames, Iowa (CYCLONE)

Michigan State University
East Lansing, Michigan (MISTIC)

The ILLIAC is a member of the family of machines originally designed and constructed by the Institute for Advanced Study.

INTELEX AIRLINE RESERVATION

Intelex Airline Reservation Computer

MANUFACTURER

Intelex Systems, Incorporated
Associate of International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation

APPLICATIONS

System is designed for the solution of seat reservation and associated problems. It is a special purpose computer designed to solve the problems of data re-arrangement and retrieval.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary Coded Decimal
Decimal digits/word	10
Decimal digits/instruction	10
Instructions per word	One
Instructions decoded	56
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address
Instruction word format	

n n n n	I	J	L R	O P
Operand Address	Index Reg No.	Index where Operand Address may be stored	Field Definition	Instruction No.

Registers include one 10-character accumulator register with associated field definition register, and nine 4-digit index registers. There are indirect addressing and add/subtract from memory instructions.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access	Exclud Stor Access
	Microsec	Microsec
Add	50 - 140	40 - 130
Arithmetic mode	Serial	
Timing	Synchronous	
Operation	Sequential	

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Core	2000 to 10,000	20,000 to 100,000	10
Drums	12,800	128,000	0 to 20,000
Tape Bin	142,800 words/tape	1,428,000 dig/tape	0 to 20x10 ⁶
	10 tapes/bin	10 tapes/bin	
Magnetic Tape			
No. of units that can be connected		48 Units	
No. of chars/linear inch of tape		508 Chars/inch	
Channels or tracks on the tape		16 Tracks/tape	
Blank tape separating each record		0.63 Inches	
Tape speed		100 Inches/sec	
Transfer rate		50,800 Chars/sec	
Start time		6 Millisec	
Stop time		6 Millisec	
Physical properties of tape			
Width		1 Inch	
Length of reel		3,000 Feet	

INPUT

Media
Paper Tape
Telegraph

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Printer	600-900 lines/min
Paper Tape Punch	
Teleprinter	

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number on order	2
Time required for delivery	24 months

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Training made available by the manufacturer to users include training in programming.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

The tape system will do independent off-line searching. Drums contain address and data channels. Data may be assigned random address which are later used to search for the data.

Unique system advantages include rapid access to large volumes of random-stored data. On drums, direct addressing is possible without constant re-arrangement for changing data. Searches may be done for any information contained on tape without regard to the arrangement of data within a particular tape.

ITT BANK LN PROC

ITT Laboratories Bank Loan Processor.

MANUFACTURER

ITT Laboratories
500 Washington Avenue
Nutley 10, New Jersey

Construction and daily maintenance of magnetic tape file for personal loan operation of third largest U. S. bank, processing of daily inputs and answering of inquiries to this file, print-out of all customer mailings and of numerous internal reports.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary coded decimal
Decimal digits/word	12 + sign
Decimal digits/instruction	12
Instructions/word	1
Instructions decoded	85
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address (Modified)
	Modified single address (Alpha and Delta, i.e., operand and next instruction address)
Number range	$-10^{13} < x < +10^{13}$

Photo by ITT Laboratories, Nutley

Instruction word format

+ and check	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	OP CODE		DELTA Next Instr.				OPERAND (or alternate next instruction, or special)					

Automatic built-in subroutines include a sort command, a sequence command, and a merge command. Automatic coding includes SCP, a Symbolic Conversion Program (One-to-One Compiler for Symbolic Address and Op Codes), and MARK II, a utility system. Registers and B-boxes include a high and low accumulator, a distributor, an in-out register, and an instruction register. The system is designed for operating both off-line and on-line, and at the same time. It can simultaneously compute, read tape, write tape, search on several tapes, print (on-or off-line), and answer inquiries.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access Microsec	Exclud Stor Access Microsec
Add	170	170
Mult	680-10,710	680-10,710
Div	Programmed	

Construction (Arithmetic unit only)

Vacuum tubes	0	0
Transistors	1,000	3,000
Condenser-diodes	3,000	10,000
Magnetic cores	-	5,000

The figures are for the arithmetic unit only, excluding the control. The number of cores includes storage and central control.

Arithmetic mode Parallel-Serial

Timing Synchronous

"Synchronous" refers to internal logic circuits; however, operation of central section is simultaneous with various in-out operations, the latter proceeding asynchronously with the former.

Operation Bits of a digit in parallel
Digits of a word sequential

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	No. of Dec Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Tape	22 x 10 ⁶	264 x 10 ⁶	20,000,000
Magnetic Drum	10,000	120,000	9,000
Magnetic Core	100	1,200	6
Core Buffers	300	3,600	12

No. of units that can be connected	108 Units
No. of char/linear inch of tape	300 Char/inch
Channels or tracks on the tape	22 Tracks/tape
Blank tape separating each record	0.03 Inches
Tape speed	100 Inches/sec
Transfer rate	30,000 Char/sec
Start time	2 Millisec
Stop time	2 Millisec
Average time for experienced operator to change reel	No reels (bin type) Tape exchange is 60 sec.)
Physical properties of tape	
Width	1 Inch
Length of tape in bin	450 Feet
Composition	Mylar sandwich

The 108 units is an arbitrary design goal, not an actual limitation.

The 0.03 inch inter-record gap is an interleaved recording. The opposite-direction record serves as a gap.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape (ITTL Bin Transports)	30,000 dig/sec
Paper Tape (Potter 907)	600 char/sec
Paper Tape (Flexo Reader)	10 char/sec
Keyboard (Flexo, Inquiry)	Manual

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape (ITTL Bin Transports)	30,000 dig/sec
High Speed Printer (Shepard w/ITTL Electronics)	20 lines/sec
Typewriter (Flexowriter)	10 char/sec
Punched Tape (Flexo Punch)	10 char/sec

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Type	Count
Tubes	0
Diodes	30,000
Transistors	10,000
Magnetic Cores	22,000

Some tubes in drum system and P.S., being replaced by transistorized drum system.

CHECKING FEATURES

Sign redundancy. Mod 3 check in several places (arithmetic, bus, output, tape). Parity check on punched tapes and printer data.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	6 Kw
Volume, computer	400 cu ft
Area, computer	80 sq ft
Room size, computer	900 sq ft
Floor loading	75 lbs/sq ft
	800 lbs concen max
Weight, computer	4,000 lbs

Site preparations include a separate power main, a regulator, and floor ducts. Area air conditioning only.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced to date	1
Time required for delivery	18 months
Special custom system, using stored program computer. Some elements of the system have been produced for other uses (e.g. tapes).	

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

The computer, drum printer system, tape system (18 Transports) rents at \$17,000 to \$20,000/month. 36 additional tape transports, and 7 inquiry channels rents at an additional \$10,000 to \$15,000/month. Maintenance is contracted to Federal Electric Company at about \$6,000/month.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

	One 8-Hour Shift		Two 8-Hour Shifts		Three 8-Hour Shifts	
	U	R	U	R	U	R
Supervisors	4	2	2			
Analysts	2	1	1			
Programmer	4	3	4			
Coders	2	1				
Clerks	14	14	28			
Operators	1	1	2			3
Engineers	2	1	2		3	3
Technicians	2	1	2		3	3

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Method of training used is by training courses.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Time is not available for rent to outside organizations.

System is under acceptance test.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include transistorization, large processing capacity at medium speed, will maintain 600,000 loans up-to-date daily, about 10⁹ bits of data accessible at all times, inquiries answered in less than 20 seconds each, at rate of 20 per minute and simultaneous operation of 12 tape functions, computer processing, and printing. Additional system advantages are that it combines on-line processing and off-line processing by the same equipment. A large data file is in ready access.

Commercial information is available through Intellex Systems, Inc. (An ITT Associate)
67 Broad Street
New York, N. Y.

FUTURE PLANS

Further applications of this and related hardware to banks, reservations, credit cards, and other commercial and government systems.

ITT SPES 025

ITT Laboratories Stored Program Element System 025

MANUFACTURER

ITT Laboratories
500 Washington Avenue
Nutley 10, N. J.

APPLICATIONS

Located at 54 S, U. S. Route 17, Paramus, New Jersey, the SPES provides automated message handling on a store and forward basis. It employs a multi-sequential stored program computer to handle both routine and complex tasks connected with the message center activity, including standard data processing operations. In this application, the SPES also communicates directly with a large high-speed computer.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits/word	33
Binary digits/instruction	32 plus parity
Instructions/word	1
Instructions decoded	43
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
One's complement system of arithmetic is used.	
Instruction type	One address
Number range	$-(2^{31} - 1)$ to $+(2^{31} - 1)$
Instruction word format	

Interrupt	Variation	Operation	Main Memory Address	Character Address
0	1	2	7	8
			13	14
			29	30
				31

Automatic coding includes a symbolic compiler. Registers and B-boxes include an accumulator, arithmetic unit buffer, instruction register, 18 other registers, 256 index registers (special "Index" core memory), and 256 program counters (special "Program" core memory). Each of four sense instructions can sense 128 devices. Each of two register transfer instructions can address 11 registers. Most instructions are indexable and repeatable. Most instructions will operate on full words or on one character. (There are 4 character's per word). Computer also has a multisequence feature whereby it will interleave the operation of 256 different programs automatically under control of the instructions' interrupt portion.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl	Stor	Access	Exclud	Stor	Access
			Microsec			Microsec
Add			16			3
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)						
Transistors			2,100			
Arithmetic mode			Parallel			
Timing			Asynchronous			
Operation			Sequential			

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	Digits	Access
Magnetic Tape	24,000,000	33 bits/word	3,000,000
Magnetic Drum	65,536	33 bits/word	8,000
Magnetic Cores	16,384	33 bits/word	8
Magnetic Cores	256	19 bits/word	6
Magnetic Cores	256	17 bits/word	6
Magnetic Tape	No. of units that can be connected		16 Units
	No. of char/linear inch of tape		200 Char/inch
	Channels or tracks on the tape		7 Tracks/tape
	Blank tape separating each record		0.75 Inches
	Tape speed		75 Inches/sec
	Transfer rate		15,000 Char/sec
	Start time		3 Millisec
	Stop time		3 Millisec
	Average time for experienced operator to change reel of tape		60 Seconds
	Physical properties of tape		
	Width		0.5 Inches
	Length of reel		2,400 Feet
	Composition		Plastic

INPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape (Potter 906)	15,000 char/sec
Phone Lines	600 char/sec max
Punch Cards (IBM 711)	250 cards/min
Computer to Computer	260,000 char/sec
1 word = 4 characters = 32 bits	
1 card = 24 words	

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Magnetic Tape	15,000 char/sec
Phone Lines	600 char/sec
Punch Cards (IBM 721)	100 cards/min
High Speed Printer (Burroughs 301)	5 lines/sec 300 char/sec
Computer to Computer	260,000 char/sec
Display	260,000 char/sec

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Type	Quantity
Diodes	50,000
Transistors	51,000
Magnetic Cores	600,000

CHECKING FEATURES

Parity on check at buffer on all memories, instruction register, and at buffers to all input-output units.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	30 Kw
Power, air conditioner	32 Kw
Volume, computer	1,000 cu ft
Volume, air conditioner	1,000 cu ft
Area, computer	150 sq ft
Area, air conditioner	100 sq ft
Room size, computer	1,500 sq ft
Room size, air conditioner	400 sq ft
Floor loading	250 lbs/sq ft
	1,250 lbs concen max
Weight, computer	30,000 lbs

Site preparation includes false flooring (cable and air ducting), separate power mains and distribution boards.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced to date	1
Number in current operation	1
Number in current production	8
Number on order	10
Time required for delivery	12 - 18 months

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Basic System
Computer \$500,000
Communications Section \$500,000
Additional Equipment
Drums (4), tapes (2), printer, punch, reader, with control \$750,000.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Operation tends toward closed shop.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

System tests are in progress.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include multi-sequence operation, permitting up to 256 different programs to run concurrently; built-in executive control; hardware performing jumps in and out of sequences without time loss or programming complication, indexed repeat option; word and character modes; tape and drum transfers to and from core memory under external control; built-in performance monitor sequence; and fully transistorized plug-in construction.

Unique system advantages include on-line operation of up to 256 input-output channels and especially suited as communications message handling center.

FUTURE PLANS

Production for a quantity of duplexed systems being set up under contract, for application in a global message switching network.

Further applications in other areas under planning, such as reservations systems and mail order houses.

Adaptation to variety of communications, data processing, and combined communications and data processing systems.

INSTALLATIONS

ITT Laboratories
54 S U. S. Route 17
Paramus, New Jersey

JOHNNIAC

John (Von Neumann)
Integrator and Automatic Computer .

MANUFACTURER

The Rand Corporation

APPLICATIONS

Scientific and engineering data processing.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits per word	40
Binary digits per instruction	20
Instructions per word	2
Instructions decoded	128
Instructions used	Approx. 85
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address
Number range	Numerically less than unity.
Negative numbers are represented as complements.	

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Includ. Stor. Access	Microsec	Exclud. Stor. Access	Microsec
Add time	25		10	
Mult time	400		385	
Div time	400		385	
Construction	Vacuum tubes and transistors			
Rapid access word registers		4		
Arithmetic mode		Parallel		
Timing		Asynchronous		

Photo by the Rand Corporation

Operation Sequential

Addition is concurrent with store cycle. Multiply and divide times are maximum. The transistorized logical adder has a full carry time of 1.5 microseconds.

In 1957, the vacuum tube analog adder was replaced with a transistorized logical adder. The maximum carry time of the new 40-stage adder is 0.8 microseconds. There are about 1200 transistors in the unit. The transistor count includes many logical functions which have been packaged with the adder.

The control has been partly transistorized to gain a significant increase in basic operation rates. Circuit modifications have been limited to control sections affecting basic clear, gate, and shift operations.

STORAGE

	Media	Words	Digits	Microsec Access
Magnetic Core		4,096	40/word	15
Magnetic Drum		12,288	40/word	17,000

Drum access time is average access to first word. Sixty microseconds are required for each succeeding address in same channel.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Card Reader	240 cards/min

An IBM collator is used. Both primary and secondary feeds are used.

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Card Punch	100 cards/min
Printer (ANelex)	1,200 lines/min

An IBM 523 is used. The printer prints 136 columns, 56 char/column (alphanumeric).

During the year 1959 an on-line modified EAI plotter was installed. The 40" x 40" plotter was modified to include straight line drawing ability as well as circle drawing ability. The plotter can be instructed under JOHNNIAC control to go to point X, Y₁ and draw a line to point X₂, Y₂. The circle drawing instruction causes the plotter to go to point X, Y and draw a circle of radius r. Point plotting and symbol printing are also available.

In 1959, an on-line ANelex printer was added.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Tubes	5,000
Tube types	11
Crystal diodes	500
Magnetic storage cores	163,840
Magnetic switch cores	5,120
Transistors	1,400

CHECKING FEATURES

Manual marginal testing is performed.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	55 KW, 63 KVA, 0.88 PF
Power, air cond.	28 KW
Space, computer	290 cu. ft., 36 sq. ft.
Space, air cond.	180 cu. ft., 50 sq. ft.
Weight, computer	5,000 lbs.
Weight, air cond.	5,000 lbs.
Capacity, air cond.	25 tons

Dimensions of computer are 12 x 3 x 8 feet.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Produced	1
Operating	1

This system was designed and is owned and operated by the Rand Corporation.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Daily Operation	Engineers	Tech and Operators
2-8 Hour shifts	1	2

One technician per shift and one engineer on call is required.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Average error-free running period	10 hours
Good time	1,380 hours
Attempted to run time	1,500 hours
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run)	0.92
Figures based on period	July 1956 to November 1956
Acceptance test	March 1954

Two transistors of the new arithmetic unit failed during the first year of operation due to defective seals. No failures have occurred since early 1958. This failure record represents two transistor failures in 14,976,000 transistor-hours.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

System includes console facilities which report static state of all registers in an octal display, allow manual entry of information via a keyboard, punch contents of all registers and keyboard conditioning switches on a single card, display static state of all toggles and allow manual control over toggle states.

A wired in core store test routine is included which tests all addresses and bits under a variety of information patterns without aid of a stored program.

INSTALLATIONS

The Rand Corporation
1700 Main Street
Santa Monica, California

JUKE BOX

Missile Firing Data Computer JUKEBOX

MANUFACTURER

Autonetics Division
North American Aviation, Incorporated

APPLICATIONS

General purpose computing.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system Binary
Binary digits/word 39 + Sync + sign
Binary digits/instruction 20
Instructions per word 2
Arithmetic system Fixed point
Instruction type Two address
Number range $-1 < N < +1$
Instruction word format

Sign	Left Command					Sign	Right Command					Sync				
+	1	6	7	7	6	0	0	+	1	6	7	7	6	0	0	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B
Operation	Location					Operation	Location									

B - Binary
O - Octal

Computer uses binary coded decimal and command format on input and output devices only.

Automatic coding

Punched tape teletype code to octal or binary coded decimal during tape fill.

Registers and B-boxes

Two 8-word rapid access storage registers. Five 1-word arithmetic registers.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access Microsec		Exclud Stor Access Microsec	
	Memory	HS Storage		
Add	9,590	2,040		540
Mult	19,850	12,300		10,800
Div	20,390	12,840		11,340
Average access time 9,050 microseconds.				
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)				
Transistors	664			
Condensers	673			
Diodes	4,401			
Arithmetic mode	Serial			
Timing	Synchronous			
Operation	Sequential			

STORAGE

Medium	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Disk	4,096	167,936	9,050

INPUT

Media	Speed
Paper Tape	200 char/sec
Keyboard	20 in/sec
	Manual

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Printer (Typewriter)	11 char/sec (BCD or octal)
Nixie Display Tubes	16 char/17,280 microsec (BCD or octal)

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Type	Quantity
Tubes	0
Diodes	5,316
Transistors	885
Magnetic Cores	0

Above figures do not include system and component testers.

CHECKING FEATURES

Component test set: Tests each computer board separately.

Optional in both dynamic and static modes.

System test set: Panel array of neon indicators showing the status of all the flip-flops in a dynamic or static one-shot mode; includes marginal test feature of power supply variation and clock jitter.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	0.5 Kw	0.9 pf
Volume, computer	4 cu ft	
Volume, parameter	1.25 cu ft	
Volume, tape reader	2.5 cu ft	
Volume, control	1.25 cu ft	
Area, computer	2 sq ft	
Area, parameter	1.25 sq ft	
Area, tape reader	1.25 sq ft	
Area, control	1.25 sq ft	
Room size, computer (weight)	125 lbs	
Room size, parameter (weight)	55 lbs	
Room size, tape read (weight)	45 lbs	
Room size, control (weight)	50 lbs	
Floor loading	35 lbs/sq ft	
	125 lbs concn max	
Weight, computer	275 lbs, total plus 90 lbs auxiliary equipment	

Air conditioner is not supplied with computer.

Computer operating temperature range 55°F to 110°F

Temperature rise approximately 10°F above room temperature.

Frequency range 50 to 70 cycles/sec

Voltage range 105v, ac to 135v, ac

Auxiliary equipment

Systems tester 2 cu ft, 2.5 sq ft, 38 lbs 60w

Component tester 3.75 cu ft, 2.5 sq ft, 52 lbs 90 w

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced to date 5
In addition to the five computers specified, there exist five R&D models operating on 400 cycle power with half the clock rate and computing speed.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

One operator per 8-hour shift.
Training made available by manufacturer to users includes maintenance and programming.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Several construction features have been incorporated to enhance reliability. These are all solid-state components, gold-plated pins, connectors, and etched circuitry, epoxy-coated boards, closed-loop wiring; wires to gates, power supplies, clock signals are routed back to the origin to retain operation in case of wire breakage, and extensive use is made of time-shared gates and flip-flops to minimize the total number of components.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include simplicity of operation and programming.
Unique system advantages include high-speed visual display of information in memory, either in binary coded decimal or command format.

FUTURE PLANS

This system has been replaced by the FADAC computer.

INSTALLATIONS

Autonetics, a Division of North American Aviation, Inc.
9150 E. Imperial Highway
Downey, California

LEEDS NORTHRUP

Leeds and Northrup Computer 3000

3000 MANUFACTURER

Leeds and Northrup Company

LEEDS NORTHRUP COMPANY

LEEDS NORTHRUP COMPANY

Photo by Leeds and Northrup Company

APPLICATIONS

System is used for industrial process control.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system Binary
 Binary digits/word 20 + sign bit + parity bit
 Binary digits/instruction 6 bits
 Instructions per word 1 or 1/2, if 1 + 1 mode
 Instructions decoded 16 Basic Up to 64 by use of modifiers
 Arithmetic system Fixed point at extreme left
 Instruction type One address or 1 + 1 by means of programming

Number range $-1 < n < +1$

Instruction word format

1	8	9	14	15	16	17	20	21
Track Address (000-255 ₁₀)	Sector Address (000-063 ₁₀)	Modi- fier	Instruc- tion	Type: Single or 1 + 1				

Automatic built-in subroutines include square root. Programming is done in simple pseudo-code with relative addressing facility.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl. Stor. Access Microsec	Exclud. Stor. Access Microsec
Add	910	130
Mult	3,600	2,730
Div	3,600	2,730
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)		Transistors
Arithmetic mode		Serial
Timing		Synchronous
Operation		Sequential

STORAGE

Medium	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Drum	16,260	357,720 bits	Min. - 130 Max. - 16,640

INPUT

Media	Speed
Paper Tape	10 char/sec (Flexowriter)
Analog to Dig Con	5 points/sec (10,000 count ADC)
External counters	50/sec (For integrated measurements, e.g. KWH)
Direct binary inputs	400-600/sec (For reading digital dial and On-Off status of external equipment)

Being a control computer, the design emphasis is on direct inputs from the process under control or analysis.

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Typewriters	10 char/sec
Flexowriter, punch, IBM electric.	
Digital to Analog Con	6/sec
Stepping motors are used for DAC	
On-Off controls	50/sec
Control state of external equipment.	
Annunciator lights	100/sec

Stepping motors are used for digital to analog conversion, because they have inherent memory.

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Type	Quantity
Diodes	3,000
Transistors	1,300

CHECKING FEATURES

Parity bit in each word checks all transfers from drum memory.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	0.60 Kw	0.65 KVA	0.925 pf
Volume, computer	25 cu ft		
Area, computer	9 sq ft		
Room size	6 x 12 ft		
Weight, computer	400 lbs		

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

System features and construction techniques utilized by the manufacturer to insure required reliability include parity checks, solid state, plug-in components, rugged construction, and extensive checks on input-output equipment.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Outstanding features include powerful command structure, rapid access registers, and memory parity check. Unique system advantages include extensive checks on input-output equipment.

LEPRECHAUN

TRADIC Second Feasibility Computer, LEPRECHAUN

MANUFACTURER

Bell Telephone Laboratories, Incorporated

APPLICATIONS

The system was built under a U. S. Air Force contract for programming and logical design research on digital computers for military real-time control applications and as a feasibility model of a direct-coupled transistor logic system and a transistor driven magnetic core storage unit. This solid-state computer features low power and small size. The design emphasizes reliability.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Binary digits/word	17, including sign
Binary digits/instruction	17, including two spare bits
Instructions/word	1
Instructions decoded	32
Instructions used	28

Photo by Bell Telephone Laboratories, Incorporated

Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	One address
Number range	$-1 \leq n < 1$

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl Stor Access
	Microsec
Add	40
Mult	375 avg
Div	520
Construction	Transistors
Arithmetic mode	Parallel
Timing	Asynchronous
Operation	Concurrent

STORAGE

Medium	Words	Access Microsec
Magnetic Cores	1,024	8

There are 18 bits/word stored, including an "odd" parity bit. The read-write cycle is 20 microseconds.

INPUT

Media	Speed
Paper Tape (Photoelectric)	200 char/sec
Keyboard	Manual

OUTPUT

Media	Speed
Paper Tape (Punch)	60 char/sec
Typewriter	10 char/sec

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Crystal diodes	300
Magnetic cores	18,480
Transistors	5,000

The above figures are for the computer proper, and do not include input-output equipment.

CHECKING FEATURES

Odd parity checks on storage and input-output operations.

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	0.160 Kw
Volume, computer	16 cu ft
Weight, computer	450 lbs

Figures are for computer proper and do not include input-output equipment.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Number produced	1
Number in operation	1

This system is a feasibility model and was not designed for production.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

This system has been completed.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

LEPRECHAUN features flexibility in the logical interconnections in order to make it useful for logical design research. The operation code has been designed to eliminate the need for many "red-tape" operations. For example, a special unconditional jump operation simplifies the inclusion of subroutines in a program. Address modification is accomplished by direct substitution. This operation, together with a repeat operation, which operates on sequential addresses, gives operation equivalent to a B-box.

The machine contains a manual breakpoint provision, several checking modes of operation and complete marginal checking facilities.

INSTALLATIONS

Bell Telephone Laboratories, Incorporated
Whippany, New Jersey

LGP 30

Librascope General Purpose Computer Model 30

MANUFACTURER

Royal McBee Corporation
Librascope, Incorporated

APPLICATIONS

Manufacturer

System is designed for scientific computations, e.g. statistical analysis, operations research, war gaming, bridge and highway design, aeronautical, chemical, electronic, hydraulic, mechanical, mining, nuclear, optical, biological, physical and mathematical research; and data processing, e.g. payroll; cost accounting, distribution and analysis; inventory control; sales analysis.

ADPS Committee, Officers' Dept., USASCS, Ft. Monmouth System is located in Myer Hall, Room G05, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey. System is used for instruction.

Materials Research Laboratory, Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Massachusetts

Located at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Massachusetts, system is used for numerical integration, least squares curve-fitting, data processing, finite differences, numerical solution of differential equations, algebraic equations (minimization, etc.), and trial and error solution of equations.

U. S. A. Watertown Arsenal Laboratories

Located in Building 39, Watertown Arsenal, computer

Photo by Flight Simulation Laboratory, WSMR, N. M.

is used for matrix inversion, numerical integrations of definite integrals and differential equations, diagonalization of matrices, solution of transcendental equations, arising from problems in solid state physics, elasticity, and elastic instability, and thin shell theory.

White Sands Missile Range

Located at the Flight Simulation Laboratory, Building 1526, White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico, the system is used for small problems, mathematical research, and preliminary checkout for problems to be run on large computers.

Pitman-Dunn Laboratories, Frankford Arsenal

Located at Building 202, 3rd Floor, Optical Branch, Fire Control Division, system is used for design of optical systems and components for fire control instruments and related activities.

U. S. Navy Hydrographic Office

Located at FOB No. 3, Room G274B, the system is used for mathematical and statistical studies made of the various parameters of the ocean, primarily in connection with anti-submarine warfare but also in connection with ice forecasting and climatology.

U. S. Naval Ordnance Test Station, Pasadena
Located at 3202 E. Foothill Blvd., Pasadena, California, system is used for scientific analysis and data reduction.

NASA-Goddard Space Flight Center
One LGP 30 at the Control Center, Greenbelt, Md. and two LGP 30's at Anacostia Naval Station, Wash., D.C., are used for orbital calculations, trajectory analysis, data reduction, and mathematical studies. The organization is responsible for the provision of equipment and services for tracking satellites and probes in nearby portions of space, for obtaining telemetry data from these satellites and probes, and for computing their orbits and providing station predictions, ephemerides and definitive orbits as required by all participating organizations.

Tennessee Valley Authority, Flood Control Branch
Located at the TVA, 718 Union Building, Knoxville, Tennessee, system is used for principally hydrologic and hydraulic computations for watersheds, streams, and reservoirs. Limited use in design computations.

Aircraft Armaments, Inc.
Located at the Systems Engineering Department, Main Engineering Building, system is used for mathematical solutions for research and advanced engineering problems involving differential equations, simultaneous equations (both linear and differential), numer-

Photo by Tennessee Valley Authority

ical integrations, n^{th} degree polynomials, exponentials, and trigonometric functions. Some of the applied engineering problems have been concerned with interior and exterior ballistics, trajectories (projectile and rocket sled), probability studies, stress and weight analyses, etc.

ACF Electronics Division
Located at 11 Park Place, Paramus, New Jersey, system is used for optical design (ray tracing), vibration studies (railroad train coupling), integral transforms (Fourier Analysis), navigation, satellite and missile trajectories, reliability studies, reticle design, and miscellaneous "One Time" problems.

Convair-Fort Worth, General Dynamics Corp.
Located at Engineering Flight Test, system is used for editing and calibration of flight test data.

General Electric-Missile and Space Vehicle Dept.
Located at 3198 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia 4, Pa., system is used for solution of equations in flight test data reduction; engineering computations, including aerodynamics, flight mechanics, space science, mechanics problems, and trajectory analysis.

The Griscorn-Russell Company
Located at Massillon, Ohio, two systems are used for functional design of heat exchangers and general engineering calculations.

Photo by Aircraft Armaments, Inc.

Mutual Insurance Advisory Association

Located at 111 Fourth Avenue, New York 3, New York, system is used for actuarial and statistical work in connection with casualty insurance ratemaking. This type of work involves relatively small input used for numerous algebraic calculations.

Raytheon Company-Missile Systems Division

Located in the Aerophysics Design Department, system is used to obtain solutions to scientific problems in the fields of aerodynamics, structures, and system analysis, which would not be economical on larger systems.

Research Division, Servomechanisms, Inc.

Located in Building 114, Santa Barbara Airport, system is used for the mathematical simulation of proposed engineering designs; calculation of special functions arising in particular engineering tasks; laboratory data reduction; and solution of various linear and non-linear equations, many of which cannot be analyzed by classical methods.

Technical Operations, Inc., Fort Monroe, Virginia

Located at Fort Monroe, Virginia, this computer is used to perform scientific computations in support of operations research and war gaming activities. The LGP 30 has been used extensively to process, reduce and statistically analyze data. A variety of applications to war gaming activities also exist.

As examples, artillery, close combat and tank anti-tank assessment are currently carried out for War Games Division, CD, on the computer on either a pre-computed or "on-line" basis.

Western Electric Company, Inc.

At Winston-Salem, North Carolina, there are two such systems in use by this organization. Both are used to monitor the performance of automated production lines for electrical components. These production lines consist of completely automatic, specially designed manufacturing facilities integrated into a production line by automatic transport feed facilities. At strategic points automatic monitoring devices inspect the product and transmit these data through input equipment into the computer. The computer analyzes these data on a statistical basis and if corrective action is needed at any point on the production, the computer decides both the correction and magnitude and achieves control through the output equipment.

Computation Center, Dartmouth College

As a separate department closely associated with the Mathematics Department, physically located in a small room on campus, the system is used to train undergraduates in the use of a computer, as a laboratory adjunct to several courses, especially numerical

analysis, as a research tool for faculty and student use, and as a basis for computer oriented research (compilers).

Johns Hopkins University
 Located in Room 426 of the Computation Center, Homewood Branch, the system is used for research and teaching in fields of Engineering, Science, Social Relations, Economics, Medicine, Biostatistics and Related Studies.

Lehigh University
 Located at the Industrial Engineering Department, Packard Lab, Bethlehem, Pa., the system is used for engineering and scientific analysis and design, statistics and curve fitting, data processing, systems simulation, and classwork in problem-solving.

Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy
 Located at the Computer Center on the campus of the Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy at Rolla, Missouri, the system is used for research in Engineering and the Sciences by the faculty and graduate students of the Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy, regular scheduled courses in Numerical Analysis, programming of digital computers and the design of digital computers for both undergraduate and graduate students. A very small amount of time is available for commercial use.

Ohio University
 Located in Juper Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio, system is used for teaching and research in atomic and nuclear physics and chemistry.

Photo by the Raytheon Company

University of South Carolina
 Located at the University of South Carolina, Columbia, South Carolina, system is used for instruction and research.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Manufacturer
 Internal number system Binary
 Binary digits/word 32
 Binary digits/instruction 32
 Instructions/word 1
 Instructions decoded 16
 Arithmetic system Fixed point
 Simulate floating point by programming
 Instruction type One address
 Number range 9 decimal digits - 5 alpha
 Instruction word format

Command		Address	
1	10	11	15 16 17 18 29 30 31

Automatic coding includes compilers, assemblers, and interpretive systems.
 Registers includes an accumulator - double extension, an instruction, a counter, and 4096 memory registers.

Photo by Servomechanisms, Inc.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

Manufacturer	Incl Stor Access Microsec	Exclud Stor Access Microsec
Add	2,000 - average	250 constant
Mult	17,000	17,000
Div	17,000	17,000
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)		
Vacuum tubes	113	
Diodes	1,450	
Arithmetic mode	Serial	
Timing	Synchronous	
Operation	Sequential	

STORAGE

Manufacturer	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Magnetic Drum	4,096	32 binary	Min. 2,000 Avg. 8,500

A complete instruction can be done in 2200 micro-seconds, including both accesses when optimum programmed. Maximum operation time is 15,000 microsec-

onds (the time for one revolution of the drum which rotates at 4,000 rpm.

All user's systems have a 4,096 word drum.

INPUT

Manufacturer	Media	Speed
	Paper Tape (Photo-electric)	200 char/sec
	Paper Tape (Typewriter)	12 char/sec
	Cards	20 char/sec

The high speed paper tape reader is for input only and makes possible loading the entire drum: 64 tracks of the LGP 30 in a maximum of five minutes.

The following organizations have the high speed photoelectric paper tape reader:
 ADPS Committee, Officers' Dept., USASCS, Ft. Monmouth
 Materials Research Laboratory, Watertown Arsenal
 U. S. A. Watertown Arsenal Laboratories
 Ordnance Mission, White Sands Missile Range
 U. S. Navy Hydrographic Office
 NASA-Goddard Space Flight Center
 Tennessee Valley Authority-Flood Control Branch
 The Griscom-Russell Company
 Mutual Insurance Advisory Association

Raytheon Company- Missile Systems Division
 Technical Operations, Inc., Fort Monroe, Virginia
 Johns Hopkins University
 Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy
 Ohio University

Western Electric Company, Inc.
 Media Speed
 Electronic equipment by 140,000/sec. meaningful
 Western Electric impulses
 Voltage to frequency converter fed into binary
 frequency counter. Computer scans counter and ex-
 tracts information. Special data gathering and con-
 trol equipment designed by Western Electric from on-
 line production equipment.
 Electric Typewriter 10 char/sec

OUTPUT

Manufacturer	Speed
Media	
High Speed Punch	30 char/sec
Tape Typewriter Punch	20 char/sec
Tape Typewriter Print	20 char/sec
X-Y Plotter	
Servomechanisms	
Typewriter	10 char/sec
Tape Punch	10 char/sec
Punch causes typewriter to print	
Automatic plotting equipment includes a separate tape reader (Friden), a digital analog converter, and a servo plotting board (Mosely Autograph).	
W. E.	
Electronic equipment	140,000/sec. meaningful designed by Western Electric impulses
Consists of Diode Logic and transistor flip flops actuating binary relays.	
Electric Typewriter	10 char/sec

CIRCUIT ELEMENTS OF ENTIRE SYSTEM

Manufacturer	
Tubes	113 (Miniature, computer type)
Tube types	7 Primarily 5687, 5965 and 5915
Crystal diodes	1,500 Subminiature
Printed circuits are used extensively.	

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Manufacturer		
Power, computer	1.15 Kw	1.5 KVA
60 cycle single phase line		
Volume, computer		21.8 cu ft
Length, computer		44 in
Height, computer		33 in
Depth, computer		26 in
Area, computer		8.19 sq ft
Room size		5 ft x 5 ft min.
Floor loading		97.7 lbs/sq ft
		800 lbs concn max
Weight, computer		800 lbs
Normal office power is required.		
USASCS		
No special site preparation requirements other than air conditioning.		
MRL Watertown Arsenal		
We do have air conditioning, but it is a part of a larger system and was not essential for the opera- tion of computer. However, room temperature should be kept below 97°.		

USA WAL
 No special preparation necessary.
 P-DL FA
 Required wiring from existing transformer.
 USN Hydro
 Essentially the only requirement is access to 115
 volt, 60 cycle, single phase, 13 ampere alternating
 current.
 US NOTS
 No requirements.
 NASA
 No requirements.
 TVA
 No site preparation.
 AA
 The LGP 30 computer is located in a separate room
 (9'x10') on the second floor of the main Engineering
 Building. The building is of masonry construction
 and the walls of the computer room are dry-wall
 (plaster board) construction. An exhaust vent, which
 includes a blower, supplements the internal blower
 of the computer. The entire building is air-condi-
 tioned.
 ACF
 No site requirements but it would be advantageous to
 have sound absorbing material on walls and/or ceiling
 of computer room.
 Convair
 No site requirements.
 GE
 No site preparation. 220 VAC power outlet installed.
 GR
 Direct power line for 2 computers. 7 Tons of air
 conditioning.
 MIAA
 No site preparation required for LGP 30 installations.
 Advised to have separate 110 ckt. for ideal operation.
 Raytheon
 No site preparation requirements. Suggested minimum
 100 sq ft of space.
 Servomechanisms
 Acoustic tile on portion of one wall; separately
 fused (breaker) for computer only.
 TO, Inc.
 Since this computer is desk size and requires no
 supplementary air conditioning, site preparation and/
 or modification is minimized. It is necessary to
 install the computer in an area where sufficient ven-
 tilation is provided to exhaust 5,000 BTU/hour dissi-
 pated by computer electrical components. In the case
 of this installation, excess heating of an inside
 room where the computer was in use made it necessary
 to install a forced air vent system in the wall.
 Acoustic tile was also used in the room to reduce the
 noise level associated with computer operation.
 WE
 Isolated 110 volt power circuit.
 Lehigh University
 No site preparation requirements.
 MSMM
 No site preparation requirements.
 Ohio U.
 Installed in a room converted from a machine shop-
 is now a class room.
 U of S.C.
 No special preparations.

PRODUCTION RECORD

Manufacturer
 Number produced to date 462
 Number in current operation 450
 Number in current production 20
 Number on order 38
 Anticipated production rates 10 per month
 Time required for delivery 1 month

COST, PRICE AND RENTAL RATES

Manufacturer
 Cost of basic system
 Computer and tape-typewriter commercial \$49,500
 government 49,300
 educational 29,700
 Cost for additional equipment
 High speed punch and photo-reader \$ 6,360
 Photoelectric reader alone 4,800
 Punched card control unit and X-Y plotter purchased by special arrangement.
 Rental for basic system
 \$1,100/month, commercial and government, \$880 educational.
 Rental rates for additional equipment
 Punch and reader \$265/mo
 X-Y plotter 300/mo
 Card input unit 100/mo
 Photo-reader 200/mo
 Maintenance included in rental; service contract available for purchasers.
 USASCS
 Cost of basic system is \$43,500 for the LGP and Flexowriter, and \$4,800 for the tape reader.
 Maintenance service contract cost \$1,750/annum, without parts.
 USA WAL
 \$1,500 per month for computer, photo-reader and extra tape typewriter.
 WSMR
 LGP 30 and Flexowriter rent for \$1,100 per month.
 Paper tape reader rents for \$200 per month. Additional Flexowriter rents for \$150 per month.
 GR
 Two LGP 30s rent for \$1,100 each, total \$2,200/month.
 Flexowriter \$150/mo
 Photo-reader 200/mo
 Punch 65/mo
 Total \$415/mo

Servomechanisms

LGP 30 with paper tape reader, punch, Friden Typewriter cost \$50,000.
 Tape reader, digital to analog converter, servo plotting board cost \$4,000.
 No contract at present; service labor rate is \$12.50 per hour.

TO, Inc.

LGP 30 Computer with typewriter rents for \$1,150/mo. High speed reader-punch and auxiliary typewriter rents for \$365/mo.
 "On-call" servicing from Washington, D. C. (\$50 service charge).

WE

\$70,000 total cost (includes special input and output).

Dartmouth

LGP 30 with attached Flexowriter, extra Flexowriter, and photoreader about \$37,000, school cost.
 About \$2,500 per year, plus parts, plus travel over fifty miles.

Lehigh U.

Cost of basic system
 Computer \$49,500
 Cost of additional equipment
 Photo-reader and punch 6,360
 Maintenance service contract is \$2,500/year.

MSMM

1 Royal McBee LGP 30 Computer \$29,700
 1 Royal McBee Model 342 High Speed Paper Tape Reader and Punch, 1 Off-line tape typewriter (Flexowriter); grant from Royal McBee Corp.
 None first year. All addition years will be \$4,500 per year including all parts and service for entire system.

PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer

Requirements among users will vary widely. Many existing LGP 30 installations are staffed by one programmer and one tape punch operator; others, by one person performing all functions; others, by one person for each function. No maintenance or other technical personnel are required by the user.

Manufacturer trains by programming schools for users (no cost), maintenance schools for users, if desired (\$600 per person), and local assistance by applications analysts (no cost).

USASCS

	One 8-Hour Shift
Programmers	5-25
Operators	1

Training is at no cost to the government. Any engr, math, or phy can be taught in 2 weeks. Maintenance course, 5 weeks at \$500/person.

MRL Watertown Arsenal

In general the machine runs about 42 hours a week. Six persons from three separate organizations (all located at Watertown Arsenal) use the machine and do their own programming, operating, and preparation of tapes. The operation of the computer is a part time job for all six persons, most of whom are mathematicians.

Operation tends toward open shop.

Twelve hour course given on site by Royal McBee personnel. Also programming school (two weeks course) is available through Royal McBee Corporation, free of charge.

USA WAL

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	2
Programmers	5

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Courses were given by Royal McBee Corporation.

Occasional two or three-shift operation is necessary, but not enough to warrant hiring extra people.

P-DL FA

The computer is programmed and operated by six individuals engaged in optical design activity with an estimated total time equivalent to that of one full time employee. The majority of programs covering optical ray trace methods and related activities have been provided by the Royal McBee Corporation.

The modifications required to adopt these programs for our particular needs have been completed. Minor modifications to these programs and new programs which are relatively short are developed by optical

personnel.

Any future modifications of a lengthy nature or extensive programs for automatic lens design would be performed by either the mathematics section or by contract. Total cost estimated for this activity would be equivalent to that of using one employee on a half time basis.

Operation tends toward closed shop.

Personnel attended a two week training course offered by Royal McBee's New York office.

TVA

The IGP 30 is used by a staff of approximately 25 engineers as needed. One of the staff engineers acts as supervisor or coordinator of machine activities. This supervision requires approximately 20% of his time.

The number of engineers using the IGP 30 is continually increasing.

Scheduling and time keeping is on an informal basis.

Operation tends toward open shop.

Approximately 40 people were trained by a Royal McBee instructor when the computer was installed. Approximately 20 people have been trained by in-service training and self study. Approximately 35 people were trained recently in a TVA sponsored after hours training class. Other classes will be held as the need arises.

AA

One programmer/operator is required normally, but two often are employed under high computer work load conditions. The computer is used on one standard 8-hour shift (40-hour week) and is in operation approximately 60% of the time.

Operation tends toward open shop.

No formal methods of training have been introduced as of this time. Lectures on programming and operation of the computer have been given to various company personnel and will be continued.

Convair

Complete open shop, no personnel uniquely assigned.

GE

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	1
Analysts	6
Programmers	6
Coders	5
Operators	1
Engineers	4
Technicians	1

Operation tends toward open shop.

On-the-job training used.

Raytheon

At the present time, there are eight (8) mathematicians and engineers from two (2) departments using this system, for which one person is responsible.

Servomechanisms

	Used	Recommended
Supervisors	.1	.1
Analysts	.1	.2
Programmers	.4	.7
Clerks	.1	.2
Operators	.5	.7

Operation tends toward open shop.

Company sponsored classes open to all advanced engineering employees, (usually 2 hours per day for one week, each year).

TO, Inc.

The simplicity of IGP 30 operation makes it feasible to train most analysts to use computational facilities, whenever a problem is encountered suitable for computer solution. For the most part the

analyst will program, code, and "debug" his own particular problem. In those cases where problems will involve more detailed programming or extensive coding and "debugging", programmer-coders are available to assume responsibility for the problem. This open shop operation is tailored to the requirements of this organization and has, thus far, proved to be quite efficient.

Operation tends toward open shop.

Two procedures have been used at this installation. These are 1. attendance at a two week IGP 30 programming course and 2. on-the-job training supervised by experienced personnel. Option 2 is generally used in those cases where analysts or programmers have prior computer experience.

Dartmouth

One machine supervisor is used. All our programming is done by students. About 10 of them keep the machine busy all week one full shift by putting in about 6 hours apiece.

Operation tends toward open shop.

Training is "sink or swim" with help given as needed. We give the students a simple problem, a machine manual, a few words of advice and let them work on their own. We do not give extensive lectures, but may give one or two hours when computing is part of regular course where the students do not have the time to learn by themselves.

Lehigh U.

	One 8-Hour Shift Used	Two 8-Hour Shifts Recomm	Used	Recomm
Supervisors	1	1		1
Analysts	1	2		1
Programmers	2	2		
Coders	1	2	1	1
Clerk-Librarian	1	2		1
Operators		1	1	1

Operation tends toward open shop.

Methods of training used includes Compiler (short informal course), Interpreter (short, formal course), Basic Language (intensive course with extensive, informal practice) and Operation (intensive course with extensive, informal practice). Plan to teach operation with special "Automated Program".

MSMM

1 supervisor 2/3 time - recommended 1 full time
1 combination programmer and operator - recommended 2
1 combination coder and clerk - recommended 2

Operation tends toward open shop.

Regular scheduled university courses in Numerical Analysis, Programming, and operation of the computer. Occasionally short courses in programming and operation are taught.

Ohio U.

A course (1 semester, 3 hour credit) is offered in the Mathematics Department.

Operation tends toward open shop.

U of S. C.

	One 8-Hour Shift
Supervisors	1
Analysts	1
Programmers	1

Operation tends toward open shop.

Individual instruction to students.

RELIABILITY, OPERATING EXPERIENCE, AND TIME AVAILABILITY

Manufacturer

Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.95
Figure based on user performance records.

MRL Watertown Arsenal

Good time 39 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 42 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.93
Above figures based on period from May 59 to May 60
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

USA WAL

Good time 21 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.875
Above figures based on period 27 Sep 59 to 12 Dec 59
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 5 May 59
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

WSMR

Good time 39.5 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.99
Above figures based on period from Jun 58 to Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Jun 58
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

P-DL FA

Good time 34.2 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 37.4 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.932
Above figures based on period from Nov 59 to Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Apr 59
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

USN Hydro

Good time 36 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.90
Above figures based on period 1 Apr 59 to 20 Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Apr 59
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

US NOTES

Good time 25 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 29 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.86
Above figures based on period 1 Dec 59 to 1 May 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Nov 59
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

This is a small computer but it is capable of hand-
ling a large number of general engineering and scien-
tific problems. It presently complements an IBM 709
located at the Naval Ordnance Test Station at China
Lake, Calif.

NASA

Good time 23.0; 36.0; 25.7 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 33.4; 38.9; 34.2 Hours/Week
Operating ratio 0.689; 0.925; 0.751
Above figures based on period from 1 Feb to 10 Apr
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

TVA

Good time 36 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.90
Above figures based on period from Dec 57 to May 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Dec 57
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

Down time varies considerably. There was one six
month period of no down time. Service men come from
out of town, so down time is largely travel time of
the service man.

AA

Good time 24 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 25 Hours/Week (Average)

Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.95
Above figures based on period from Oct 59 to Apr 60
Time is available for rent to outside organizations.
The LGP 30 has been a very reliable computer with
little or no down time except for periodic preven-
tive maintenance checks. The Flexowriter (standard
input-output unit) has given only those minor diffi-
culties usually encountered with typewriters.

ACF

Good time 24 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 30 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.80
Above figures based on period from Jul 59 to Jul 60
Time is available for rent to qualified outside
organizations.

Convair

Good time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 44 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.91
Above figures based on period 1 Jan 59 to 31 Dec 59
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1 May 58
Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

GE

Average error-free running period 34 Hours
Good time 34 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 35 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.97
Above figures based on period from Jan 60 to Aug 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Jan 60
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

GR

Average error-free running period 190 Hours
Good time 37.3 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 41.2 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.905
Above figures based on period 1 Jan 60 to 30 Mar 60
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

1st LGP 30 installed Aug 57 and replaced Mar 59.
2nd LGP 30 installed Mar 59

Raytheon

Good time 28 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 32 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.875
Above figures based on period from May 60 to Aug 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Aug 58
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

Since the operating costs of this machine are ex-
tremely inexpensive, since this system is open shop
not emphasizing programming skills, and since long
production runs are left running unattended all
night, we do not try to schedule work to obtain
100% utilization during regular working hours;
however, it is utilized at least 70% of this time
with as much all night productions as necessary.
It is not uncommon to have the machine running 24
continuous error-free hours.

Servomechanisms

Average error-free running period 6 - 7 Weeks
Good time 38 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.95
Above figures based on period Apr 59 to 26 Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test May 58
Time is available for rent to qualified outside or-
ganizations.

TO, Inc.

Average error-free running period 2 Months
Good time 34.3 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 35.0 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.98

Above figures based on period 25 Feb 59 to 25 Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 24 Feb 59
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

Excellent reliability since installation. Hours/week
running time is approaching full single shift opera-
tion as computational requirements continue to in-
crease.

WE

Average error-free running period 360 Hours
Good time 35 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.875

Above figures based on period from Dec 58 to Jul 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 18 Dec 57
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

Dartmouth

Good time One week (Average)
Operating ratio 0.90

Above figures based on period 1 Jun 59 to 12 Apr 60
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

We have about one breakdown every two weeks. We will
then remain down for about two days since the repair-
man must make it a days trip from Boston.

JHU

Average error-free running period 1 Week
Good time 35 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.875

Above figures based on period from Feb 60 to Sep 60
Time is not available for rent to outside organiza-
tions.

General performance of computer has been good.
Flexowriter input-output unit has been responsible
for most of the computer down time.

Lehigh U

Good time 36 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 37 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.97

Above figures based on period 1 Jun 59 to 31 May 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1 Dec 57
Time is available for rent to qualified outside or-
ganizations.

Ohio U

Good time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 40 Hours/Week (Average)
Operating ratio (Good/Attempted to run time) 0.95

Above figures based on period from 58 to 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test 1957
Time is available for rent to qualified outside or-
ganizations.
Open shop - we keep no records of who uses it, when,
or what for.

U of S.C.

Good time 60 Hours/Week (Average)
Attempted to run time 60 Hours/Week (Average)
Above figures based on period from Jun 59 to Apr 60
Passed Customer Acceptance Test Jun 59

Time is available for rent to outside organizations.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES AND REMARKS

Manufacturer

Outstanding features include low cost; compactness;
ease of programming; large users' organization with
well-stocked program library; alphanumeric input-
output including full format control; large memory;
no special installation requirements; nation-wide
maintenance and service network.

MRL Watertown Arsenal

Outstanding features include an internally stored
program; large memory; flexibility with input, out-
put; no special site preparation; relatively simple
programming. Several compilers are available for the
LGP 30, interpretive systems in floating point are
extremely useful, and almost all of our work is done
in floating point and there are a large number of
subroutines available.

WSMR

Outstanding features include high reliability and
simple programming.

USN Hydro

Outstanding features include compactness, low heat
dissipation, and reasonable rental.

TVA

Outstanding features include simplicity of program-
ming and operation and a practical manual input.
Good machine for informal, open shop operation. The
computer serves present needs very well. However,
service from out of town is inconvenient and waste-
ful of time.

AA

Compact, desk-sized, completely mobile. Speed equal
to many room-sized computers. Plugs into any regular
wall outlet (110V). Compared to computers in its
class, the LGP 30 has the largest capacity (4096
words) for data and program. Paper program tapes
and data tapes are labeled on the Flexowriter and
stored in circular containers which are likewise
labeled. These tape containers are stored in a
metal cabinet with other computer literature and pro-
gramming forms.

ACF

Outstanding features include ease of programming
and large memory for machine of this price.

GE

Outstanding features include ease of programming,
small size and sufficient speed.

Raytheon

Outstanding features include low cost computations,
simplicity in programming and operating, and may be
used as a desk calculator.

Servomechanisms

Outstanding features include ease of programming and
operating.

TO, Inc.

Outstanding features: This is a simple computer to
program and operate. 4,000 words of fast access
storage make this computer competitive with others
renting for substantially higher rates. Input is
easily accomplished using typewriter or tape input.
Specific storage locations can be interrogated.
Programming and "debugging" is simplified through
the use of a single operation option which allows
the coder to step through a program instruction by
instruction. System is limited to paper tape input-
output, 16 basic orders in fixed point operation,
1 logical order, one address, lack of MQ register
makes double precision computation difficult, rela-
tively slow, stops on accumulator overflow, and the
requirement for "spacer bit" complicates programming.

WE

Outstanding feature is its simplicity of programming.

Dartmouth

System is small and inexpensive, binary, homogeneous
memory, able to do logical operations on symbols
easily.

Ohio U

Outstanding feature is its ease of use.

U of S.C.

This LGP 30 is extremely reliable except for some
Flexowriter troubles.

FUTURE PLANS

Manufacturer

Production of basic system to continue with electronic improvements as developed.

MRL Watertown Arsenal

Present plans indicate renting a larger small scale computer to replace the LGP 30. The RPC 4000 is the latest machine developed by Royal Precision Corporation and has double the memory, double the number of instruction of the LGP 30, is fully transistorized and is much faster. Our computing needs demand the larger machine now.

USA WAI

It is possible that the present system will be replaced by the slightly larger and faster RPC 4000 at an undetermined future date, but nothing definite has gotten underway on this.

P-DL FA

Contract with University of Rochester to develop a program for automatic lens design.

US NOTS

It is proposed to install a Digital Equipment Corporation PDP-3 Computer in the Simulation and Computer Center at NOTS, Pasadena. This would be a medium size (16K) very high speed computer which will be used for real time, physical, and computed simulation problems, in conjunction with the existing analog facility of over 600 amplifiers.

Convair

The function of the LGP 30 is being absorbed by the IBM 704. The LGP 30 will be eliminated.

GE

It is anticipated that one additional LGP 30 will be put into service.

TO, Inc.

The increased computational requirements of this organization during the past year, specifically in support of war gaming activity is indicative of a trend which will continue. A concentrated effort is being made to relieve the war gamer of the computational burden associated with combat assessment and thus improve and accelerate war gaming activity. This gradual automation of war game control functions is currently taxing our computational facilities. It is apparent that in the near future these facilities must be expanded.

No specific system has been selected at this time, however, we are currently surveying the computer field in an effort to determine which is the system best tailored to our future needs.

Dartmouth

We plan to move in about a year to more suitable quarters. The Center will then consist of the machine room 20 by 30, an adjoining work 12 by 16, a store room 6 by 10. This room will be equipped efficiently for student and open shop operation. We have no plans at present for new equipment, though we would naturally want to keep approximately up to date as new developments are made.

MSMM

Plans for the immediate future include the purchase of an extra tape typewriter, card input-output equipment and high accuracy analog computer equipment. Future plans also include the purchase of another digital computer with considerable more speed and capacity than the present LGP 30 computer system. All of this equipment to be installed in the Campus Computer Center.

U of S.C.

It is anticipated that a photoreader for the LGP 30 will be added.

INSTALLATIONS

ADPS Committee, Officers' Department, USASCS
Fort Monmouth, New Jersey

Materials Research Laboratory
Watertown Arsenal
Watertown, Massachusetts

Watertown Arsenal Laboratories
Watertown 72, Massachusetts

Ordnance Mission
White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico

Pitman-Dunn Laboratories, Frankford Arsenal
Philadelphia 37, Pennsylvania

U. S. Navy Hydrographic Office
Washington 25, D. C.

U. S. Naval Ordnance Test Station, Pasadena
3202 E. Foothill Blvd.
Pasadena, California

NASA - Goddard Space Flight Center
c/o Anacostia Naval Station
Washington 25, D. C.

Tennessee Valley Authority, Flood Control Branch
712 Union Building
Knoxville, Tennessee

Aircraft Armaments, Inc.
Cockeysville, Maryland

ACF Electronics Division
11 Park Place
Paramus, New Jersey

Convair-Fort Worth
Division of General Dynamics Corp.
Fort Worth, Texas

General Electric-Missile and Space Vehicle Dept.
3198 Chestnut Street
Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania

The Griscom-Russell Company
Massillon, Ohio

Mutual Insurance Advisory Association
111 Fourth Avenue
New York 3, N. Y.

Raytheon Company
Missile Systems Division
Bedford, Massachusetts

Research Division, Servomechanisms, Inc.
Building 114, Santa Barbara Airport
Goleta, California

Technical Operations, Inc.
Fort Monroe, Virginia

Western Electric Company, Inc.
3500 Lexington Road, S. E.
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Dartmouth College, Computation Center
Hanover, New Hampshire

Johns Hopkins University
34th and Charles Streets
Baltimore 18, Maryland

Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy
Rolla, Missouri

Ohio University
Athens, Ohio

University of South Carolina
Columbia, South Carolina

LIBRASCOPE 407

Librascope 407

MANUFACTURER

General Precision, Inc.
Librascope Division

APPLICATIONS

General purpose, airborne, guidance and navigational computer.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary
Number binary digits/word	22
Number binary digits/instruction	44
Number instructions per word	1
Arithmetic system	Fixed point
Instruction type	Four address
Instruction word format	

Current Instruction				
α_s	α_t	β_s	β_t	Oper

Next Instruction				
γ_s	γ_t	δ_s	δ_t	Oper

Operands are α , β , and γ

Next instruction is δ

System includes 2 accumulators, 1 multiplicand, 1 multiplier register, and 2 instruction registers.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Exclud. Stor. Access
	Microsec
Add	100
Mult	2000
Div	4000
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)	
Transistors	500
Resistor-Diodes	5000
Arithmetic mode	Serial
Timing	Synchronous
Operation	Sequential

STORAGE

	No. of	No. of Binary
Medium	Words	Digits
Drum	3000	66,000

INPUT

Media
Pulse
Analog-Digital
Key Punch

OUTPUT

Medium
Digital-Analog

POWER, SPACE, WEIGHT, AND SITE PREPARATION

Power, computer	0.25 Kw
Volume, computer	0.9 cu ft
Weight, computer	56 lbs

INSTALLATIONS

General Precision, Inc.
Librascope Division
808 Western Avenue
Glendale, California

Photo by Librascope Division, General Precision Corporation

LIBRASCOPE AIR TRAFFIC

Librascope Air Traffic Control Central Data
Processor (ATC)

MANUFACTURER

Librascope Division
General Precision, Incorporated

APPLICATIONS

System meets general purpose data processing requirements where high speed, large capacity random inquiry files are required and large numbers of different types of input-output systems are connected. Specifically, it is designed for on-line, real time use in the control of air traffic. Some functions are those of flight plan breakdown, conflict prediction, conflict resolution, flow prediction, flight strip preparation and updating, flight plan updating, etc.

PROGRAMMING AND NUMERICAL SYSTEM

Internal number system	Binary coded decimal
Binary coded decimal digits/word	8
Binary coded decimal digits/ instruction	8
Instructions per word	1 (includes field specification)
Instructions decoded	31
Arithmetic system	Fixed point (Magni- tude plus sign)
Instruction type	One address

Maddocks Photo for Librascope Division, GP, Inc.

Instruction word format

-	C	X	Y	M	M	M	M
Not used	Command	Field Specif	Operand Address				

Automatic built-in subroutines include an error mode, entered by detection of an error. It interrupts program, stores instruction address, and R register contents.

ARITHMETIC UNIT

	Incl. Stor. Access Microsec	Exclud. Stor. Access Microsec
Add	32	22 Max.
Mult	366	356 Av.
Div	380	370 Av.
Construction (Arithmetic unit only)		
Transistors	3,000	
Arithmetic mode	Serio-parallel	
Timing	Synchronous	
Operation	Serial by alphanumeric character	
	Parallel by bit	

Maddocks Photo for Librascope Division, GP, Inc.

STORAGE

Media	No. of Words	No. of Digits	Access Microsec
Core Memory	4,000	32,000	10
Magnetic drum	256,000	2,032,000	16,000
Magnetic tape	Multiple FR 300 units		
No. of units that can be connected	32 Units		
No. of characters/linear inch	200 Chars/inch		
Channels or tracks on the tape	7 Tracks/tape		
Blank tape separating each record	1/2 Inch		
Tape speed	75-150 Inches/sec		
Transfer rate	30,000 Chars/sec		
Start time	3 Millisec		
Stop time	3 Millisec		
Physical properties of tape			
Width	1/2 Inches		
Length of reel	2,400 Feet		
Composition	Oxide on paper or plastic		

INPUT

Media	Speed	No. of Multi-plexed Channels
Flexowriter	10 char/sec	
Photo Reader	330 char/sec	
Teletype via buffer	10 char/sec	12
Keyboard via display console	15,000-20,000 ch/s	30
Data Link	50 char/sec	4
Analog-Digital Conv from Radar	50 char/sec	2
Inter Computer via Buffer	200,000 ch/s	1