N-P-N DIFFUSED JUNCTION SILICON TRANSISTORS



40 watts at 25°C with infinite heat sink

Stud mounted for maximum thermal efficiency - 65°C to + 200°C operating and storage range 80 and 120 volt breakdown voltage



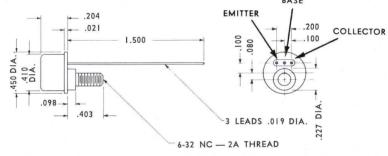
qualification testing

Each unit is heat cycled from - 65°C to + 175°C for ten cycles, and then humidity cycled at temperature from -65°C to $+75^{\circ}\text{C}$ in air at 95% relative humidity for four cycles. The hermetic seal is tested by subjecting immersed units to hydraulic pressure. Each unit is thoroughly tested to determine the electrical design characteristics. Production samples are life tested periodically to determine the effects of storage and dissipation and ensure maximum attainable reliability.

mechanical data

The transistor is contained in a stud mounted welded package with glass-to-metal hermetic seal between case and leads. Approximate weight is 2.0 grams.

THE COLLECTOR IS IN ELECTRICAL CONTACT WITH THE CASE



DIMENSIONS ARE MAXIMUM IN INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

maximum ratings

Collector Voltage referred to base or emitter at 25°C (Breakdown voltages are indicated below)

*Derate 228 mW/°C increase in case temperature within range of 25°C to 200°C

maximum and minimum design characteristics at $T_{\rm c}=25{\rm ^{o}C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		2N1047		2N1048		2N1049		2N1050		
			min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	unit
BV _{CEx} Breakdown Voltage	$I_{C}=250~\mu A$	$V_{BE} = -1.5 V$	80		120		80	omice Article	120	3	٧
BV _{EBO} Breakdown Voltage	$I_E=250~\mu A$	$I_c = 0$	10		10		10		10		٧
ICBO Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CB} = 30V$	$I_E = 0$		15		15		15		15	μΑ
hre Current Transfer Ratiot	$V_{CE} = 10V$	$I_{\text{c}} = 200 \text{mA}$	12	36	12	36	30	90	30	90	
h _{ie} Input Impedancet	$V_{CE} = 10V$	$I_B=8mA$		500		500		500		500	ohm
Rcs Saturation Resistancet	Ic = 200 mA	$I_{B}=40\text{mA}$		15		15		15		15	ohm
V _{BE} Base Voltage †	$V_{CE} = 15V$	$I_{\text{c}} = 500 \text{mA}$		10		10		10		10	٧

[†] Semiautomatic testing is facilitated by using pulse techniques to measure these parameters. A 300-microsecond pulse (approximately 2% duty cycle) is utilized. Thus, the unit can be tested under maximum current conditions without a significant increase in junction temperature, even though no heat sink is used. The parameter values obtained in this manner are particularly pertinent for switching circuit design and, in general, indicate the true capabilities of the device.