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		DEVICE SPECIFICATION F <b>TFT-LCD modu</b> MODEL No. LK315T3LA	le
CUSTOMER'S DATE BY	S APPRC	DVAL PRESENTED BY T. SUZUKI GENERAL MANAGER MODULE DEVELOPMEN AVC LIQUID CRYSTA SHARP CORPORA	L DISPLAY GROUP

# RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No. : LK315T3LA57

SPEC No. : LD-K21306

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			1		

#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 31.5" Wide XGA TFT-LCD module LK315T3LA57.

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#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×RGB×768 dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit .In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

By using the captioned process, the image signals of this LCD module are being set so that image response can be completed within one frame, as a result, image blur can be improved and clear image performance can be realized.

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	
Display size	80.039 (Diagonal)	cm	
Display Size	31.5 (Diagonal)	inch	
Active area	697.69 (H) × 392.26 (V)	mm	
Pixel Format	1366 (H) × 768 (V)	pixel	
Tixer Politiat	(1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixer	
Pixel pitch	0.51075(H) × 0.51075 (V)	mm	
Pixel configuration	R,G, B vertical stripe		
Display mode	Normally black		
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	$760.0(W) \times 450.0(H) \times 50.0max(D)$	mm	
Mass	5.0	kg	
Surface treatment	Low-Haze Anti Glare		
	Hard coating: 2H		

#### 3. Mechanical Specifications

(\*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1

## 4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-X30SSL-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Matching connector : FI-X30H/FI-X30HL, FI-X30C/FI-X30C2L

or FI-X30M (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Matching LVDS transmitter : THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	Default: Pull up (H:3.3V) [Note 2]
10	Reserved	Not Available	
11	GND	Ground	
12	RIN0-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
13	RIN0+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
14	GND	Ground	
15	RIN1-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
16	RIN1+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
17	GND	Ground	
18	RIN2-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
19	RIN2+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
20	GND	Ground	
21	CLKIN-	Clock Signal(-)	LVDS
22	CLKIN+	Clock Signal(+)	LVDS
23	GND	Ground	
24	RIN3-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
25	RIN3+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
26	GND	Ground	
27	Reserved	Not Available	
28	Reserved	Not Available	
29	GND	Ground	
30	GND	Ground	

[Note] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

Trans	mitter	SELLVDS				
Pin No	Data	= L(GND)	= H(3.3V) or Open			
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2			
52	TA1	R1	R3			
54	TA2	R2	R4			
55	TA3	R3	R5			
56	TA4	R4	R6			
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)			
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2			
6	TB0	G1	G3			
7	TB1	G2	G4			
11	TB2	G3	G5			
12	TB3	G4	G6			
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)			
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2			
19	TB6	B1	B3			
20	TC0	B2	B4			
22	TC1	B3	B5			
23	TC2	B4	B6			
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)			
27	TC4	NA	NA			
28	TC5	NA	NA			
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)			
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)			
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1			
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)			
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1			
16	TD4	B6	B0(LSB)			
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1			
25	TD6	NA	NA			

### [Note1] SELLVDS

NA: Not Available

(\*) Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High."

[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



## • Interface block diagram

#### Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device



### Block Diagram (LCD Module)



#### SELLVDS= High (3.3V) or Open





DE: Display Enable NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

## 4-2. Backlight driving

#### CN101 (Inverter control)

## Using connector: S14B-PHA-SM-TB(JST)

Matching connector: PHAR-14	(JST)
-----------------------------	-------

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	V <sub>INV</sub>	+24V			
2	V <sub>INV</sub>	+24V			
3	V <sub>INV</sub>	+24V			
4	V <sub>INV</sub>	+24V			
5	V <sub>INV</sub>	+24V			
6	GND	Ground			
7	GND	Ground			
8	GND	Ground			
9	GND	Ground			
10	GND	Ground			
11	Reserved	-	Non connect (OPEN)	-	
12	Von	Inverter ON/OFF	Inverter OFF	42 kΩ	[Note 1]
13	V <sub>BRT</sub>	Brightness Control	3.3V : pull up Duty 100%	135 kΩ	[Note 3]
14	Vdim_sel	PWM selection	3.3V : pull up Selected Analog PWM	80 kΩ	[Note 2]

#### [Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

ſ	Input voltage	Function
Ī	3.3V	Inverter: ON
ſ	0V	Inverter: OFF (Default)

#### [Note 2] PWM selection

Pin No.14 is used for the selection of dimming control for  $V_{BRT}$  pin (Pin No.13).

Input voltage	V <sub>BRT</sub>
0V	Pulse PWM
3.3V	Analog PWM

#### [Note 3] Brightness Control (Pulse PWM Dimming)

## 1. Pulse PWM Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the control of the PWM duty with input pulse from 100Hz to 200Hz.



High : 2.3~3.3V / Low : 0~1.0V

Ta=25°C

		MIN	TYP	MAX	Remark
Pulse signal	[Hz]	100	120	200	
DUTY (T <sub>ON</sub> /T)	[%]	25	<->	100	
Dimming level	[%]	10	<->	100	Pulse signal=120Hz
(Brightness ratio)					-

[Note] Dimming level is reference value.

 $T_{a=25^{\circ}C}$ 

## 2. Analog PWM Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the dimming control with input voltage from 0 to 3.15V

```
(when Analog PWM is selected with Pin 14.)
```

(which Analog I whi is select	1a-25 C				
	MIN	TYP	<->	MAX	Function
Input voltage [V]	0	<->	3.15	3.30	0V: Dark - 3.15V: Bright
Brightness ratio [%]	10	<->	100	100	0v. Dark - 3.15v. Bright

[Note] PWM frequency : 165±10Hz

## 4-3. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 10 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
		-	60000	-		Duty= 100% [Note]
Life time	TL	25000	-	-	Hour	10% of total operation time: 10% dimming 90% of total operation time: more than 20% dimming [Note]

[Note] • Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25°C and brightness control ( $V_{BRT}$ =3.3V).

• Above value is applicable when the long side of LCD module is placed horizontally. (Landscape position). (Lamp lifetime may vary if LCD module is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

## 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	VI	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply voltage (for Control)	V <sub>CC</sub>	Ta=25°C	0~+15	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	$egin{array}{c} V_{ m BRT} \ V_{ m ON} \end{array}$	Ta=25°C	0~+6	V	
+24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	$\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{INV}}$	Ta=25°C	0~+29	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Тора	-	0~+50	°C	[Note 2]

[Note 1] SELLVDS

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta  $\leq$  40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less.(Ta > 40°C), No condensation.

#### **6. Electrical Characteristics**

1. Control circu	uit driv	ving						Ta=25°C		
Pa	ramet	er	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Uniit	Remark		
	Sup	oply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	V	[Note 1]		
+12V supply			I <sub>CC</sub>	-	300	600	mA	[Note 2]		
voltage	ge Current dissipation				I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	1500	2700	mA	[Note 5]
				-	0.5	-	ms	[Note 5]		
Permissible i	Permissible input ripple voltage			-	-	100	mVP-P	Vcc = +12.0V		
Differential i	input High		V <sub>TH</sub>	-	-	100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$		
threshold vol	ltage	Low	V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	-	-	mV	[Note 4]		
Input I	Low v	oltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.7	V	[Note 3]		
Input I	High v	oltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.6	-	3.3	V			
Input lool	z ourre	ont (Low)	$I_{IL}$			400	۸	$V_I = 0V$		
input lear	Input leak current (Low)			-	-	400	μA	[Note 3]		
Input leak	Input leak current (High)					100	۸	$V_{I} = 3.3V$		
input leak	cuile	in (11gll)	$I_{IH}$	-	-	100	μA	[Note 3]		
Termi	inal re	sistor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input		

[Note] VCM: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

#### [Note 1]

Input voltage sequences

 $0 < t1 \le 20 ms$ 

 $0 \le t2-1 \le 50 ms$ 

 $t2-2 \ge 10$  ms

- $0 < t3 \le 1s$ 
  - $t4 \ge 1s$

 $t5 \ge 200 ms$ 

Dip conditions for supply voltage a)  $9.1V \le V_{CC} < 10.8V$  $td \leq 10ms$ b)  $V_{CC} < 9.1 V$ Dip conditions for supply voltage is

based on input voltage sequence.



**※** Data1: CLKIN±,RIN0±,RIN1±, RIN2±, RIN3±

- ✗ Data2: SELLVDS
- \* About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence.

When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2]Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern ( $V_{CC} = +12.0V$ ) The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



 $V_{CC} = +12.0V$ CK = 82.0MHz Th = 20.68µs

[Note 3] SELLVDS

[Note 4] CLKIN+/CLKIN-, RIN0+/RIN0-, RIN1+/RIN1-, RIN2+/RIN2-, RIN3+/RIN3-[Note 5] The Rush current corrugation at the time of power on



4ms/div

#### 6-2. Inverter driving for back light

The back light system is direct type with 10 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

Ta=25°C

THE	back light system is dire	ct type with	10 CCF 15 (	Cold Calloue	riuorescent	Tube).	1a-25 C
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	Current dissipation 1	IINV 1	-	4.5	5.0	Α	Von = 3.3V
+24V	Current dissipation 2	IINV 2		3.4	3.74	Α	$V_{INV} = 24V$ $V_{BRT} = 3.15V$
	Supply voltage	VINV	22.5	24.0	25.5	V	[Note 1,2]
Per	Permissible input ripple voltage		-	-	800	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	$V_{\rm INV} = 24V$
I	nput voltage (Low)	V <sub>onl</sub>	0	-	1.0	V	Von
Iı	nput voltage (High)	VONH	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Impedance = $42 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ min}$
Brig	htness control voltage		0	$\rightarrow$	3.15	V	
Brig	Brightness control voltage vs		0	$\rightarrow$	3.15	V	$V_{BRT}$ Impedance = 135 k $\Omega$ min
	Vs Brightness level (Reference value)		10	$\rightarrow$	100	%	

[Note 1] 1) VINV-turn-on condition



2) VINV-turn-off condition



[Note 2] Current dissipation 1 : Definition within 60 minutes after turn on. (Rush current is excluded.) Current dissipation 2 : Definition more than 60minutes after turn on.

[Note 3] The inverter unit is driving at the following drive frequency.

Lamp driving frequency : 41kHz

Burst dimmer frequency : 165Hz

There is possibility that the display problem of the backlights such as flicker, blinking, etc by the interference of the above inverter driving frequency and the LCD driving frequency will occur.

In setting of a LCD driving frequency, we recommend to set for the no interference with the above frequency to occur.

### 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

## 7-1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.		yp.	Max.	Unit
				NTSC	PAL		
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	72	82	82	85	MHz
	Horizontal period	TH	1540	1696	1696	1940	clock
	monzontar period	111	19.84	20.68	20.68	-	μs
Data enable signal	Horizontal period (High)	THd	1366	1366	1366	1366	clock
C	Vertical period	TV	778	806	967	972	line
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	768	line

[Note] When vertical period is very long, flicker may occur.

Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.



Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

7-2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



Display Position of Data (V,H)

	iput Sigi													sign												
	Colors &	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	В0	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5	B6	B7
	Gray scale	Scale																								
	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
or	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cold	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ъ.	企	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f Re(	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ule o	仓	$\checkmark$				、	Ł								r							``	r			
Gray Scale of Red	Û	$\checkmark$				、	Ł								r							``	r			
Gray	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
en	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gre	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e of	仓	$\checkmark$				`	Ł								r							`	r			
Scal	Û	$\checkmark$				``	Ł								r							``	r			
Gray Scale of Green	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\cup$	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fBlı	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ule o	仓	$\checkmark$				`	Ł								r							`	r			
' Sca	Û	$\checkmark$				``	Ł								L							`	r			
Gray Scale of Blue	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## 8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16,777,216 colors display can be achieved on the screen.

#### 9. Optical characteristics

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , Vcc = +12V,  $V_{INV} = +24V$ 

					1a - 25	C, VCC -	·12ν,	$\mathbf{v}$ INV - +24 $\mathbf{v}$	
Parar	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing angle	/iewing angle range Vertical		CP > 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Notal 4]	
range			CR ≥ 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]	
Contra	st ratio	CRn		2000	2500	-	-	[Note2,4] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V	
Respon	Response time			-	7	-	ms	[Note3,4,5] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V	
Charactic	·····	X		0.248	0.278	0.308	-		
Chromatici	ty of white	у	0 0 1	0.255	0.285	0.315	-		
Chromoti	sites of rod	X	$\theta = 0 \text{ deg.}$	0.612	0.642	0.672	-		
Chronian	city of red	у		0.314	0.344	0.374	-	[Note 4]	
Chromotici	ty of green	Х		0.250	0.280	0.310	-	$V_{BRT}=3.15V$	
Chromatici	ity of green	у		0.576	0.606	0.636	-		
Chromatic	Chromaticity of blue			0.113	0.143	0.173	-		
Chromaticity of blue		у		0.045	0.075	0.105	-		
Luminanc	Luminance of white			400	500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	[Note 4] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V	
Luminance	uniformity	$\delta_{W}$		-	-	1.25	-	[Note 6]	

Measurement condition : Set the value of  $V_{\text{BRT}}$  to maximum luminance of white.

\*The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.



Fig.3-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and response time.

(Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST Response time: Photo Diode) Fig.3-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, and Chromaticity. [Note 1] Definitions of viewing angle range :



[Note 2] Definition of contrast ratio :

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Contrast Ratio=

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note 3] Definition of response time

The response time ( $\tau_{DRV}$ ) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)" and "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)".

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%	

t\*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)  $\tau_{DRV} = \Sigma(t^*:x-y)/20$ 

[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value .

[Note 6] Definition of white uniformity ;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A $\sim$ E)

 $\delta_{\rm W} = - \frac{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}{\delta_{\rm W}}$ 

Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)



#### 10. Handling Precautions of the module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage.
- Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.
- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for "ON" and "OFF", as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching,  $\Delta VINV$ , may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.



Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) Please consider to minimize the influence of EMI and the exogenous noise before designing the grounding of LCD module.
- k) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- 1) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- m) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Connect a module frame to GND.

## 11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: (2 packages / 1 palette) × 2 maximum
- b) Packing quantity in one carton: 13 pcs.
- c) Carton size:  $1130(W) \times 870(D) \times 1158(H)$
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 156.1 kg(Max)

#### 12. Reliability test item

075mm						
)75mm						
)75mm						
)75mm						
)75mm						
)75mm						
075mm						
period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)						
Maximum acceleration: 490m/s <sup>2</sup>						
Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave						
incorrect						
κV						
±20kV						
$\pm 15 kV$						
k						

[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.



Figure of Shock test's jig Module fixed position (M4 Bolt  $\times$  12)

## 13. Others

1) Lot No. Label;

The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK315T3LA57), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.





- ② Lot No. (Date)
- ③ Quantity
- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
- If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- 7) Label of material information

The optical part material has been described to the module as shown in the figure below.

8) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. The below figure shows the label.



- 9) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.
- 10) Rust on the module is not taken up a problem.
- 11) Source/Control-PWB(SC-PWB) must be on upper side of LCD module when it is in the TV-set.
  - \*: Please inform SHARP if SC-PWB is at bottom side of LCD module when it is in the TV-set
- 12) This module is corresponded to RoHS.
- 13) This LCD is appropriate to UL. Below figure shows the UL label.



14) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

# 14. Carton storage condition

Temperature	0°C to 40°C
Humidity	95%RH or less
Reference conditio	n : 20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer)
	: 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter)
	• the total storage time (40°C,95%RH) : 240H or less
Sunlight	Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.
Atmosphere	Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or
	wires must not be detected.
Notes	Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with
	removing from wall
	Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control
	changing temperature is within limits of natural environment
Storage life	1 year





Fig.1 LK315T3LA57 Outline Dimensions